PIERCE COUNTY INDUSTRY CLUSTER AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT OPPORTUNITIES

The following is an analysis of the County's Industry Clusters and some examples on how to build Knowledge Based industries and further develop intraregional trade.

Pierce County has a Growing and Diverse Industry Base

There are five Industry Clusters in the County that each employ more than 200 workers in Pierce County. These are: Food Processing, Printing Products, Plastic and Rubber Products, Metal Products, and Machinery, Equipment, and Electronic Products. These clusters together employ more than 1,600 people. Other Industrial Sectors are also important and together employ 350 workers. These include Textile and Leather Products; Wood and Furniture Products; Chemicals and Petroleum Products; Stone, Clay, and Glass Products; Transportation Equipment; Instruments and Related Products; and Miscellaneous Products. These "smaller industries", in terms of employment numbers, offer a wide range of products to the marketplace, ranging from dolls to overhead doors, and scientific instruments to sport fishing tackle. Table 8.01 illustrates the diversity of the County's manufacturing economy.

These industrial employment opportunities are well spread throughout the County. The largest city, River Falls, is home to the University of Wisconsin-River Falls, but also hosts a robust industrial economy with companies involved in metal products; machinery, equipment, and electronics; scientific instruments; food processing; printing products; chemicals; plastic and rubber products; stone, clay, and glass products; and miscellaneous manufacturing, Table 8.01.

The second most comprehensive industrial employment center is Prescott. The sectors in Prescott offer a wellrounded sample of economic activity that includes, machinery, equipment, and electronic products; wood and furniture products; printing products; plastic and rubber products; metal products; transportation equipment; instruments; and miscellaneous manufacturing, Table 8.01.

The unincorporated community of Hager City in Town of Trenton, as well as the Villages of Ellsworth, Spring Valley, and Elmwood all have local industries in metal fabrication, food processing, rock and stone products, foam technology products, and rebuilt auto engines, Table 8.01.

In 1998 the number of Pierce County residents employed in manufacturing was lower than the Region and the State which had 15% and 19% of employment in manufacturing respectively. Between 1990 and 1998 manufacturing employment of Pierce County residents increased 21%, while overall the Region and State manufacturing employment increased by 16% and 11% respectively.

Strong industrial sectors in Pierce County include Metal Products, strengthened by the location in Hagar City, of a company which fabricates large steel supporting towers for electric power transmission utilities. The Machinery, Equipment, and Electronics Products sector is distinguished by nine separate firms employing almost 500 people. The manufacturing of printed circuit boards, dental instruments, measuring instruments, and disposable veterinary supplies emphasizes the presence of technology in Pierce County manufacturing industries. Many of these firms are small businesses and the "hands on" operation by the owners enable them to make changes in their manufacturing process, or even their entire product line, as technology and the economy change.

Machinery equipment and electronic products, metal products, plastic and rubber products, printing, and food processing are the leading industry clusters in the County, Table 8.01. These and the other industries in the County played a significant role in the 8% increase in population and the 17% increase in housing units during the 1990-2000 period, Tables 8.03 and 8.04. This growth in turn contributed to the 119% increase in real estate values in the County during the same period, Table 8.05. Additional benefits of industry are its positive impact

on traveler and tourism expenditures in the County which grew by 28% during the 1994 to 1999 period. Not all visitors to the County are tourists, some are visiting on business but their expenditures in the County benefit just the same. In 1999 visitor expenditures in the County totaled \$23,511,388, Table 8.07. The strong growth in manufacturing jobs also contributed to an enviable unemployment rate in 2000 of 3% which was below both the State and Nation, Table 8.08.

<u>There are Opportunities to Build the County's Industry Base Through Actions That More Fully Integrate</u> <u>the County's Industries With the Knowledge Based Industry Clusters That Drive the State's economy and</u> <u>Through Actions That Facilitate Increased Intraregional Trade</u>

Growth in manufacturing or in "basic industries" is often a major factor in determining whether a region's economy prospers or declines. To further bolster and create greater opportunities for growth in our region's industries there are actions that can be taken to more fully integrate our industry clusters with the Knowledge Based Industry Clusters that drive the State's economy.

The following table identifies the County's industry clusters in relation to the Knowledge Based Industry Clusters driving the State's economy. An explanation of these industry clusters and recommendations on how to further build these Knowledge Based Clusters are provided on Pages 1-2 through 1-10. Maps 1-13 beginning on Page 11-1 illustrate the concentration of these clusters within the County.

| Pierce County's Industry Clusters | Wisconsin's Knowledge-Based Industry Clusters Driving The State's Economy |
|---|---|
| Food Processing – SIC Codes 2000-2199 | Agricultural/Business/Food Processing Cluster |
| Textile, Apparel & Leather Products – SIC Codes 2200-2300 & 3100- 3199 | Manufacturing/Materials Cluster |
| Printing Products – SIC Codes 2600-2799 | Printing Cluster |
| Chemicals & Petroleum Products – SIC Codes 2800-2999 | Manufacturing/Materials Cluster and Biotechnology/Bioinformatics Cluster |
| Plastic and Rubber Products – SIC Codes 3000-3099 | Manufacturing/Materials Cluster |
| Stone, Clay, & Glass Products – SIC Codes 3200-3299 | Manufacturing/Materials Cluster |
| Metal Products – SIC Codes 3300-3499 | Manufacturing/Materials Cluster |
| Machinery, Equipment and Electronic Products – SIC Codes 3500-3699 | Machinery Manufacturing/ Automation Cluster |
| Transportation Equipment – SIC Codes3700-3799 | Manufacturing/Materials Cluster |
| Instruments & Related Products – SIC Codes 3800-3899 | Machinery Manufacturing/ Automation Cluster and Medical Devices/Medical Informatics Cluster |
| Miscellaneous Manufacturing – SIC Codes 3900-3999 | Manufacturing/Materials Cluster |

<u>A Survey Mailed to Approximately 600 Industries in the Region Identifies Other Opportunities to Help</u> <u>Build the County's Industry Clusters</u>

The survey was centered around the concept of promoting regional import substitution strategies. These strategies involved promoting the concept that industries should buy raw materials or components needed for production within the Region as opposed to from outside the Region if practical. The survey's primary emphasis was therefore on identifying the products produced by the Region's industries and the raw materials or components needed to produce their products. The survey also centered in on seven other information areas that could also lead to additional intraregional trade and industry cluster growth. These were: (1) Labor force development plans, 2) Identifying raw materials or components that are difficult to procure in order to manufacture their product, 3) Interest in contract manufacturing with another business or entrepreneur, 4) Interest in using an intermodal freight transfer facility (*rail to truck*), 5) Interest in venture capital financing, 6) Interest in revolving loan fund financing, and 7) Interest in the development an industry matchmaker procurement website. The survey allowed each industry to respond by circling a number from one to five with "one" meaning, no I am definitely not interested, and "five" meaning, yes I am definitely interested. Industries responding to any questions with a three, four, or five on a given question are listed in Table 8.02. Some economic development concepts and

opportunities based on the results of this survey and other economic development attributes of the County are outlined below.

- Six manufacturers in the County (a scientific instrument manufacturer, a movable interior wall fabricator, sign makers, and print shops); indicated an interest in contract manufacturing. Existing businesses or entrepreneurs should be made aware of this manufacturing resource and in turn increase the production capacity of these industries.
- In 1989 a pulp mill feasibility study was prepared by a steering committee appointed by the Governor. This . study identified areas in the State where a pulp mill would be most suitable based on both environmental and economic factors. Six of the 21 sites are in the nine county Mississippi River Region. The increased utilization of abundant smaller trees and of species not as suitable for saw log production would provide a better economic market for a currently underutilized resource. This would provide an immediate economic incentive for woodland owners to conduct "timber stand improvement" thinning on their properties. This would result in better quality and faster growth of saw timber and veneer grade logs, thus, over time, helping to relieve the reported shortage of larger, better quality, logs. A possible downside of this pulpwood market development could occur if a higher demand increases market prices to the point where some landowners, shortsightedly, begin to cut into their young growing stock saw log reserve and harvest it as pulp wood. The Southwest Badger RC&D is presently studying the concept of establishing a round wood chip mill that would shred logs into chips near or on the Mississippi River and transfer them to a barge for transport to either a U.S. pulp mill or a foreign mill. A chip mill in Hixton, Wisconsin is presently shipping their chips by rail on the Wisconsin Central Railroad to Wisconsin pulp mills in the east. Another chip mill in Independence is manufacturing excelsior involving processing wood products into packaging material.
- Seventy-six manufacturers in the Mississippi River Region indicated in their survey response an interest in a Matchmaker Procurement Website. Approximately 10 industries in the County indicated interest in a matchmaker product procurement website. Industry cluster procurement websites should be investigated to assist in multi-company cost sharing and obtaining raw material quantity discounts.
- There are over 100 firms in the Mississippi River Region engaged in some form of metalworking, metal fabrication, or the manufacture of machinery and equipment. The regional survey identified at least 15 of these firms are in Pierce County. They all use some form of steel, aluminum, or other type of metal as a raw material to produce their product. Joint purchasing and shipping arrangements should be investigated that could result in a quantity discount in procuring these products. Two factors that should be investigated are: Are the raw materials needed too specialized to do this, and if so, can further processing of the raw material be done here?
- Over 80 manufacturers in the Mississippi River Region listed in a survey reported Labor Force Development as a need. Seven of these firms are in Pierce County. They manufacture steel poles, wood foundations, measuring instruments, textile goods, and provide printing services. The County's location adjacent to a major metropolitan area, and home to U.W. River Falls and a Chippewa Valley Technical College branch, presents the opportunity to find many well-trained and educated employees. Employees who live within Pierce County and who have been employed in the many opportunities found in the Minneapolis-St. Paul Metropolitan area may be seeking opportunities for employment within the County and will provide a well-trained resource for local employers. The proximity to the University of Minnesota in the nearby Twin Cities provides research opportunities, and the intellectual atmosphere and facilities of UW-River Falls, and its concentration on applied agricultural studies, and the veterinary medicine preparatory program provide a research and technology base for Pierce County industries, especially in the computer, agri-business, and biological sciences. The universities and technical colleges and others involved in workforce development should investigate providing training tailored to a specific industry cluster.

- The County has a very high concentration of companies in the plastic industry with six companies identified and located in four different communities in the County. This may be an industry cluster the County may want to target with economic development initiatives. Forward Wisconsin has launched a website for the plastics industry due to its strong economic development potential. Visit <u>http://plasticswi.com</u>.
- Since the Medical Devices/Medical Informatics cluster is one of Wisconsin's knowledge-based industry clusters driving the State's economy and Pierce County is close to the large health care providers and medical device and service companies in the Twin Cities, this industry cluster should be further investigated for economic development purposes.
- Development of the Trenton industrial park site as a state of the art supply chain management "Smart Park" should be investigated. This site's close proximity to rail, highway, air and water transportation modes coupled with future infrastructure investments including the latest in telecommunications would provide an attractive setting for high technology companies. Successful "smart parks" in small towns like Paducah, Kentucky; Aberdeen, South Dakota; and Butte, Montana should be investigated as potential models.
- In the interest of promoting intraregional trade and industry cluster growth, are there any businesses or individuals in the Region that have a need for the following products produced by industries in Pierce County or can provide the following raw materials or components to them? This list of products, raw materials and components is based off returns from the Region wide industry survey. This is therefore not a complete list of all the products, raw materials and components needed in the County. The slash "/" used in these lists identify where one industrys' product or raw material need begins and ends. Business or individuals interested in investigating these intraregional trade and business development opportunities are encouraged to contact the Mississippi River Regional Planning Commission office, Telephone 608-785-9396, Email plan@mrrpc.com.

<u>Pierce County Industry Products List</u>: decals, magnetic signs, banners, various signs/ custom signs, banners, vehicle graphics, paper signs, display signs/ thin film, electrical conductance monitors, process control instrumentation/ drapes, bedspreads, pillows, table clothes, bed skirts/ custom processed and butchered meats, jerky, sausage, smoked meat products, processed hogs and beef/ drapery, bedspreads, health care privacy curtains, drapery hardware, blinds, shades/ vehicle signs and pin striping/ custom fishing rods, artificial baits, boat storage, and bass fishing guide service/ sliding room dividers/ laser marking job shop/ newspaper and other commercial printing/ metal power line poles, cellular towers, wind generator towers, high mast lighting structures, distribution poles, transmission poles/ contract embroidery/ printing: business forms, letterheads, envelopes, business cards, brochures, flyers, tickets, posters, social invitations, napkins/ sized silica sand – franc sand/ panelized permanent wood foundations, panelized wall packages, icynene spray foam insulation/

<u>Pierce County List of Raw Materials or Components Needed by Industries to Manufacture Their Products:</u> vinyl film; heat transfer resin foils; application tape; various substrates - wood, aluminum, plastic; banner blanks; magnetic sheeting/ printing inks; substrates – wood, plastic, paper, sign making equipment; rolled vinyl/ electrical components (ICs, resistors, caps, ferrites), metals (steel, aluminum, delrin), circuit boards (PC boards)/ fresh meat products, food packaging supplies, cleaning supplies/ textiles/ paint/ rod components, gasoline, baits/ aluminum extrusions, fiberglass, carpet, structo-glass, adhesive/ newsprint, paper products, ink and supply items/ steel plate, bolts, paint, wood dunnage/ 100% rayon thread, backing fabric, garments (assorted)/ sheet paper, envelopes, pre-press supplies, press parts, office supplies/ propane, diesel fuel, electrical power/ pressure treated framing lumber, framing lumber, plural components for icynene foam insulation/

TABLE 8.01PIERCE COUNTY INDUSTRY CLUSTERS

Food Processing - SIC Codes 2000-2199

Best Maid Cookie Co., Inc., River Falls Deiss & Nugent Feed Corp., Ellsworth Ellsworth Co-Op Creamery, Inc., Ellsworth Ellsworth Frozen Food Lockers, East Ellsworth Red Willow Natural Foods Kitchen, Beldenville Sailer's Food Market & Meat Processing, Inc., Elmwood Western Wisconsin Dried Products, Elmwood

Textile, Apparel & Leather Prod. - SIC Codes 2200-3199*

Custom Cut Workroom, River Falls Dodge Draperies, Ellsworth Fashion-Aire, Inc., River Falls Treadmill Embroidery, River Falls

Wood and Furniture Products - SIC Codes 2400-2599

Bridgeport, Inc., Hager City Door 'n Millwork, Prescott Filarsky Cabinets, Prescott Foley Wood Products, Inc., Ellsworth Grange Hall Lumber, Plum City Greg Olson Furniture, Beldenville Hal's Millwork, River Falls North Central Products Co., Inc., Spring Valley Oakdale Hardwood Products Inc., Spring Valley Panel Systems Mfg., Inc., Plum City Schmitt Timber Corp., Spring Valley Woodmaster Foundations, Inc., Prescott

Printing Products - SIC Codes 2600-2799

General Plastic Extrusion, Inc., Prescott Great Rivers Printing, Prescott Helmer Printing, Inc., Beldenville Parks Music Engraving, Andrew, River Falls Pierce County Herald, Inc., Ellsworth Riverland Laser, Inc., River Falls Smead Mfg. Co., River Falls Sun-Argus Newspapers, Spring Valley Weekly Newspapers, Inc., Prescott Werth Print Shop, River Falls Western Wisconsin Publishing, River Falls

Chemicals & Petroleum Products - SIC Codes 2800-2999

Agritec International, Ltd., River Falls Superior Adhesives & Chemicals, Spring Valley Veterinary Concepts, Inc., Spring Valley

*Actual industries covered in this industry cluster are SIC 2200-2399 and 3100-3199

Plastic and Rubber Products - SIC Codes 3000-3099

Federal Foam Technologies Inc., Commercial Div., Genesis Industries, Inc., Elmwood Larame Acrylics, Inc., Ellsworth Q M R Plastics, River Falls Trio Industries Ltd., Prescott U F E, Inc., River Falls

Stone, Clay, & Glass Products - SIC Codes 3200-3299

Cemstone Ready-Mix, Inc., Maiden Rock Cemstone Ready-Mix, Inc., River Falls Kraemer Co., The, Elmwood Melgard Monument Co., Inc., River Falls Stone Dimensions Tile Shop, Spring Valley Wieser Concrete Products Inc., Maiden Rock Wisconsin Industrial Sand Co., Llc, Maiden Rock

Metal Products - SIC Codes 3300-3499

Designer Doors, River Falls Hi Fold Door Corp., River Falls Royal Finishing, River Falls S O S Machine Prescott Inc., Prescott Spring Valley Welding Service, Inc., Elmwood Thomas & Betts Corp., Hager City

Machinery, Equip. & Electronic Prod. - SIC Codes 3500-3699

Bergquist Co., The, Prescott Branham, Inc., W. C., River Falls Derman Mfg. Inc., River Falls Foley United Co., River Falls Kolpak Walk-Ins, River Falls Neary Technology, River Falls Steve's Scoring, Elmwood Studio Electronics, Maiden Rock Walleo Industries, Inc., Prescott

Transportation Equipment - SIC Codes 3700-3799

Gilby's Pinstriping & Lettering, River Falls Kasco Marine Inc., Prescott Mas Performance, Ellsworth

Instruments & Related Products - SIC Codes 3800-3899

Delcom Instruments, Inc., Prescott Time Motion System Co., River Falls

TABLE 8.01PIERCE COUNTY INDUSTRY CLUSTERS

Miscellaneous Manufacturing - SIC Codes 3900-3999

Applied Designs & Signs, River Falls Brosi Sign & Screen Printing, Plum City D. R. C. Ltd., Spring Valley Double O O Lures, Inc., River Falls Kikibarn, River Falls Lewi's Custom Rod & Tackle Shop, River Falls Wenzlaff Custom Art & Sign, Prescott

Computer Serv., Program. & Software - SIC Codes 7370-7379

LBY & Associates, River Falls MFB Corp, River Falls Sajan Consulting, Inc., River Falls

Star Group, River Falls

TABLE 8.02Pierce CountyBusiness Development Opportunities

The following is a list of Business Development Needs and Opportunities that the various companies indicated through a survey they had an interest in.

Labor Force Development

Delcom Instruments, Inc., Prescott Fashion-Aire, Inc., River Falls Riverland Laser, Inc., River Falls Sun-Argus Newspapers, Spring Valley Thomas & Betts Corp., Hager City Wisconsin Industrial Sand Co., Llc, Maiden Rock Woodmaster Foundations, Inc., Prescott

Contract Manufacturing

Applied Designs & Signs, River Falls Brosi Sign & Screen Printing, Plum City Delcom Instruments, Inc., Prescott Panel Systems Mfg., Inc., Plum City Sun-Argus Newspapers, Spring Valley Werth Print Shop, River Falls

Intermodal Transfer Freight Facility

Brosi Sign & Screen Printing, Plum City Panel Systems Mfg., Inc., Plum City Sun-Argus Newspapers, Spring Valley

Angel and/or Venture Capital

Brosi Sign & Screen Printing, Plum City Fashion-Aire, Inc., River Falls Sun-Argus Newspapers, Spring Valley Thomas & Betts Corp., Hager City Wisconsin Industrial Sand Co., Llc, Maiden Rock

Revolving Loan Fund

Brosi Sign & Screen Printing, Plum City Delcom Instruments, Inc., Prescott Ellsworth Frozen Food Lockers, East Ellsworth Fashion-Aire, Inc., River Falls Sun-Argus Newspapers, Spring Valley Thomas & Betts Corp., Hager City Woodmaster Foundations, Inc., Prescott

Matchmaker Procurement Website

Applied Designs & Signs, River Falls Brosi Sign & Screen Printing, Plum City Fashion-Aire, Inc., River Falls Lewi's Custom Rod & Tackle Shop, River Falls Panel Systems Mfg., Inc., Plum City Riverland Laser, Inc., River Falls Sun-Argus Newspapers, Spring Valley Thomas & Betts Corp., Hager City Werth Print Shop, River Falls Woodmaster Foundations, Inc., Prescott

Inputs and Raw Materials Difficult To Procure

Delcom Instruments, Inc., Prescott, Ferrite core

Ellsworth Frozen Food Lockers, East Ellsworth, Certain meat products due to small supplies needed

Sun-Argus Newspapers, Spring Valley, Green newsprint Wisconsin Industrial Sand Co., LLC, Maiden Rock, Mill wrights/fabricators

| | | | LE 8.03 TY POPULATIC | ON | | |
|-----------------------------------|------------------------|----------------------|-------------------------|----------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|
| | 1990 | 1994 | 1998 | 2000 | 1990-2000 Numerical Chge | 1990-2000 % Chge |
| Pierce County | 32,765 | 33,543 | 34,547 | 35,323 | 2,558 | 7.81 |
| Mississippi River Region | 271,389 | 277,912 | 287,401 | 291,732 | 20,343 | 7.5 |
| State of Wisconsin | 4,891,599 | 5,061,451 | 5,234,350 | 5,310,406 | 418,807 | 8.56 |
| U.S. | 248,709,873 | 260,651,000 | 271,644,000 | 274,271,000 | 25,561,127 | 10.28 |
| Source: 1) General Population Cha | racteristics – 1990, U | S. Department of C | Commerce, Bureau o | of the Census | | |
| 2) Official Population Estin | nates-1994, 1998, & 2 | 000 – State of Wisco | onsin Dept. of Admi | nDemographic S | ervices Center | |
| 3) U.S. Bureau of the Censu | s – Current Population | n Reports – 1994, 1 | 998, & 2000 U.S. P | opulation | | |

The County's population growth rate during the 1990 decade was slightly higher than the MRRPC Regional average, but lower than the State or National rate.

| TABLE 8.04 PIERCE COUNTY HOUSING UNITS | | | | | | | | | |
|---|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|----------------|---------------------|--|--|--|
| | | | | | | 1990-2000 % Chge | | | |
| Pierce County | 11,536 | 12,187 | 12,978 | 13,531 | 1,995 | 17.29 | | | |
| Mississippi River Region | 108,284 | 113,130 | 119,418 | 123,026 | 14,742 | 13.61 | | | |
| State of Wisconsin | 2,055,774 | 2,169,429 | 2,295,403 | 2,366,371 | 310,597 | 15.11 | | | |
| Source: 1) General Population Char 2) Total Housing Unit Estim | · · · · · | 1 5 | · · · | | ervices Center | | | | |

The County's increase in housing units was third highest in actual number in the Region, and the highest percentage increase in the Region.

| TABLE 8.05 PIERCE COUNTY REAL ESTATE EQUALIZED VALUE | | | | | | | | |
|---|------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|--|--|
| | 1990 | 1994 | 1998 | 2000 | 1990-2000 Numerical Chge | 1990-2000 % Chge | | |
| Pierce County | 783,354,600 | 928,835,700 | 1,344,928,500 | 1,712,952,700 | 929,598,100 | 118.67 | | |
| Mississippi River Region | 5,873,954,300 | 7,135,618,600 | 9,788,336,300 | 11,590,076,200 | 5,716,121,900 | 97.31 | | |
| State of Wisconsin | 134,138,145,600 | 176,376,443,200 | 238,769,117,100 | 277,213,706,800 | 143,075,561,200 | 106.66 | | |
| Source: Wisconsin Dept. of Re | evenue – Bureau of Pro | operty Tax | | | | | | |

The increase in real estate value between 1990 and 2000 was the second largest numerical increase, and largest percentage increase in the Region. The percentage increase was greater than the State average as well.

| TABLE 8.06 PIERCE COUNTY PER CAPITA PERSONAL INCOME | | | | | | | | | |
|---|------------------|------------------|------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|--|--|--|--|
| | 1990 | 1994 | 1998 | 1990-1998 Numerical Chge | 1990-1998 % Chge | | | | |
| Pierce County Mississippi River Region | 15,997 14,702 | 18,833 17,112 | 23,978 20,739 | 7,981 6,037 | 49.89 41.06 | | | | |
| State of Wisconsin U.S. Source: Bureau of Economic Analysis, U.S. | 18,160 19,584 | 21,699 22,581 | 26,284 27,203 | 8,124 7,619 | 44.74 38.90 | | | | |

Pierce County's per capita personal income experienced the largest monetary increase of any of the Region's counties, and also had a percentage increase greater than the Region, State, or National increase for the same period.

| TABLE 8.07 PIERCE COUNTY TRAVELER AND TOURISM EXPENDITURES | | | | | | | | |
|---|------------------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|--|--|
| | | 1994 | 1998 | 1999 | 1994-1999 Numerical Chge | 1994-1999 % Chge | | |
| Pierce County | Total Visitor Expenditure | 18,416,040 | 22,669,656 | 23,511,388 | 5,095,348 | 27.67 | | |
| - | Total Employ. Impact | 518 | 667 | 679 | 161 | 31.08 | | |
| | Total Resident Income Impact | 11,080,022 | 12,640,856 | 13,017,873 | 1,937,851 | 17.49 | | |
| | Total State Revenue Impact | 1,827,354 | 2,047,960 | 2,099,469 | 272,115 | 14.89 | | |
| | Total Local Revenue Impact | 1,161,872 | 1,481,910 | 1,529,069 | 367,197 | 31.60 | | |
| Mississippi River Region | Total Visitor Expenditure | 291,075,919 | 415,261,065 | 484,792,934 | 193,717,015 | 66.6 | | |
| - | Total Employ. Impact | 8,184 | 12,134 | 14,037 | 5,853 | 71.5 | | |
| | Total Resident Income Impact | 175,202,855 | 229,804,273 | 268,801,481 | 93,598,626 | 53.4 | | |
| | Total State Revenue Impact | 28,895,029 | 37,230,866 | 43,351,265 | 14,456,236 | 50.0 | | |
| | Total Local Revenue Impact | 18,372,103 | 26,940,369 | 31,573,216 | 13,201,113 | 71.9 | | |
| State of Wisconsin | Total Visitor Expenditure | 5,762,412,960 | 8,117,722,825 | 8,747,834,904 | 2,985,421,944 | 51.81 | | |
| | Total Employ. Impact | 161,747 | 232,667 | 248,681 | 86,934 | 53.7 | | |
| | Total Resident Income Impact | 3,462,507,003 | 4,485,757,000 | 4,840,582,000 | 1,378,074,997 | 39.8 | | |
| | Total State Revenue Impact | 571,048,000 | 764,770,000 | 821,837,000 | 250,789,000 | 43.9 | | |
| | Total Local Revenue Impact | 363,085,017 | 520,312,000 | 562,143,000 | 199,057,983 | 54.8 | | |
| Source: Wisconsin Dep | artment of Tourism | | | | | | | |

Pierce County's increase in travel and tourism dollars was modest, both in actual dollar increase, and in percent increase, which was below the Region and State.

| TABLE 8.08 PIERCE COUNTY LABOR FORCE AND EMPLOYMENT | | | | | | | | |
|--|--------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|---------------------|--|
| | | 1990 | 1994 | 1998 | 1999 | 2000 | 1990-2000 % Chge | |
| Pierce County | Total Labor Force | 18,080 | 19,364 | 20,582 | 20,335 | 21,234 | 17.4 | |
| | Total Employment | 17,410 | 18,576 | 20,013 | 19,829 | 20,605 | 18.4 | |
| | Total Unemployment | 670 | 788 | 569 | 506 | 629 | -6.1 | |
| | Unemployment Rate | 3.7 | 4.1 | 2.8 | 2.5 | 3.0 | -18.9 | |
| Mississippi River Region | Total Labor Force | 141,572 | 154,238 | 162,848 | 158,957 | 166,004 | 17.3 | |
| | Total Employment | 134,915 | 146,330 | 157,235 | 153,825 | 161,011 | 19.3 | |
| | Total Unemployment | 6,657 | 7,908 | 5,613 | 5,132 | 4,993 | -25.0 | |
| | Unemployment Rate | 5.1 | 5.6 | 3.8 | 3.4 | 3.0 | -42.1 | |
| State of Wisconsin | Total Labor Force | 2,581,079 | 2,800,059 | 2,952,711 | 2,891,982 | 3,021,635 | 17.1 | |
| | Total Employment | 2,466,597 | 2,668,025 | 2,853,275 | 2,803,881 | 2,928,062 | 18.7 | |
| | Total Unemployment | 114,483 | 132,033 | 99,436 | 88,801 | 93,573 | -18.3 | |
| | Unemployment Rate | 4,4 | 4.7 | 3.4 | 3.0 | 3.1 | -29.5 | |
| U.S. | Total Labor Force | 126,142,000 | 131,951,000 | 138,545,000 | 140,108,000 | 140,639,000 | 11.49 | |
| | Total Employment | 118,241,000 | 124,721,000 | 132,517,000 | 134,420,000 | 135,161,000 | 14.31 | |
| | Total Unemployment | 7,901,000 | 7,230,000 | 6,028,000 | 5,688,000 | 5,477,000 | -30.68 | |
| | Unemployment Rate | 6.3 | 5.5 | 4.4 | 4.1 | 3.9 | -38.10 | |

The County's labor force increased 0.1 percent above the Regional average, and a somewhat greater increase over both the State and U.S. average rates. The percent unemployment rate was equal to the Region's and below both the State and U.S. rate in 2000, but the percent change was less between 1990-2000 than the other populations because the county's 1990 unemployment rate was lower in 1990 than the Region's, State's or U.S. rate.

| DIEDCE | TABLE COUNTY TOTAL EM | | | v | | |
|---|--------------------------|-------------|--------------------------|-------------|-----------------------|-----------------|
| FILKOL | 1990 | | 1998 | | Numeric | Percent |
| | No. Emp. | % | No. Emp. | % | Change | Change |
| Pierce County | | | | | | |
| Total full-time and part-time employment | 13,917 | | 15,663 | | 1.746 | 12.55 |
| Farm Employment | 1,855 | 13.3 | 1,730 | 11.0 | -125 | -6.74 |
| Ag. Services, forestry, fishing and other* | 385 | 2.8 | 221 | 1.4 | -164 | -42.60 |
| Mining | 13 | 0.1 | (D) | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Construction | 520 | 3.7 | 691 | 4.4 | 171 | 32.88 |
| Manufacturing | 1,238 | 8.9 | 1,493 | 9.5 | 255 | 20.60 |
| Transportation and public utilities | 530 | 3.8 | 755 | 4.8 | 225 | 42.45 |
| Wholesale trade | 378 | 2.7 | (D) | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Retail trade | 2,250 | 16.2 | 2.839 | 18.1 | 589 | 26.18 |
| Finance, insurance, and real estate | 623 | 4.5 | 710 | 4.5 | 87 | 13.96 |
| Services | 2,756 | 19.8 | 3,321 | 21.2 | 565 | 20.50 |
| Government and government enterprises | 3,369 | 24.2 | 3,519 | 22.5 | 150 | 4.45 |
| Mississippi River Region | | | | | | |
| Total full-time and part-time employment | 151,402 | | 180,653 | | 29,251 | 19.32 |
| Farm Employment | 15,940 | 10.5 | 14,969 | 8.3 | -971 | -6.09 |
| Ag. Services, forestry, fishing and other* | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| Mining | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| Construction | 5,968 | 3.9 | 8,073 | 4.5 | 2,105 | 35.27 |
| Manufacturing | 22,859 | 15.1 | 26,457 | 14.6 | 3,598 | 15.74 |
| Transportation and public utilities | 7,156 | 4.7 | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| Wholesale trade | 6,990 | 4.6 | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| Retail trade | 26,337 | 17.4 | 33,337 | 18.5 | 7,000 | 26.58 |
| Finance, insurance, and real estate | 6,381 | 4.2 | 8,296 | 4.6 | 1,915 | 30.01 |
| Services | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| Government and government enterprises | 23,689 | 15.6 | 25,451 | 14.1 | 1,762 | 7.44 |
| State of Wisconsin | | | | | | |
| Total full-time and part-time employment | 2,835,395 | | 3,330,028 | | 494,633 | 17.44 |
| Farm Employment | 114,701 | 4.0 | 101,293 | 3.0 | -13,408 | -11.69 |
| Ag. Services, forestry, fishing and other* | 23,383 | 0.8 | 32,757 | 1.0 | 9,374 | 40.09 |
| Mining | 3,682 | 0.1 | 3,892 | 0.1 | 210 | 5.70 |
| Construction | 124,497 | 4.4 | 163,989 | 4.9 | 39,492 | 31.72 |
| Manufacturing | 574,066 | 20.2 | 639,270 | 19.2 | 65,204 | 11.36 |
| Transportation and public utilities | 122,793 | 4.3 | 147,772 | 4.4 | 24,979 | 20.34 |
| Wholesale trade | 125,765 | 4.4 | 146,410 | 4.4 | 20,645 | 16.42 |
| Retail trade | 499,720 | 17.6 | 577,644 | 17.3 | 77,924 | 15.59 |
| Finance, insurance, and real estate | 185,053 | 6.5 | 223,752 | 6.7 | 38,699 | 20.91 |
| Services | 697,198 | 24.6 | 899,427 | 27.0 | 202,229 | 29.01 |
| Government and government enterprises | 364,537 | 12.9 | 393,822 | 11.8 | 29,285 | 8.03 |
| U.S. | 100,400,000 | | 100 100 700 | | 20 774 000 | 44.00 |
| Total full-time and part-time employment | 139,426,900 | 2.2 | 160,198,700 | 2.0 | 20,771,800 | 14.90 |
| Farm Employment | 3,153,000 | 2.3 | 3,127,000 | 2.0 | -26,000 | -0.82 |
| Ag. Services, forestry, fishing and other* | 1,453,000 1,044,100 | 1.0 0.7 | 2,042,600 855,500 | 1.3 0.5 | 589,600 -188,600 | 40.58 -18.06 |
| Mining Construction | 7,260,800 | | 8,799,100 | 0.5 5.5 | 1.538.300 | -18.00 |
| Manufacturing | 19,697,200 | 5.2 14.1 | 19,568,500 | 5.5 12.2 | -128,700 | -0.65 |
| Transportation and public utilities | 6,568,600 | 4.7 | 7,668,300 | 4.8 | 1.099.700 | -0.65 16.74 |
| Wholesale trade | 6,711,500 | 4.7 | 7,868,300 | 4.0 4.6 | 640,400 | 9.54 |
| Retail trade | 22,920,500 | | | 4.0 16.7 | 3,789,700 | 9.54 16.53 |
| | 10,712,600 | 16.4 7.7 | 26,710,200 12,229,900 | | 1,517,300 | 14.16 |
| Finance, insurance, and real estate | 38,709,600 | 27.8 | 49,897,700 | 7.6 31.1 | | 28.90 |
| Services Government and government enterprises | 21,196,000 | 27.8 | 49,897,700 21,948,000 | 13.7 | 11,188,100 752,000 | 28.90 |
| Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Econor | | | | 13.7 | 132,000 | 5.55 |

Pierce County's total employment increase of 12.55% between 1990 and 1998 was lower than the Region's, State's or U.S. The largest percentage increases in employment were in Transportation and Public Utilities and Construction, followed by Fire, Insurance and Real Estate and Manufacturing employment growth. The only area exhibiting an employment loss was Ag. Services, Forestry, Fishing and Other, which showed a loss of 42.6% of jobs over the decade. Regionally this sector also experienced a modest loss of 6.09%, but the State and National increase in this employment sector was 40 percent. This does not necessarily mean a loss of that economic sector in Pierce County, but rather a shift in resident's employment to a more "urban" economic base.

(D) = not shown to avoid disclosure of confidential information

| | | | Numeric | Percent |
|--|-------------------------|-------------------------|------------------------|--------------|
| | 1990 | 1998 | Change | Change |
| Pierce County | | | | |
| Farm earnings | 14,892 | 4,391 | -10,501 | -70.5 |
| Ag. Services, forestry, fishing and other* | 7,728 | 2,394 | -5,334 | -69.0 |
| Mining | 210 | (D) | N/A | N/A |
| Construction | 11,157 | 18,222 | 7,065 | 63.3 |
| Manufacturing | 30,015 | 43,350 | 13,335 | 44.4 |
| Transportation and public utilities | 13,325 | 23,981 | 10,656 | 80.0 |
| Wholesale trade Retail trade | 7,367 | (D) | N/A | N/A |
| Finance, insurance, and real estate | 18,859 6,858 | 26,378 11,731 | 7,519 4,873 | 39.9 71.1 |
| Services | 36,920 | 51,391 | 14,471 | 39.2 |
| Government and government enterprises | 75,668 | 101,691 | 26,023 | 34.4 |
| Mississippi River Region | | | | |
| Farm earnings | 135,774 | 84,735 | -51,039 | -37.59 |
| Ag. Services, forestry, fishing and other* | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| Mining | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| Construction | 149,125 | 260,634 | 111,509 | 74.78 |
| Manufacturing | 554,933 | 842,941 | 288,008 | 51.90 |
| Transportation and public utilities | 212,794 | NA | NA | NA |
| Wholesale trade | 182,614 | NA | NA | NA |
| Retail trade | 278,279 | 404,423 | 126,144 | 45.33 |
| Finance, insurance, and real estate | 93,699 | 178,201 | 84,502 | 90.18 |
| Services | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| Government and government enterprises | 554,880 | 803,682 | 248,802 | 44.84 |
| State of Wisconsin | | | | |
| Farm earnings | 1,138,582 | 839,302 | -299,280 | -26.3 |
| Ag. Services, forestry, fishing and other* | 353,693 | 530,927 | 177,234 | 50.1 |
| Mining | 89,376 | 143,541 | 54,165 | 60.6 |
| Construction Manufacturing | 3,684,281 17,775,251 | 5,984,543 26,116,131 | 2,300,262 8,340,880 | 62.4 46.9 |
| Transportation and public utilities | 3,671,535 | 5,579,579 | 1,908,044 | 40.s 52.0 |
| Wholesale trade | 3,704,657 | 5,804,561 | 2,099,904 | 52.0 |
| Retail trade | 5,712,498 | 8,378,372 | 2,665,874 | 46.7 |
| Finance, insurance, and real estate | 3,491,912 | 6,602,120 | 3,110,208 | 89.1 |
| Services | 12,723,318 | 22,287,307 | 9,563,989 | 75.2 |
| Government and government enterprises | 9,584,448 | 13,784,615 | 4,200,167 | 43.8 |
| U.S. | | | .,_00,101 | |
| Farm earnings | 43,885,000 | 43,016,000 | -869,000 | -2.0 |
| Ag. Services, forestry, fishing and other* | 22,174,000 | 34,445,000 | 12,271,000 | 55.3 |
| Mining | 36,461,000 | 47,984,000 | 11,523,000 | 31.6 |
| Construction | 206,994,000 | 302,174,000 | 95,180,000 | 46.0 |
| Manufacturing | 665,431,000 | 891,190,000 | 225,759,000 | 33.9 |
| Transportation and public utilities | 228,042,000 | 357,379,000 | 129,337,000 | 56. |
| Wholesale trade | 221,113,000 | 329,422,000 | 108,309,000 | 49.0 |
| Retail trade | 321,531,000 | 464,753,000 | 143,222,000 | 44. |
| Finance, insurance, and real estate | 243,984,000 | 477,189,000 | 233,205,000 | 95.6 |
| Services | 888,863,000 | 1,503,725,000 | 614,862,000 | 69.2 |
| Government and government enterprises Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis, . | 629,902,000 | 850,789,000 | 220,887,000 | 35.1 |

Between 1990 and 1998 the greatest percentage of personal income growth, 80 percent, was experienced in the Transportation and Public Utilities sector, which also had the greatest increase in employment 1990-2000. Other sectors showing high percentage increases in personal income were Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate and Construction. Employment sectors experiencing personal income loss were Farm Earnings, with a 70.5% decline, and Ag. Services, Forestry, Fishing and Other with a 69% change. The Farm Earnings loss was greater than the percentage loss experienced at the Regional, State and U.S. levels, and the Ag. Services decline ran counter to the increased income in this sector at the State and U.S. level.

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