



Kickapoo Valley Solid Biofuel and Wood Product Feasibility Study

SPONSORED BY:
MISSISSIPPI RIVER REGIONAL PLANNING COMMISSION
VILLAGE OF LA FARGE, WISCONSIN

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"A society grows great
when old men plant trees
whose shade they know
they shall never sit in."

Greek Proverb



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Appendix A

Primary and Secondary Wood Processors in Region

Primary and Secondary Wood Processors in Region

| Key # | Firm | City | County | User Types | User Types 2 | User Types 3 |
|-------|--|------------------|----------|--|------------------------------|--------------|
| 1 | 3-D Entreprises | Sparta | Monroe | Specialty Products Producers | | |
| 2 | Agwoods Inc | Richland Center | Richland | Specialty Products Producers | | |
| 3 | Cook Creek Sawmill | Norwalk | Vernon | Sawmills | | |
| 4 | David Troyer | La Farge | Vernon | Sawmills | | |
| 5 | Eli Yoder | Westby | Vernon | Sawmills | | |
| 6 | Emanuel P Miller | La Farge | Vernon | Sawmills | | |
| 7 | Ervin Miller | Chaseburg | Vernon | Sawmills | | |
| 9 | Jacob Schrock | Westby | Vernon | Sawmills | | |
| 10 | John's Welding | Tomah | Monroe | Biomass/ Residue Producers | | |
| 11 | Jere Hege | La Farge | Vernon | Sawmills | | |
| 12 | Lamb Hardwood Lumber Inc. | Ontario | Vernon | Dimension, Flooring & Millwork Producers | | |
| 13 | Macdonald & Owen Lumber Company | Sparta | Monroe | Dimension, Flooring & Millwork Producers | | |
| 14 | Nelson Hardwood Lumber Co (Prairie Du Chien) | Prairie Du Chien | Crawford | Sawmills | | |
| 15 | Pine River Woodcraft | Richland Center | Richland | Cabinets & Furniture Producers | | |
| 16 | Richland Patterns, Inc. | Richland Center | Richland | Specialty Products Producers | | |
| 17 | Riverside Sawmill, Inc. | Muscoda | Richland | Sawmills | | |
| 18 | Rockbridge Sawmill Inc | Richland Ctr | Richland | Sawmills | | |
| 19 | Ron Larson Sawmill | Cashton | Monroe | Sawmills | | |
| 20 | Schroer Hardwood Lumber Co, Inc. | La Farge | Vernon | Sawmills | | |
| 21 | Universal Forest Products, Inc. (Warrens) | Warrens | Monroe | Dimension, Flooring & Millwork Producers | Pallet & Container Producers | |
| 22 | Westby Hardwood Products | Westby | Vernon | Dimension, Flooring & Millwork Producers | | |
| 23 | White City Lumber Inc | Hillsboro | Vernon | Sawmills | | |
| 24 | Whole Trees Architecture & Structures | Stoddard | Vernon | Building Product Producers | | |

Source: Wisconsin's Wood Using Industry Database (WWUID)

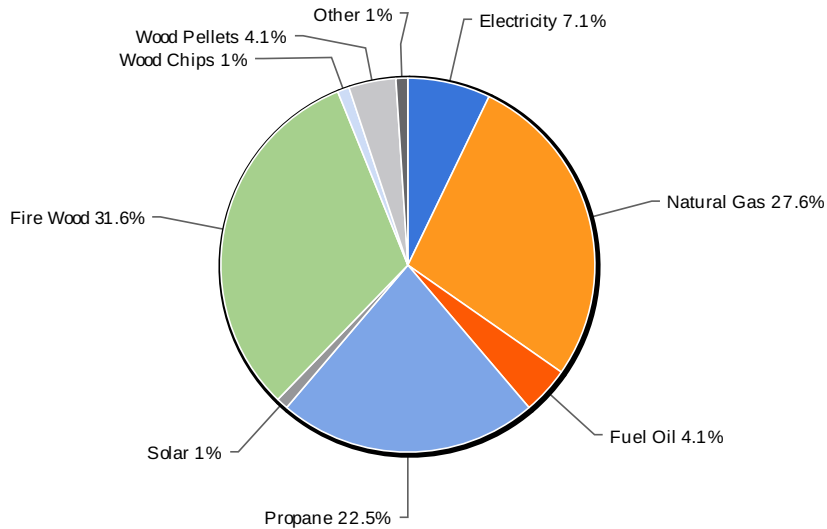
Appendix B

Summary Report – Kickapoo Valley Solid Biofuel and Wood Product Market Survey

Summary Report - Dec 2, 2013

Survey: Kickapoo Valley Solid Biofuel and Wood Product Market Survey

1. What is the primary energy source you use to heat your home?



1. What is the primary energy source you use to heat your home?

| Value | Count | Percent % |
|--------------|-------|-----------|
| Electricity | 7 | 7.1% |
| Natural Gas | 27 | 27.6% |
| Fuel Oil | 4 | 4.1% |
| Propane | 22 | 22.5% |
| Solar | 1 | 1.0% |
| Fire Wood | 31 | 31.6% |
| Wood Chips | 1 | 1.0% |
| Wood Pellets | 4 | 4.1% |
| Other | 1 | 1.0% |

Statistics

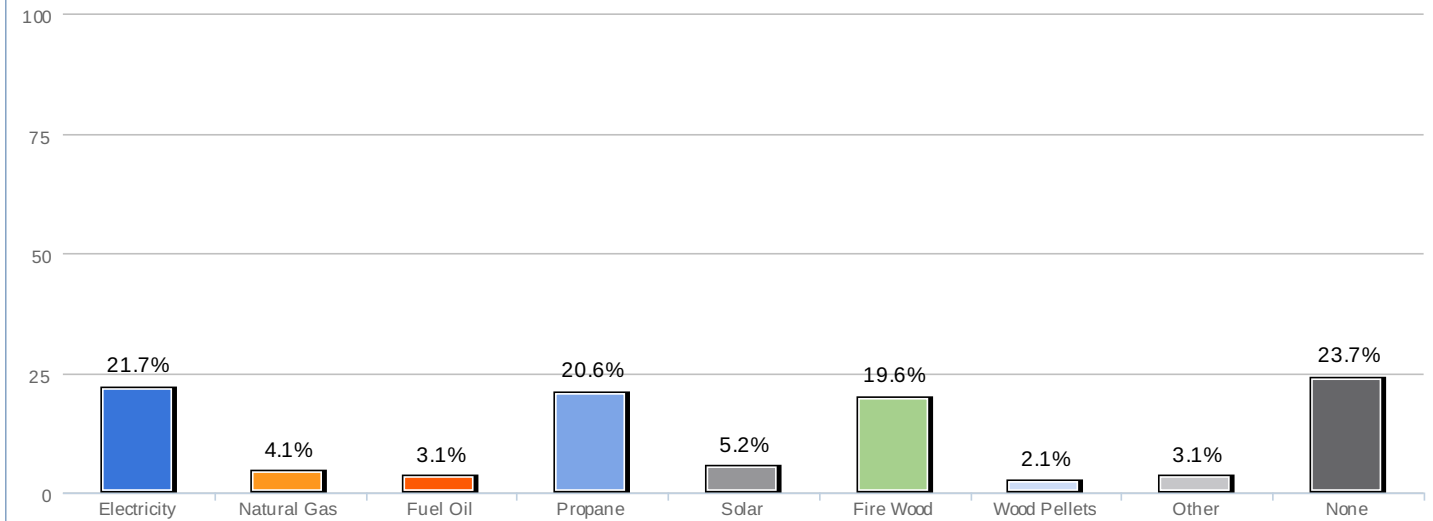
| | |
|-----------------|----|
| Total Responses | 98 |
|-----------------|----|

Open-Text Response Breakdown for "Other"

Count

| | |
|------------|---|
| geothermal | 1 |
|------------|---|

2. What is the secondary energy source(s) you use to heat your home?



2. What is the secondary energy source(s) you use to heat your home?

| Value | Count | Percent % |
|--------------|-------|-----------|
| Electricity | 21 | 21.7% |
| Natural Gas | 4 | 4.1% |
| Fuel Oil | 3 | 3.1% |
| Propane | 20 | 20.6% |
| Solar | 5 | 5.2% |
| Fire Wood | 19 | 19.6% |
| Wood Chips | 0 | 0.0% |
| Wood Pellets | 2 | 2.1% |
| Other | 3 | 3.1% |
| None | 23 | 23.7% |

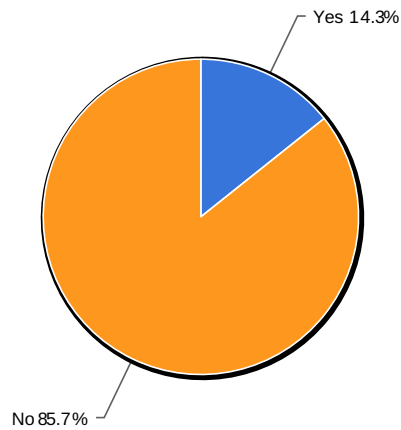
Statistics

| | |
|-----------------|----|
| Total Responses | 97 |
|-----------------|----|

Open-Text Response Breakdown for "Other"

| | Count |
|-------------------|-------|
| <i>Left Blank</i> | 103 |
| Geothermal | 1 |
| Passive solar | 1 |

3. If wood pellets were 47% less in price than the cost of electricity for the equivalent amount of heat, would you switch to pellets as a heat source for your home?

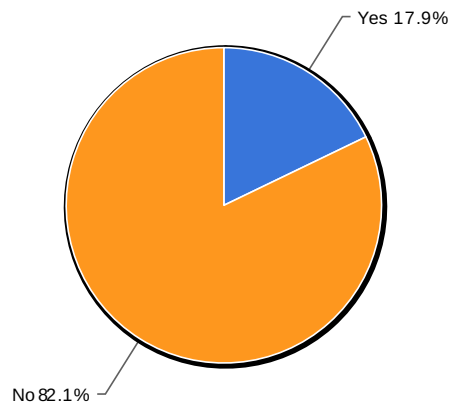


3. If wood pellets were 47% less in price than the cost of electricity for the equivalent amount of heat, would you switch to pellets as a heat source for your home?

| Value | Count | Percent % |
|-------|-------|-----------|
| Yes | 1 | 14.3% |
| No | 6 | 85.7% |

| Statistics | |
|-----------------|---|
| Total Responses | 7 |

4. If wood pellets were 7% more expensive than natural gas for the equivalent amount of heat for your home, would you switch to pellets as a heat source for your home?

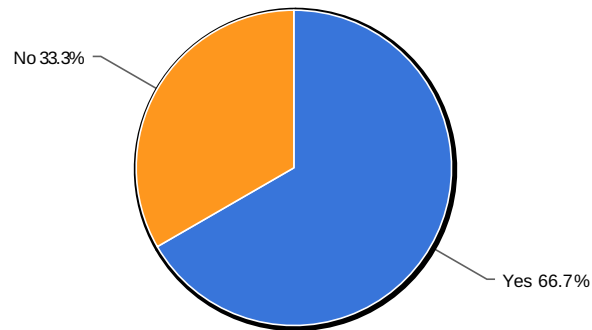


4. If wood pellets were 7% more expensive than natural gas for the equivalent amount of heat for your home, would you switch to pellets as a heat source for your home?

| Value | Count | Percent % |
|-------|-------|-----------|
| Yes | 5 | 17.9% |
| No | 23 | 82.1% |

| Statistics | |
|-----------------|----|
| Total Responses | 28 |

5. If wood pellets were sold at 44% less in price than the cost of fuel oil for the equivalent amount of heat for your home, would you switch to pellets as a heat source for your home?

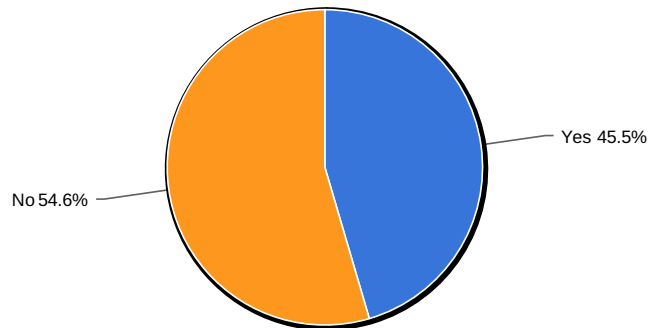


5. If wood pellets were sold at 44% less in price than the cost of fuel oil for the equivalent amount of heat for your home, would you switch to pellets as a heat source for your home?

| Value | Count | Percent % |
|-------|-------|-----------|
| Yes | 2 | 66.7% |
| No | 1 | 33.3% |

| Statistics | |
|-----------------|---|
| Total Responses | 3 |

6. If wood pellets were 53% less in price than the cost of propane for the equivalent amount of heat for your home, would you switch to pellets as a heat source for your home?

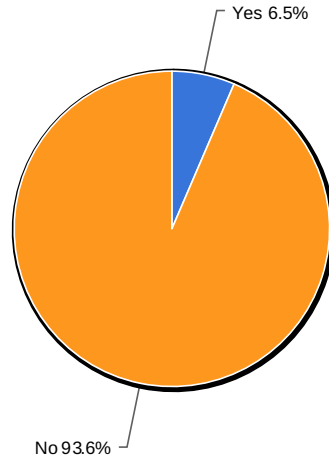


6. If wood pellets were 53% less in price than the cost of propane for the equivalent amount of heat for your home, would you switch to pellets as a heat source for your home?

| Value | Count | Percent % |
|-------|-------|-----------|
| Yes | 10 | 45.5% |
| No | 12 | 54.6% |

| Statistics | |
|-----------------|----|
| Total Responses | 22 |

7. If wood pellets were 11% more in price than the cost of fire wood for the equivalent amount of heat for your home, would you switch to pellets as a heat source for your home?

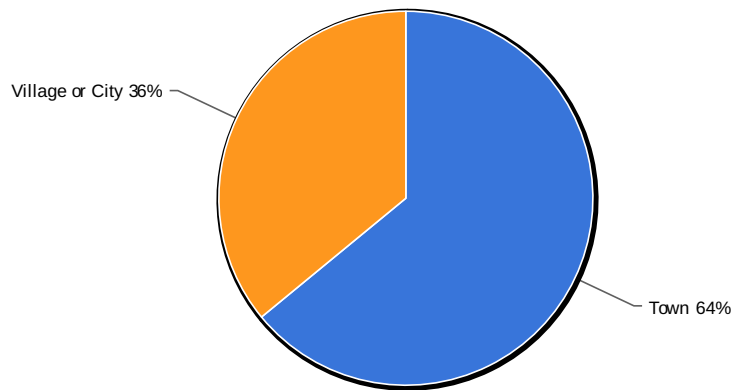


7. If wood pellets were 11% more in price than the cost of fire wood for the equivalent amount of heat for your home, would you switch to pellets as a heat source for your home?

| Value | Count | Percent % |
|-------|-------|-----------|
| Yes | 2 | 6.5% |
| No | 29 | 93.6% |

| Statistics | |
|-----------------|----|
| Total Responses | 31 |

8. My home is located in a:

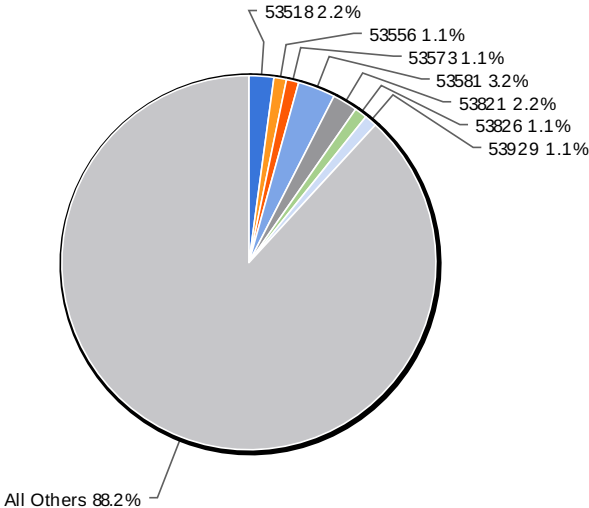


8. My home is located in a:

| Value | Count | Percent % |
|-----------------|-------|-----------|
| Town | 57 | 64.0% |
| Village or City | 32 | 36.0% |

| Statistics | |
|-----------------|----|
| Total Responses | 89 |

9. Please check your Home zip code below:

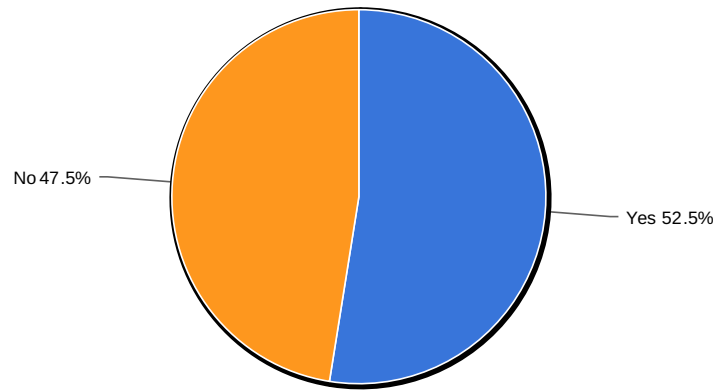


9. Please check your Home zip code below:

| Value | Count | Percent % |
|-------|-------|-----------|
| 53518 | 2 | 2.2% |
| 53540 | 0 | 0.0% |
| 53556 | 1 | 1.1% |
| 53573 | 1 | 1.1% |
| 53581 | 3 | 3.2% |
| 53584 | 0 | 0.0% |
| 53805 | 0 | 0.0% |
| 53821 | 2 | 2.2% |
| 53826 | 1 | 1.1% |
| 53924 | 0 | 0.0% |
| 53929 | 1 | 1.1% |
| 53937 | 0 | 0.0% |
| 53968 | 1 | 1.1% |
| 54618 | 0 | 0.0% |
| 54619 | 6 | 6.5% |
| 54620 | 1 | 1.1% |
| 54621 | 3 | 3.2% |
| 54623 | 4 | 4.3% |
| 54624 | 1 | 1.1% |
| 54626 | 0 | 0.0% |
| 54628 | 2 | 2.2% |
| 54631 | 2 | 2.2% |
| 54632 | 1 | 1.1% |
| 54634 | 3 | 3.2% |
| 54638 | 1 | 1.1% |
| 54639 | 16 | 17.2% |
| 54640 | 0 | 0.0% |
| 54645 | 0 | 0.0% |
| 54648 | 1 | 1.1% |
| 54649 | 1 | 1.1% |
| 54651 | 2 | 2.2% |
| 54652 | 0 | 0.0% |
| 54653 | 0 | 0.0% |
| 54654 | 2 | 2.2% |
| 54655 | 4 | 4.3% |
| 54656 | 0 | 0.0% |
| 54657 | 0 | 0.0% |
| 54658 | 2 | 2.2% |
| 54660 | 2 | 2.2% |
| 54662 | 0 | 0.0% |
| 54664 | 8 | 8.6% |
| 54665 | 8 | 8.6% |
| 54666 | 0 | 0.0% |
| 54667 | 8 | 8.6% |
| 54670 | 3 | 3.2% |

| Statistics | |
|-----------------|-------------|
| Total Responses | 93 |
| Sum | 5,070,641.0 |
| Avg. | 54,523.0 |
| StdDev | 326.5 |
| Max | 54,670.0 |

10. Do you own or manage a Farm, business, industry or institution?



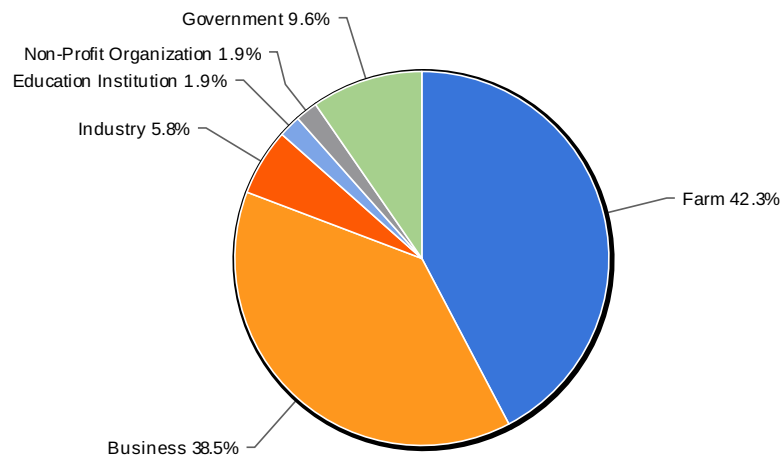
10. Do you own or manage a Farm, business, industry or institution?

| Value | Count | Percent % |
|-------|-------|-----------|
| Yes | 52 | 52.5% |
| No | 47 | 47.5% |

Statistics

| | |
|-----------------|----|
| Total Responses | 99 |
|-----------------|----|

11. I own or manage a:



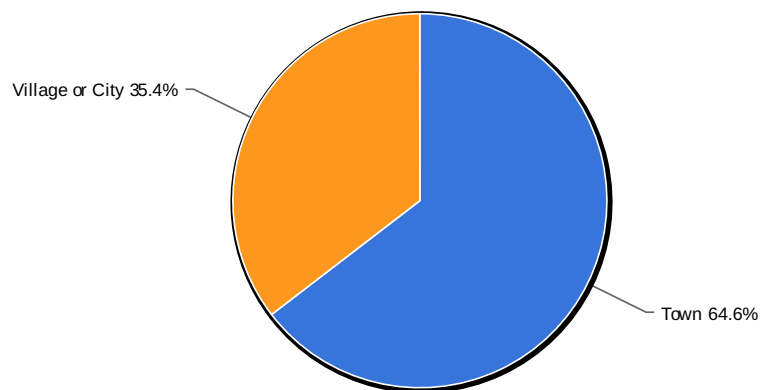
11. I own or manage a:

| Value | Count | Percent % |
|-------------------------|-------|-----------|
| Farm | 22 | 42.3% |
| Business | 20 | 38.5% |
| Industry | 3 | 5.8% |
| Health Institution | 0 | 0.0% |
| Education Institution | 1 | 1.9% |
| Non-Profit Organization | 1 | 1.9% |
| Government | 5 | 9.6% |

Statistics

| | |
|-----------------|----|
| Total Responses | 52 |
|-----------------|----|

12. My Farm, Business, Industry or Institution's business is located in a:



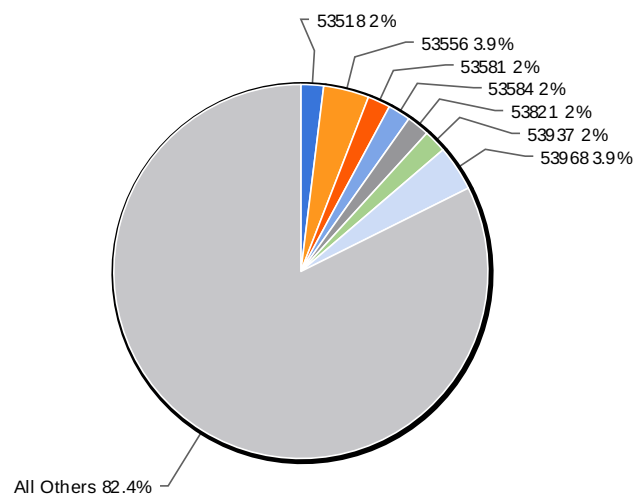
12. My Farm, Business, Industry or Institution's business is located in a:

| Value | Count | Percent % |
|-----------------|-------|-----------|
| Town | 31 | 64.6% |
| Village or City | 17 | 35.4% |

Statistics

| | |
|-----------------|----|
| Total Responses | 48 |
|-----------------|----|

13. Please check your Farm, Business, Industry or Institution's zip code below:

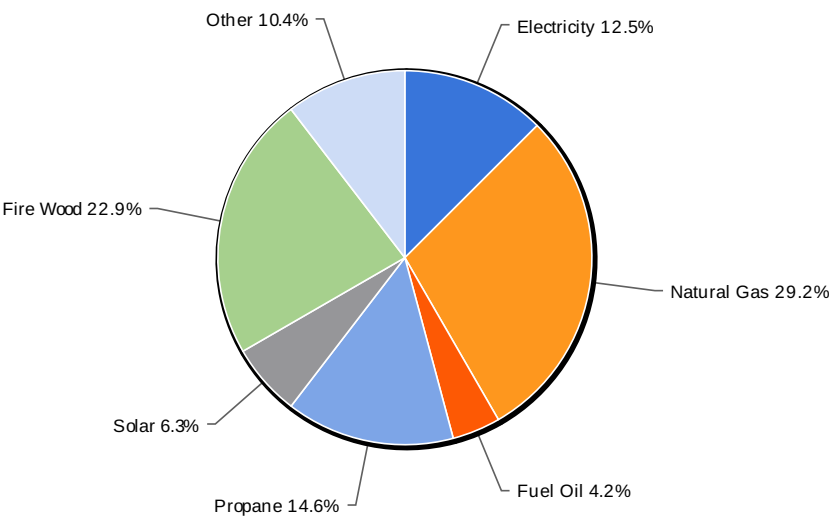


13. Please check your Farm, Business, Industry or Institution’s zip code below:

| Value | Count | Percent % |
|-------|-------|-----------|
| 53518 | 1 | 2.0% |
| 53540 | 0 | 0.0% |
| 53556 | 2 | 3.9% |
| 53573 | 0 | 0.0% |
| 53581 | 1 | 2.0% |
| 53584 | 1 | 2.0% |
| 53805 | 0 | 0.0% |
| 53821 | 1 | 2.0% |
| 53826 | 0 | 0.0% |
| 53924 | 0 | 0.0% |
| 53929 | 0 | 0.0% |
| 53937 | 1 | 2.0% |
| 53968 | 2 | 3.9% |
| 54618 | 0 | 0.0% |
| 54619 | 1 | 2.0% |
| 54620 | 1 | 2.0% |
| 54621 | 2 | 3.9% |
| 54623 | 2 | 3.9% |
| 54624 | 0 | 0.0% |
| 54626 | 0 | 0.0% |
| 54628 | 0 | 0.0% |
| 54631 | 3 | 5.9% |
| 54632 | 1 | 2.0% |
| 54634 | 2 | 3.9% |
| 54638 | 1 | 2.0% |
| 54639 | 7 | 13.7% |
| 54640 | 0 | 0.0% |
| 54645 | 0 | 0.0% |
| 54648 | 2 | 3.9% |
| 54649 | 1 | 2.0% |
| 54651 | 2 | 3.9% |
| 54652 | 0 | 0.0% |
| 54653 | 0 | 0.0% |
| 54654 | 2 | 3.9% |
| 54655 | 2 | 3.9% |
| 54656 | 0 | 0.0% |
| 54657 | 0 | 0.0% |
| 54658 | 2 | 3.9% |
| 54660 | 1 | 2.0% |
| 54662 | 0 | 0.0% |
| 54664 | 4 | 7.8% |
| 54665 | 5 | 9.8% |
| 54666 | 0 | 0.0% |
| 54667 | 1 | 2.0% |
| 54670 | 0 | 0.0% |

| Statistics | |
|-----------------|-------------|
| Total Responses | 51 |
| Sum | 2,778,609.0 |
| Avg. | 54,482.5 |
| StdDev | 361.4 |
| Max | 54,667.0 |

14. What is the primary energy source you use to heat your establishment?



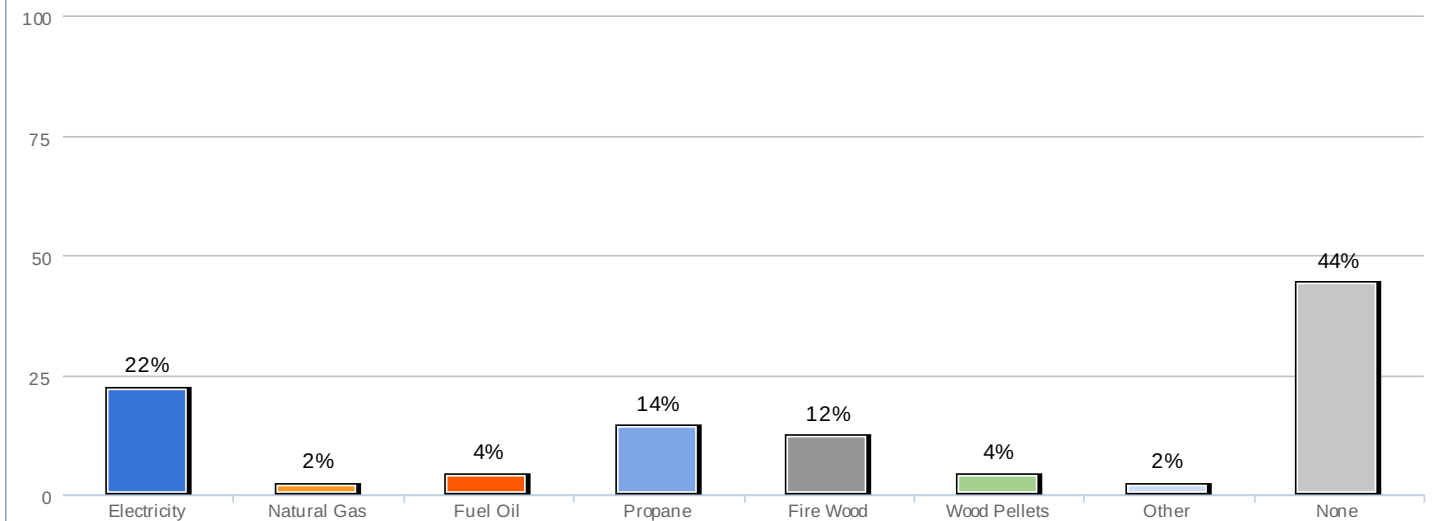
14. What is the primary energy source you use to heat your establishment?

| Value | Count | Percent % |
|--------------|-------|-----------|
| Electricity | 6 | 12.5% |
| Natural Gas | 14 | 29.2% |
| Fuel Oil | 2 | 4.2% |
| Propane | 7 | 14.6% |
| Solar | 3 | 6.3% |
| Fire Wood | 11 | 22.9% |
| Wood Chips | 0 | 0.0% |
| Wood Pellets | 0 | 0.0% |
| Other | 5 | 10.4% |

| Statistics | |
|-----------------|----|
| Total Responses | 48 |

| Open-Text Response Breakdown for "Other" | | Count |
|--|--|-------|
| Geothermal ground source heat pump | | 1 |
| None (farm buildings) | | 1 |
| animal heat | | 1 |
| geo-thermal | | 1 |
| none | | 1 |

15. What is the secondary energy source(s) you use to heat your establishment?



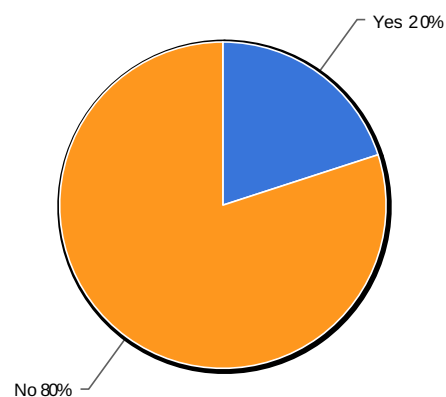
15. What is the secondary energy source(s) you use to heat your establishment?

| Value | Count | Percent % |
|--------------|-------|-----------|
| Electricity | 11 | 22.0% |
| Natural Gas | 1 | 2.0% |
| Fuel Oil | 2 | 4.0% |
| Propane | 7 | 14.0% |
| Solar | 0 | 0.0% |
| Fire Wood | 6 | 12.0% |
| Wood Chips | 0 | 0.0% |
| Wood Pellets | 2 | 4.0% |
| Other | 1 | 2.0% |
| None | 22 | 44.0% |

| Statistics | |
|-----------------|----|
| Total Responses | 50 |

| Open-Text Response Breakdown for "Other" | | Count |
|--|--|-------|
| Left Blank | | 104 |
| geothermal system | | 1 |

16. If wood pellets were 47% less in price than the cost of electricity for the equivalent amount of heat, would you switch to pellets as a heat source for your Farm, business, industry or institution?

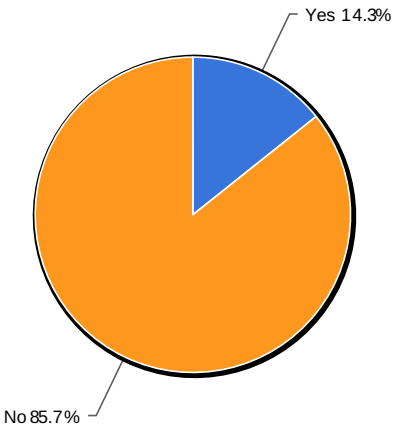


16. If wood pellets were 47% less in price than the cost of electricity for the equivalent amount of heat, would you switch to pellets as a heat source for your Farm, business, industry or institution?

| Value | Count | Percent % |
|-------|-------|-----------|
| Yes | 1 | 20.0% |
| No | 4 | 80.0% |

| Statistics | |
|-----------------|---|
| Total Responses | 5 |

17. If wood pellets were 7% more expensive than natural gas for the equivalent amount of heat, would you switch to pellets as a heat source for your Farm, business, industry or institution?

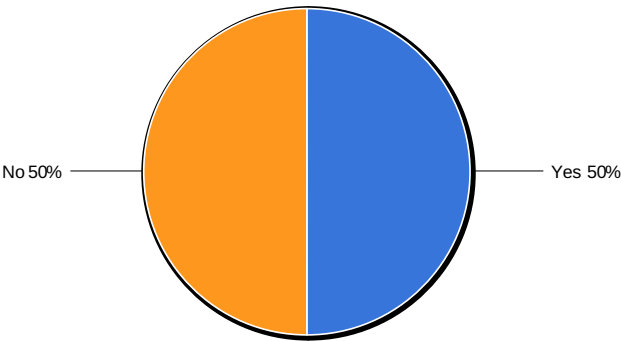


17. If wood pellets were 7% more expensive than natural gas for the equivalent amount of heat, would you switch to pellets as a heat source for your Farm, business, industry or institution?

| Value | Count | Percent % |
|-------|-------|-----------|
| Yes | 2 | 14.3% |
| No | 12 | 85.7% |

| Statistics | |
|-----------------|----|
| Total Responses | 14 |

18. If wood pellets were sold at 44% less in price than the cost of fuel oil for the equivalent amount of heat, would you switch to pellets as a heat source for your Farm, business, industry or institution?

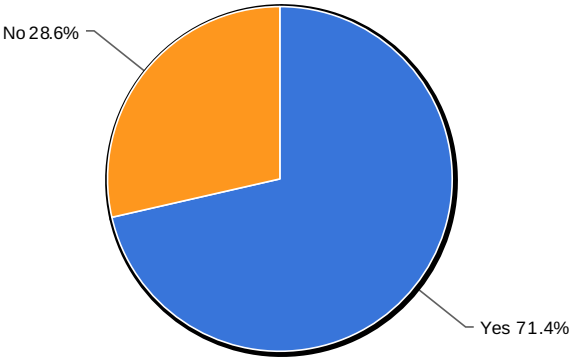


18. If wood pellets were sold at 44% less in price than the cost of fuel oil for the equivalent amount of heat, would you switch to pellets as a heat source for your Farm, business, industry or institution?

| Value | Count | Percent % |
|-------|-------|-----------|
| Yes | 1 | 50.0% |
| No | 1 | 50.0% |

| Statistics | |
|-----------------|---|
| Total Responses | 2 |

19. If wood pellets were 53% less in price than the cost of propane for the equivalent amount of heat, would you switch to pellets as a heat source?

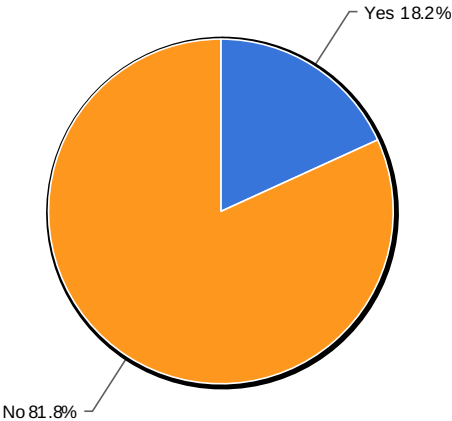


19. If wood pellets were 53% less in price than the cost of propane for the equivalent amount of heat, would you switch to pellets as a heat source?

| Value | Count | Percent % |
|-------|-------|-----------|
| Yes | 5 | 71.4% |
| No | 2 | 28.6% |

| Statistics | |
|-----------------|---|
| Total Responses | 7 |

20. If pellets were 11% more expensive than the cost of fire wood for the equivalent amount of heat, would you switch to pellets as a heat source?

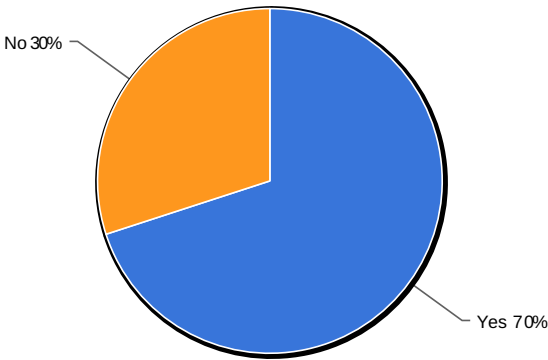


20. If pellets were 11% more expensive than the cost of fire wood for the equivalent amount of heat, would you switch to pellets as a heat source?

| Value | Count | Percent % |
|-------|-------|-----------|
| Yes | 2 | 18.2% |
| No | 9 | 81.8% |

| Statistics | |
|-----------------|----|
| Total Responses | 11 |

21. Do you think encouraging/promoting the solid wood energy industry should be a major economic development initiative in the Kickapoo Valley?



21. Do you think encouraging/promoting the solid wood energy industry should be a major economic development initiative in the Kickapoo Valley?

| Value | Count | Percent % |
|-------|-------|-----------|
| Yes | 63 | 70.0% |
| No | 27 | 30.0% |

| Statistics | |
|-----------------|----|
| Total Responses | 90 |

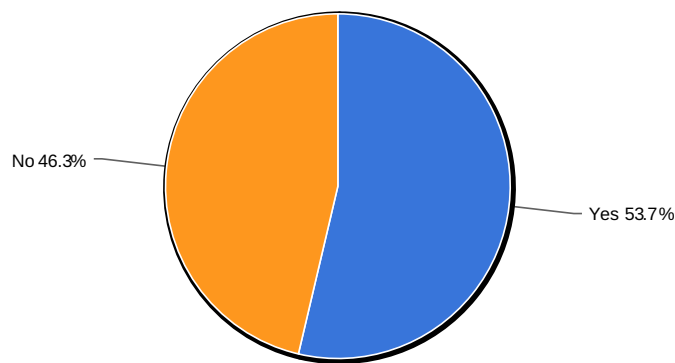
22. Please provide any comments regarding solid wood energy industry as a major economic development initiative in the Kickapoo Valley.

| Count | Response |
|-------|--|
| 1 | Any alternative energy is something that needs to be developed, analyzed and hopefully used. |
| 1 | Can't answer the above. I don't have enough information. |
| 1 | Good way to use tops after logging. they now mainly go to waste on our farm. |
| 1 | I would rather see a focus on those trees when they are standing, as a tourism piece. |
| 1 | If there is wood let us help out the ones who have wood to sell for a income. |
| 1 | It takes energy to produce wood fuel, and the byproduct is air pollution. |
| 1 | Need more information |
| 1 | Not in favor of development. |
| 1 | What is wrong with allowing the market to dictate need and demand. |
| 1 | good idea |
| 1 | yes |
| 1 | Still unclear on the TOTAL impact of solid wood energy. Planting, growth, harvest, drying, chipping (or other prep), particulate emissions and ash disposal/use |
| 1 | I don't think it would ever be a major economic player but I believe the the logging and wood industry could make better and wider use of the wood harvested. |
| 1 | I don't know, this would take some research to see the trade-offs between development in the area and sustaining the environment. |
| 1 | I like the fact that its a rebewable energy source especially for a crises situation. However the energy loss in a wood chipper outside stove looses a consideral amount of energy before it would reach the home. A wood stove is a better option in my opinion. |
| 1 | There is probably plenty of wood waste generated by all the small sawmills, but collecting and using that material economically and responsibly is a huge challenge. |
| 1 | When my woods were harvested, there was no market for biofuel. Maybe there will be in the future. |
| 1 | There are thousands of dead trees decaying in these hills. Some are already down, some are still standing. If we could convert them to pellets, it would benefit the landscape as well as the homeowners. |
| 1 | We used to have a producer of wood pellets in Viola, however the cost to maintain the business shut it down so we only have one local option. |
| 1 | IF solid wood energy harvest is used to improve timber stand management I'm all for it. IF, however, it is used to extract biomass and degrades the resource base it's suicide... Proper forest management is of utmost importance. |
| 1 | The last time I had logging done, I had trouble getting rid of the cull logs. It would be great to see a market for timber not suitable for other purposes. |
| 1 | If we come together and build the market using quality methods and knowhow, we will all benefit from a sustainable harvest of wood. |
| 1 | Please remember that you are asking parts of the existing timber/lumber industry to handle cull material and tops. There is nothing easy or safe about trucking material that is curved (Not straight like logs). I have heard many complaints from log haulers who have tried to handle cull and top material for bio-mass. |
| 1 | This needs to be done in a sustainable manner and the local population would need to be educated as to the benefits. |
| 1 | Waste wood could be used to produce energy in clean burning centralized plants, especially in villages where there is density of commercial and institutional buildings. |
| 1 | The expansion of natural gas discoveries and the volume that has been discovered is going to make natural gas very tough to compete against economically. Wood chips will need to be cheap. This explosion is hydrocarbon discoveries is changing the whole outlook of some renewable energies and they are finding more supplies every day. |
| 1 | Wood seems to be a viable fuel source and area that has potential for economic development in our area. More people are switching to pellets and I think that the demand for them will continue into the future. |
| 1 | Worth exploring all options. Fossil fuels will continue to be more costly. Look not at cost differential today but long term. |
| 1 | It would seem that there is great potential for this because the Valley is so heavily forested. Periodic thinning and culling of these forests could provide the necessary fuel for this industry. |
| 1 | As long as the industry utilizes resources that are already here and doesn't start cutting new tree's to do it. There are |

plenty of sawmills with sawdust and woodchip resources already in place.

- 1 Smoke pollution is my main concern in using more pellet fuel. I do not want to see more of that in this area but would like this fuel source to be explored if it were not for the pollution problem.
- 1 I am wondering what species of timber would be used. It seems to me that presently there is a lot of unmarketable timber that needs to be cleared from mixed woodlands containing marketable trees. I have a small farm (120 acres) with 40 acres of woodland and pasture containing woodland. I would like to have a market for the boxelder, poplar and elms.
- 1 I would be concerned if wood price increase would impact ability of poor to heat their home, or use of wood was environmentally destructive.
- 1 wood burning is dirty and inefficient compared to commercially produced electricity; natural gas; propane
- 1 People heating with solid wood fuel have source of cheap fuel or they wouldn't have installed the furnace to burn it. New construction and/or new furnace in old home in not a thriving industry here.

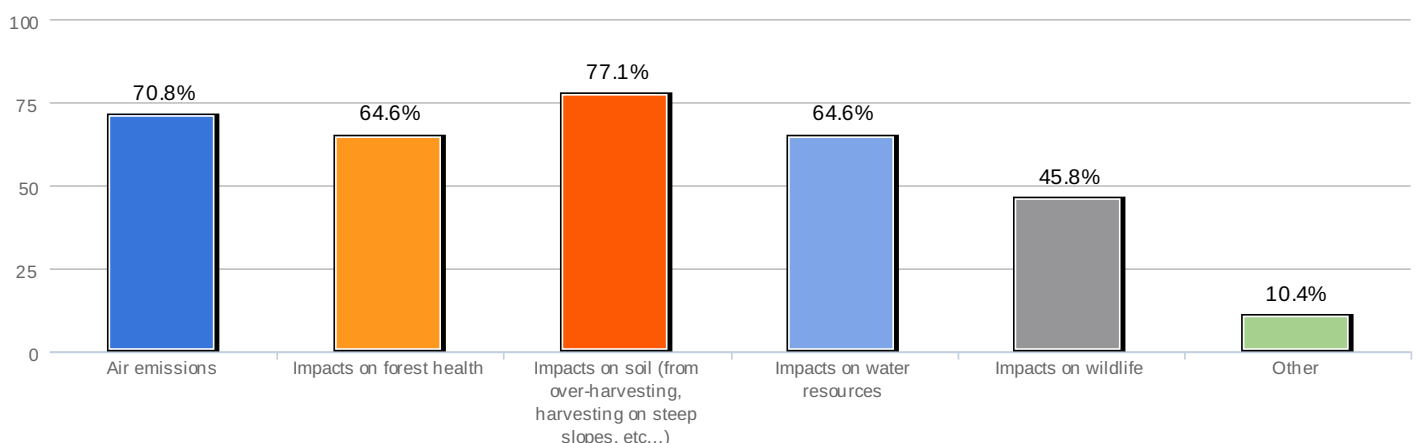
23. Are you concerned about the environmental impacts of encouraging/promoting the solid wood energy industry (wood pellets/wood chips) in the Kickapoo Valley?



23. Are you concerned about the environmental impacts of encouraging/promoting the solid wood energy industry (wood pellets/wood chips) in the Kickapoo Valley?

| Value | Count | Percent % | Statistics | |
|-------|-------|-----------|-----------------|----|
| Yes | 51 | 53.7% | Total Responses | 95 |
| No | 44 | 46.3% | | |

24. What are your primary concerns regarding the environmental impacts of encouraging/promoting the solid wood energy (wood pellets/wood chips) industry in the Kickapoo Valley?



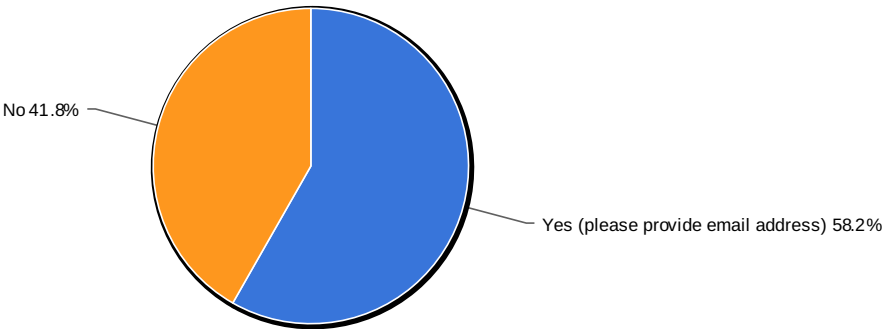
24. What are your primary concerns regarding the environmental impacts of encouraging/promoting the solid wood energy (wood pellets/wood chips) industry in the Kickapoo Valley?

| Value | Count | Percent % |
|--|-------|-----------|
| Air emissions | 34 | 70.8% |
| Impacts on forest health | 31 | 64.6% |
| Impacts on soil (from over-harvesting, harvesting on steep slopes, etc...) | 37 | 77.1% |
| Impacts on water resources | 31 | 64.6% |
| Impacts on wildlife | 22 | 45.8% |
| Other | 5 | 10.4% |

| Statistics | |
|-----------------|----|
| Total Responses | 48 |

| Open-Text Response Breakdown for "Other" | | Count |
|---|--|-------|
| Left Blank | | 100 |
| Impact on our rural home | | 1 |
| Impacts of town roads | | 1 |
| Trees good air conditioners - shade, wind protection give off oxygen, we need them! | | 1 |
| impacts on other local energy providers | | 1 |
| positive impacts compared to petroleum | | 1 |

25. Please provide your e-mail address here if you would like to be sent a web site link to view and download the results of the Survey and Feasibility Study when it is completed.



25. Please provide your e-mail address here if you would like to be sent a web site link to view and download the results of the Survey and Feasibility Study when it is completed.

| Value | Count | Percent % | Statistics | |
|------------------------------------|-------|-----------|-----------------|----|
| Yes (please provide email address) | 53 | 58.2% | Total Responses | 91 |
| No | 38 | 41.8% | | |

| Open-Text Response Breakdown for "Yes (please provide email address)" | | | | Count |
|---|--|--|--|-------|
|---|--|--|--|-------|

E-mail addresses are hidden to protect individual's privacy.

26. Please provide any additional comments you may have regarding the expansion of wood pellet and/or wood chip heating in the Kickapoo Valley.

| Count | Response |
|-------|---|
| 1 | Again, more information |
| 1 | Go for it! |
| 1 | I forgot to include transportation costs and impact in my concerns |
| 1 | If it is financially doable it will happen on its own. |
| 1 | If this could be expanded, maybe the cost of pellets could come down. |
| 1 | It seems a reasonable idea if it can be accomplished in a sustainable manner! |
| 1 | The more people know about this concept, the more support there will be for it. |
| 1 | We would encourage the expansion of increased use of all wood products. |
| 1 | yes |
| 1 | I think that wood fuel is preferable to oil or propane, but not preferable over solar, wind, or geothermal. We need to promote the use of all energy sources that are renewable, but also least impacting on the world environment. The cost over time and the payback on investment over time both monetarily and in labor intensity. Needs to be factored in. |
| 1 | Don't have enough information to complete the survey intelligently. Need to know if it would cause air quality problems and if it would cause too many trees to be cut down. |
| 1 | I think chips used for heating homes, schools, businesses, etc. are a great idea. Challenge may be dealing with slopes and equipment limitations. |
| 1 | If the study doesn't make the case for pellets or chips, I hope you'll be creative and look to other options for wood products - mulch, grilling coal etc. |
| 1 | There are gasification wood furnaces that operate much more efficiently than even catalytic wood burners. (Wood Gun, Essex) The gasification furnace uses an induction fan rather than a blower, inducing a down draft into a refractory. The gasses emitted from the hot wood are burned first, greatly reducing unspent combustibles. Both brands have wood pellet feeders and can be outside units. |
| 1 | I have been heating my resident with wood pellets for over 10 years and they have been a good source of heat. The only thing I would like to see is the price to be a little more economical. |
| 1 | We own a pellet stove and have yet to install it. Regarding my answer on not changing from propane if it was 53% less than pellets, we heat the downstairs of our home/business with wood and hope to supplement with pellets. But the upstairs is heated with propane primarily. The venting in the house makes this the most practical and efficient. If there were a way to switch our furnace over to pellets with little disruption, that would be something to interest us. |
| 1 | We have the resource of wood products and those that could be used will be wood that could be harvested for this use would fit TSI needs. It will be expensive to do this properly and any investment in this will face extremely stiff competition from hydrocarbon fuels. It needs to be feasible without tax payer funds to make it work. It will take some seed money to start this but your business plan needs to work without continued subsidies such as solar and wind still need to make them work. |
| 1 | I think that your questions about pellets being over 7% more than NG is misleading and unproductive. NG goes up and down so you'll never be able to pin it down. |
| 1 | If done properly, it would help the economy and there would be less waste when the woods are harvested. |
| 1 | I am in favor of development of wood heating if ALL of the products taken from our forests are used ONLY LOCALLY and never shipped away. The wood belongs HERE |
| 1 | I'm the Monroe County Economic Development Coordinator and I based this survey off of my family farm. We are having our Annual Monroe County Economic Development Conference on Feb. 24, 2014 and one of our panels is on alternative energy. I'd love to invite you to be part of the event. Please use my e-mail address that I used in this survey to contact me. Thanks! |
| 1 | Locally produced pellets could be a local source of employment, sourcing material has to be done responsibly. |
| 1 | Do we have any companies around la farge that has a lot of excess wood chips that could push or support a mass increase in demand of wood chips. Or would they be creating this company? |
| 1 | I'm not saying we all should BURN wood!! I'm saying we should manufacture wood pellets! Decaying wood produces carbon dioxide just as burning wood does so I'm not concerned about the CO2 but I'm concerned about particulates. But somebody is going to burn wood pellets and we should take advantage of the market! |

Appendix C

US Pellet Plants

US PELLET PLANTS

OPERATIONAL US PLANTS BY REGION (METRIC TONS)

Northeast

| Plant | State | Feedstock | Capacity |
|---------------------------------|-------|-----------------|----------|
| Corinth Wood Pellets LLC | ME | HRDWD and SFTWD | 75,000 |
| Geneva Wood Fuels | ME | HRDWD | 90,000 |
| Maine Woods Pellet Company | ME | HRDWD and SFTWD | 105,000 |
| Northeast Pellets LLC | ME | HRDWD and SFTWD | 40,000 |
| Jaffrey Manufacturing Facility | NH | HRDWD and SFTWD | 84,000 |
| Associated Harvest Inc. | NY | HRDWD | 8,000 |
| Dry Creek Products | NY | HRDWD | 100,000 |
| Curran Renewable Energy | NY | HRDWD and SFTWD | 100,000 |
| Essex Pallet & Pellet | NY | HRDWD and SFTWD | 6,000 |
| Hearthside Wood Pellets | NY | HRDWD | 700 |
| Deposit Manufacturing Facility | NY | HRDWD and SFTWD | 84,000 |
| Schuyler Manufacturing Facility | NY | HRDWD and SFTWD | 84,000 |
| Instantheat Wood Pellets Inc. | NY | HRDWD | 50,000 |
| Alexander Energy Inc | PA | HRDWD | 8,500 |
| Allegheny Pellet Corporation | PA | HRDWD | 70,000 |
| Barefoot Pellet Company | PA | HRDWD | 45,000 |
| Nazareth Pellets | PA | SFTWD | 50,000 |
| PA Pellets | PA | SFTWD | 50,000 |
| Energex Pellet Fuel, Inc. | PA | HRDWD | 120,000 |
| Great American Pellets | PA | HRDWD | 30,000 |
| Greene Team Pellet Fuel Company | PA | HRDWD | 50,000 |
| Log Hard Premium Pellets Inc. | PA | HRDWD | 25,000 |
| Pellheat Inc. | PA | HRDWD | 5,000 |
| Penn Wood Products, Inc. | PA | HRDWD | 5,000 |
| Tri State Biofuels | PA | SFTWD | 50,000 |
| Wood Pellets C&C Smith Lumber | PA | HRDWD | 36,000 |
| Vermont Wood Pellet Co. LLC | VT | SFTWD | 15,000 |

Midwest

| Plant | State | Feedstock | Capacity |
|--|-------|-----------------|----------|
| Koetter & Smith, Inc. | IN | HRDWD | 205,000 |
| Southern Indiana Hardwoods | IN | HRDWD | 10,000 |
| American Pellet Company | MI | HRDWD and SFTWD | 12,000 |
| Wolverine Hardwood Pellets | MI | HRDWD | 1,000 |
| Equustock - Clare | MI | HRDWD and SFTWD | 36,000 |
| Fiber By-Products - White Pigeon | MI | HRDWD | 60,000 |
| Isabella Pellet | MI | HRDWD and SFTWD | 40,000 |
| Kirtland Products, LLC | MI | HRDWD and SFTWD | 35,000 |
| Maeder Brothers Quality Wood Pellets, Inc. | MI | HRDWD | 18,000 |
| Michigan Timber | MI | SFTWD | 18,000 |

| | | | |
|--|----|-----------------|-------------|
| Michigan Wood Fuels | MI | HRDWD | 50,000 |
| Vulcan Wood Products | MI | HRDWD and SFTWD | 9,000 |
| Wood Pellet Coop | MN | HRDWD | Undisclosed |
| Ozark Hardwood Products | MO | HRDWD | 85,000 |
| Show Me Energy Cooperative | MO | Biomass Crops | 15,000 |
| Horizon Biofuels Inc. | NE | HRDWD and SFTWD | 20,000 |
| American Wood Fibers - Circleville | OH | HRDWD and SFTWD | 50,000 |
| Deadwood Biofuels LLC | SD | SFTWD | 71,000 |
| American Wood Fibers - Wisconsin | WI | HRDWD and SFTWD | 25,000 |
| Dejno's Inc. | WI | HRDWD and SFTWD | 40,000 |
| Fiber Recovery Inc. | WI | HRDWD | 13,000 |
| Great Lakes Renewable Energy, Inc. | WI | HRDWD and SFTWD | 70,000 |
| Green Friendly Pellets, LLC | WI | HRDWD | 17,000 |
| Indeck Energy Ladysmith Biofuel Center LLC | WI | HRDWD | 90,000 |
| Marth Peshtigo Pellet Company | WI | HRDWD | 64,000 |
| Marth Wood Shavings Supply | WI | HRDWD | 24,000 |

West

| Plant | State | Feedstock | Capacity |
|---|-------|-----------------|-------------|
| Mallard Creek Inc. | CA | SFTWD | 60,000 |
| Confluence Energy-Kremmling | CO | SFTWD | 100,000 |
| Confluence Energy-Walden | CO | SFTWD | 65,000 |
| Environmental Energy Partners | CO | SFTWD | 18,000 |
| Jensen Lumber Co. | ID | SFTWD | 15,000 |
| Lignetics of Idaho Inc | ID | SFTWD | 80,000 |
| North Idaho Energy Logs Inc. | ID | SFTWD | 60,000 |
| North Idaho Energy Logs Inc. | ID | SFTWD | 45,000 |
| Lemhi Valley Pellets | ID | HRDWD and SFTWD | 2,600 |
| Rocky Canyon Pellet Co. | ID | HRDWD and SFTWD | 10,000 |
| Bear Mountain Forest Products - Cascade Locks | OR | SFTWD | 40,000 |
| Bear Mountain Forest Products- Brownsville | OR | SFTWD | 120,000 |
| Blue Mountain Lumber Products | OR | SFTWD | 20,000 |
| Frank Pellets | OR | SFTWD | 21,000 |
| Malheur Pellet Mill | OR | SFTWD | 18,000 |
| Pacific Pellet LLC | OR | HRDWD | 40,000 |
| Dillard Composite Specialties | OR | SFTWD | 40,000 |
| West Oregon Wood Products - Banks | OR | SFTWD | 30,000 |
| West Oregon Wood Products - Columbia City | OR | SFTWD | 50,000 |
| Woodgrain Millwork Inc. | OR | SFTWD | Undisclosed |
| Manke Lumber Company | WA | HRDWD | 38,000 |
| Olympus Pellets - Shelton | WA | SFTWD | 50,000 |
| Arbor Pellet LLC | UT | HRDWD and SFTWD | 85,000 |
| Bearlodge Forest Products | WY | SFTWD | 5,000 |

Southeast

| Plant | State | Feedstock | Capacity |
|---------------------------------|-------|-----------------|-------------|
| Equustock - Jasper | AL | HRDWD and SFTWD | 36,000 |
| Lee Energy Solutions | AL | HRDWD | 110,000 |
| Nature's Earth Pellets - Reform | AL | SFTWD | 75,000 |
| Westervelt Renewable Energy, | AL | SFTWD | 309,000 |
| Fiber Energy Products AR LLC | AR | HRDWD | 110,000 |
| Fiber Resources Inc. | AR | HRDWD | Undisclosed |
| Equustock - Montebrook | FL | SFTWD | 40,000 |
| Green Circle Bio Energy Inc | FL | HRDWD and SFTWD | 560,000 |
| Appling County Pellets LLC | GA | HRDWD and SFTWD | 200,000 |
| Georgia Biomass | GA | HRDWD and SFTWD | 825,000 |
| SEGA Biofuels LLC | GA | SFTWD | 150,000 |
| Varn Wood Products | GA | SFTWD | 80,000 |
| Somerset Pellet Fuel | KY | HRDWD | 50,000 |
| Southern Kentucky Pellet Mill | KY | HRDWD | 12,000 |
| Anderson Hardwood Pellets | KY | HRDWD | 25,000 |
| Bayou Wood Pellets | LA | HRDWD and SFTWD | 60,000 |
| New Biomass Energy | MS | HRDWD and SFTWD | 250,000 |
| Enviva Pellets Amory | MS | HRDWD and SFTWD | 100,000 |
| Enviva Pellets Wiggins | MS | HRDWD and SFTWD | 150,000 |

| | | | |
|-------------------------------------|----|-----------------|---------|
| Enviva Pellets Ahsokie | NC | HRDWD and SFTWD | 385,000 |
| Nature's Earth Pellets - Laurinburg | NC | HRDWD and SFTWD | 100,000 |
| Low Country Biomass | SC | HRDWD | 240,000 |
| Ace Pellet Co. LLC | TN | HRDWD | 10,000 |
| Hassell & Hughes Lumber Co. | TN | HRDWD | 3,000 |
| Henry County Hardwoods Inc. | TN | HRDWD | 40,000 |

Southwest

| Plant | State | Feedstock | Capacity |
|---------------------------------|-------|-----------------|-------------|
| Forest Energy Corp. | AZ | SFTWD | 62,000 |
| Equustock - Raton | NM | HRDWD and SFTWD | 40,000 |
| Mt. Taylor Machine Pellet Fuel | NM | HRDWD and SFTWD | 6,000 |
| German Pellets Texas | TX | HRDWD and SFTWD | 550,000 |
| Patterson Wood Products Inc. | TX | SFTWD | 40,000 |
| Appalachian Wood Pellets | WV | HRDWD | Undisclosed |
| Hamer Pellet Fuel Elkins | WV | HRDWD | 60,000 |
| Lignetics of West Virginia Inc. | WV | HRDWD | 125,000 |

Other

| Plant | State | Feedstock | Capacity |
|---------------------------|-------|-----------|----------|
| Superior Pellet Fuels LLC | AK | HRDWD | 12,000 |

US PELLET PLANTS UNDER CONSTRUCTION (METRIC TONS)

| Plant | State | Feedstock | Capacity |
|-----------------------------------|-------|-----------------|-----------|
| International Biomass Energy LLC | AL | HRDWD and SFTWD | 500,000 |
| Selma Plant | AL | HRDWD and SFTWD | 300,000 |
| Dover Resources, Inc. | CA | HRDWD and SFTWD | 35,000 |
| Vulcan Renewables LLC | FL | SFTWD | 120,000 |
| Fulghum Graanul Oliver LLC | GA | HRDWD and SFTWD | 200,000 |
| German Pellets Urania | LA | SFTWD | 1,000,000 |
| F.E. Wood & Sons - Natural Energy | ME | HRDWD and SFTWD | 35,000 |
| Enviva Pellets Northampton | NC | HRDWD and SFTWD | 500,000 |
| Enviva Pellets Southampton | VA | HRDWD and SFTWD | 500,000 |

PROPOSED US PELLET PLANTS (METRIC TONS)

| Plant | State | Feedstock | Capacity |
|---------------------------------------|-------|-----------------------|-----------|
| Crockett Plant | TX | Hardwood and Softwood | 44,000 |
| Beaver Wood Energy | VT | Hardwood and Softwood | 110,000 |
| Biomass Power Louisiana LLC | LA | Softwood | 1,000,000 |
| Morehouse BioEnergy | MA | Woody Biomass | 500,000 |
| Enova Energy- Gordon | GA | Softwood | 550,000 |
| Enova Energy- Warrenton | GA | Softwood | 550,000 |
| First Georgia BioEnergy | GA | Softwood | 38,000 |
| Fram Renewable Fuels - Hazlehurst | GA | Softwood | 500,000 |
| General Biofuels - Georgia | GA | Softwood | 440,000 |
| Highland Biofuels LLC | KY | Hardwood | 100,000 |
| Mt. Taylor - WoodYouRecycle! Facility | NM | Hardwood and Softwood | 6,000 |
| Franklin Pellets | VA | Hardwood and Softwood | 500,000 |
| Nex Gen Biomass | AR | Softwood | 500,000 |
| Riverside Pellets, LLC | NC | Hardwood and Softwood | 50,000 |
| Thermogen Industries | NH | Woody Biomass | 110,000 |

Appendix D

Possible Sources of Wood Residue

POSSIBLE SOURCES OF WOOD RESIDUE

PRIMARY FOREST INDUSTRY

| COMPANY | TYPE | CITY | STATE | COUNTY | ANNUAL PROD. (MBF) |
|------------------------------------|------------|-------------------|-------|-------------|--------------------|
| FILLMORE SAWMILL | STATIONARY | WYKOFF | MN | FILLMORE | 0-100 |
| ROOT RIVER HARDWOODS INC. | STATIONARY | PRESTON | MN | FILLMORE | 3000+ |
| BILL JOHNSTON | PORTABLE | HOUSTON | MN | HOUSTON | 0-100 |
| CRYSTAL VALLEY HARDWOODS | STATIONARY | HOUSTON | MN | HOUSTON | 1001-3000 |
| STAGGEMEYER STAVE CO | STATIONARY | CALEDONIA | MN | HOUSTON | 1001-3000 |
| CLAUDE PATZNER | STATIONARY | UTICA | MN | WINONA | 0-100 |
| GINGERICH SAWMILL | STATIONARY | ST. CHARLES | MN | WINONA | 101-500 |
| MONTANA CATTLE AND TIMBER | STATIONARY | WINONA | MN | WINONA | 0-100 |
| PETE JILK | PORTABLE | ST. CHARLES | MN | WINONA | 0-100 |
| TOM HEIM | PORTABLE | ST. CHARLES | MN | WINONA | 0-100 |
| HEITMAN LUMBER | SAWMILL | DURAND | WI | BUFFALO | 1,500 |
| SERUM LUMBER | SAWMILL | ALMA | WI | BUFFALO | 400 |
| BILL FOLEY | SAWMILL | EASTMAN | WI | CRAWFORD | 200 |
| HAMEL FOREST PRODUCTS (FERRYVILLE) | SAWMILL | VESPER | WI | CRAWFORD | 3,500 |
| NELSON HARDWOOD LUMBER | SAWMILL | PR DU CHIEN | WI | CRAWFORD | 7,500 |
| COOKS WOOD | SAWMILL | FENNIMORE | WI | GRANT | 25 |
| DRESSLER SAWMILL | SAWMILL | LANCASTER | WI | GRANT | 75 |
| F&N MILLS | SAWMILL | BOSCOBEL | WI | GRANT | 350, |
| FRAZIER & SONS LOGGING AND LUMBER | SAWMILL | BLUE RIVER | WI | GRANT | 2,000 |
| GARY B FULLER | SAWMILL | PR DU CHIEN | WI | GRANT | 500, |
| MICHAEL UDELHOFEN SAWMILL | SAWMILL | CASSVILLE | WI | GRANT | 120 |
| SCHWABE ENTERPRISES | SAWMILL | MUSCODA | WI | GRANT | 300 |
| SOUTHERN WISCONSIN SILO CO | FIREWOOD | BLUE RIVER | WI | GRANT | 114 |
| WIELAND & SONS | SAWMILL | MUSCODA | WI | GRANT | 2,000 |
| NELSON HARDWOOD LUMBER CO INC | SAWMILL | MUSCODA | WI | IOWA | 3,000 |
| BLACK RIVER COUNTRY LOG HOMES INC. | LOG HOME | BLACK RIVER FALLS | WI | JACKSON | 300 |
| LEVIS CREEK FOREST PRODUCTS | SAWMILL | BLACK RIVER FALLS | WI | JACKSON | 2,000 |
| MEISTERS FOREST PRODUCTS | SAWMILL | BLACK RIVER FALLS | WI | JACKSON | 10,000 |
| JOHN'S WELDING | FIREWOOD | TOMAH | WI | MONROE | 91 |
| RON LARSON SAWMILL | SAWMILL | CASHTON | WI | MONROE | 300 |
| GRELL LUMBER CO | SAWMILL | GOETHAM | WI | RICHLAND | 3,000 |
| RIVERSIDE SAWMILL | SAWMILL | MUSCODA | WI | RICHLAND | 5,000 |
| ROCKBRIDGE SAWMILL INC | SAWMILL | RICHLAND CENTER | WI | RICHLAND | 5,000 |
| HACK-AWAY FOREST PRODUCTS INC | SAWMILL | BARABOO | WI | SAUK | 1,500 |
| MIDWEST HARDWOODS | SAWMILL | REEDSBURG | WI | SAUK | 15,000 |
| RAY ZOBEL & SON INC | SAWMILL | REEDSBURG | WI | SAUK | 50 |
| RED BEARD LUMBER, LLC | SAWMILL | SPRING GREEN | WI | SAUK | 100 |
| RUHLAND HARLAND SAWMILL | SAWMILL | LOGANVILLE | WI | SAUK | 400 |
| TIMBERGREEN | SAWMILL | SPRING GREEN | WI | SAUK | 20 |
| BLAIR HARDWOODS | SAWMILL | BLAIR | WI | TREMPEALEAU | 4,000 |
| HAWKEYE FOREST PRODUCTS | SAWMILL | TREMPEALEAU | WI | TREMPEALEAU | 4,500 |
| KOXLIEN BROS WOOD PRODUCTS | SAWMILL | STRUM | WI | TREMPEALEAU | 5,000 |
| PINE CREEK PALLET CO | SAWMILL | DODGE | WI | TREMPEALEAU | 454 |
| S&S WOOD PRODUCTS INC | SHAVINGS | INDEPENDENCE | WI | TREMPEALEAU | 2,727 |
| COOK CREEK SAWMILL | SAWMILL | NORWALK | WI | VERNON | 200 |
| DAVID TROYER | SAWMILL | LA FARGE | WI | VERNON | 200 |
| ELI YODER | SHAVINGS | WESTBY | WI | VERNON | 100 |
| EMANUEL P MILLER | SAWMILL | LA FARGE | WI | VERNON | 200 |
| ERVIN MILLER | SAWMILL | CHASEBURG | WI | VERNON | 300 |
| JACOB SCHROCK | SAWMILL | WESTBY | WI | VERNON | 300 |
| WHITE CITY LUMBER INC. | SAWMILL | HILLSBORO | WI | VERNON | 2,000 |
| SCHROER HARDWOOD LUMBER CO. | SAWMILL | LA FARGE | WI | VERNON | 1,000 |

SECONDARY FOREST INDUSTRY

| COMPANY | CITY | STATE | COUNTY | ANNUAL PROD. (MBF) |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------|-------|-------------|--------------------|
| BUILDERS MILLWORK INC | MONDOVI | WI | BUFFALO | 0.5 |
| PRAIRIE CABINET SHOP | PRAIRIE DU CHIEN | WI | CRAWFORD | |
| HOMETTE CORP (DIV SKYLINE) | LANCASTER | WI | GRANT | |
| RODDY'S SIGNS INC | BOSCOBEL | WI | GRANT | 6,000 |
| WISCONSIN WOODWORKS INC | DICKEYVILLE | WI | GRANT | |
| TRI STAR PALLETS INC. | HIGHLAND | WI | IOWA | |
| WALNUT HOLLOW FARM | DODGEVILLE | WI | IOWA | |
| HART TIE & LUMBER | BLACK RIVER FALLS | WI | JACKSON | |
| LEVIS CREEK FOREST PRODUCTS | BLACK RIVER FALLS | WI | JACKSON | 7,150 |
| ENDEAVOR HARDWOODS | LYNDON STATION | WI | JUNEAU | 4,580 |
| MEADOW VALLEY LOG HOMES | MATHER | WI | JUNEAU | 4,010 |
| NECEDAH PALLET CO INC | NECEDAH | WI | JUNEAU | 5,750 |
| STAN'S IND WOODWORK INC | LYNDON STATION | WI | JUNEAU | 4,000 |
| CABINET FACTORY INC | LA CROSSE | WI | LACROSSE | 125,000,000 |
| COULEE REGION LOG HOMES Co | HOLMEN | WI | LACROSSE | 1.5 |
| CREATIVE LAMINATES INC | LACROSSE | WI | LACROSSE | 2,000 |
| DESIGN CABINETRY INC | HOLMEN | WI | LACROSSE | 1,000 |
| HERAM CUST WOODWORKING | ONALASKA | WI | LACROSSE | |
| MODERN WOODWORKING INC. | LACROSSE | WI | LACROSSE | 100,000 |
| NORTHERN WOOD PROD INC | LA CROSSE | WI | LACROSSE | |
| REALWOOD PRODUCTS INC | LA CROSSE | WI | LACROSSE | |
| 3-D ENTERPRISES | SPARTA | WI | MONROE | 10,500 |
| MACDONALD & OWEN VENEER & LUMBER Co | SPARTA | WI | MONROE | 75,000 |
| NORTHLAND PALLET | SPARTA | WI | MONROE | 30,150 |
| UNIVERSAL FOREST PRODUCTS INC | WARRENS | WI | MONROE | 25,000 |
| AGWOODS INC | RICHLAND CENTER | WI | RICHLAND | 3,000 |
| PINE RIVER WOODCRAFT | RICHLAND CENTER | WI | RICHLAND | 4,000 |
| RICHLAND PATTERNS INC | RICHLAND CENTER | WI | RICHLAND | 2 |
| CONIFER WEST WOODWORKS | SPRING GREEN | WI | SAUK | 15 |
| HARMS CABINET & MILLWORK | REEDSBURG | WI | SAUK | |
| HILLCREST | HILLPOINT | WI | SAUK | 15.5 |
| REEDSBURG HARDWOODS | REEDSBURG | WI | SAUK | |
| SCHULTER WOOD PRODUCTS INC | PLAIN | WI | SAUK | 5 |
| SPIRO FURNITURE | HILLPOINT | WI | SAUK | |
| ASHLEY FURNITURE IND | WHITEHALL | WI | TREMPEALEAU | 23 |
| ASHLEY FURNITURE INDUSTRIES | ARCADIA | WI | TREMPEALEAU | 2,500,000 |
| BLADE MILLWORKS INC | STRUM | WI | TREMPEALEAU | |
| HAWKEYE FOREST PRODUCTS | TREMPEALEAU | WI | TREMPEALEAU | 3.7 |
| NORWINN COMPANY INC | GALESVILLE | WI | TREMPEALEAU | |
| SPELTZ SIGN Co | WHITEHALL | WI | TREMPEALEAU | 600 |
| STARWOOD RAFTERS INC | INDEPENDENCE | WI | TREMPEALEAU | 100,000 |

Appendix E

Wisconsin State Incentives

WISCONSIN STATE INCENTIVES

JOB CREATION DEDUCTION

Beginning with taxable years starting on or after January 1, 2011, a subtraction from federal income is allowed based on the increase in the number of full-time equivalent employees that are employed in Wisconsin during the taxable year. The subtraction from federal income is equal to \$2,000 per eligible employee for businesses with gross receipts greater than \$5 million or \$4,000 per eligible employee for businesses with gross receipts of \$5 million or less.

WHO IS ELIGIBLE TO CLAIM THE DEDUCTION

An individual, estate, trust, limited liability company (LLC), corporation or tax exempt corporation may claim the deduction.

WHO MAY NOT CLAIM THE DEDUCTION

Partnerships, LLCs treated as partnerships, and tax option (S) corporations cannot claim the deduction; however, the deduction computed by those business entities can pass through to the partners, members, or shareholders.

QUALIFICATIONS

To qualify for the Wisconsin jobs creation deduction, you must meet all of the following conditions:

- The employer must increase the number of full-time equivalent employees employed in Wisconsin during the taxable year
- The employer can be an existing business or a new business
- The business relocation credit or deduction cannot also be claimed

DEFINITIONS

"Full-time equivalent employee" means an employee who is a resident of Wisconsin, is employed in a regular, non-seasonal job, and who, as a condition of employment, is required to work at least 2080 hours per year, including paid leave and holidays. See Wis. Admin. Code Tax 3.05(2)(c).

"Employee" means any officer of a corporation or any individual who has the status of an employee or any individual who performs services for remuneration for any person. See sec. 3121(d) of the Internal Revenue Code.

CLAIMING THE DEDUCTION

Use Schedule JC to claim the job creation deduction. For further information, you may visit the department's website at revenue.wi.gov, write to the Wisconsin Department of Revenue, Mail Stop 5-144, PO Box 8906, Madison WI 53708-8906, or call the Department of Revenue at 608-266-2772.

DEDUCTION COMPUTATION

The deduction is based on the increase in the number of full-time equivalent employees employed by the taxpayer in Wisconsin during the taxable year, multiplied by \$4,000 for a business with gross receipts no greater than \$5 million in the taxable year or \$2,000 for a business with gross receipts greater than \$5 million in the taxable year.

JOBS TAX CREDIT

The Jobs Tax Credit is available for businesses for taxable years that begin on or after January 1, 2010.

CLAIMING THE CREDIT

Use Schedule JT to claim the Jobs Tax Credit and include the schedule with your Wisconsin franchise or income tax return. Also include a copy of the certificate of eligibility to claim tax benefits issued by the WI EDC when the tax return is filed. For more information regarding how to become certified, visit the WI EDC web site at www.wedc.org.

WHO IS ELIGIBLE TO COMPUTE THE CREDIT

An individual, estate, trust, partnership, limited liability company (LLC), corporation, or tax-exempt organization that is certified by the WI EDC may compute the credit.

WHO MAY NOT CLAIM THE CREDIT

Partnerships, LLCs treated as partnerships, and tax option (S) corporations cannot claim the credit; however, the credit computed by those business entities can pass through to the partners, members, or shareholders.

QUALIFICATIONS

To qualify for the Wisconsin Jobs Tax Credit, you must meet all of the following conditions:

- The WI EDC must certify that the claimant is operating or intends to operate a business in Wisconsin and that a contract has been entered into with the Wisconsin EDC.
- The claimant has received from the WI EDC a notice of eligibility to receive tax benefits that reports the amount of tax benefit for which claimant is eligible.

CREDIT COMPUTATION

The credit is based on the amount of wages paid to eligible employees in the taxable year, subject to a maximum amount of ten percent of such wages, and the costs incurred by the claimant to undertake training activities in current year.

UNUSED CREDITS

For taxable years that began in 2010 and 2011, the Jobs Tax Credit could only be used to reduce the amount of tax owed to zero. If there are unused credits remaining from those years, they may be carried forward to taxable years beginning in 2012 when the credit can be used to reduce the amount of tax to zero and any remaining credit will be refunded.

CREDIT IS INCOME

The amount of credit computed on Schedule JT is income and must be reported on your Wisconsin franchise or income tax return for the year computed.

WISCONSIN MANUFACTURING AND AGRICULTURE CREDIT

The manufacturing and agriculture credit is available to individuals and entities for taxable years that begin on or after January 1, 2013, for manufacturing and agricultural activities in Wisconsin.

CLAIMING THE CREDIT

A schedule to be used for claiming the credit will be available on the department's website by December 1, 2013.

WHO IS ELIGIBLE TO CLAIM THE CREDIT

An individual, estate, trust, partnership, limited liability company (LLC), or corporation can compute the credit if the claimant owns or rents and uses in Wisconsin real property and improvements assessed as agriculture property under s. 70.32(2)(a)4., Wis. Stats., or owns or rents and uses in Wisconsin real and personal manufacturing property assessed under s. 70.995, Wis. Stats.

Partnerships, LLCs treated as partnerships, and tax-option (S) corporations cannot claim the credit; however, the credit computed by those business entities can pass through to the partners, members, or shareholders.

Trusts and estates may pass the credit through to their beneficiaries based on the income allocable to each.

WHO MAY NOT CLAIM THE CREDIT

Insurance companies cannot claim the credit.

Note: A person who rents land to, for example a farmer, to be used in agriculture cannot claim the credit based on the rental income. Only the farmer who rented the land and used it in agriculture may use the rented land value in computing the credit.

CREDIT COMPUTATION

The credit is a percentage of "eligible qualified production activities income." The credit is calculated by multiplying eligible qualified production activities income by one of the following percentages.

- For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2012, and before January 1, 2014, 1.875 percent
- For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2013, and before January 1, 2015, 3.75 percent
- For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2014, and before January 1, 2016, 5.526 percent
 - For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2015, 7.5 percent

For a corporation, eligible qualified production activities income is the lesser of:

- eligible qualified production activities income,
- income apportioned to Wisconsin, or
- income taxable to Wisconsin as determined by combined reporting law, if the corporation is a member of a Wisconsin combined group

Income from the following activities may not be used to claim the credit

- Film production,
- Producing, transmitting or distributing electricity, natural gas, or potable water,
- Constructing real property (except that income from producing real property can qualify for the credit),
- The sale of food and beverage that you prepared at a retail establishment,
- The lease, rental, license, sale, exchange, or other disposition of land, and
- Engineering or architectural services.

CREDIT IS INCOME

The amount of credit that is claimed is income and must be reported as income on the claimant's Wisconsin franchise or income tax return for the taxable year Page 2 of 2 immediately after the taxable year in which the credit is computed.

UNUSED CREDITS

- The amount of credit not entirely offset against Wisconsin income or franchise taxes may be carried forward and credited against Wisconsin income or franchise taxes due for up to fifteen years.
- The credit can only be used to offset the Wisconsin franchise or income tax due of the corporation that generated it. It cannot be shared with other members of a combined group.
- Nothing in this fact sheet replaces or changes any provisions of Wisconsin tax law, administrative rules, or court decisions.

PROPERTY TAX EXEMPTION FOR MANUFACTURING MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT

Under sec. 70.11(27)(b), Wis. Stats., "machinery and specific processing equipment; and repair parts, replacement machines, safety attachments and special foundations for that machinery and equipment; that are used exclusively and directly in the production process in manufacturing tangible personal property, regardless of their attachment to real property, but not including buildings" are exempt from property tax. The statute specifies that the exemption is to be strictly construed and provides definition of "building," "machinery," "manufacturing," "production process," "used directly," and "used exclusively," among other terms.

To qualify for the machinery and equipment (M&E) exemption, a business must first be classified as "manufacturing." These are activities that are classified as "manufacturing" in the Standard Industrial Classification Manual. In addition, mining, photo finishing laboratories, scrap metal processing, wastepaper processing and hazardous waste facilities are defined to be manufacturing activities. [See attached for a complete list of manufacturing activities.] A business owned by a manufacturer but not classified manufacturing does not qualify for the M&E exemption.

Once classified manufacturing, the property must be used exclusively and directly in the manufacturing production process to be exempt. The production process begins with the conveyance of raw materials to the first work point and ends with the conveyance of the finished product to the place of first storage. Thus, receipt, inspection and storage of raw materials and storage of finished products are not part of the production process.

To be used directly in the production process means that the qualifying property must cause a physical or chemical change in raw materials or cause a movement of raw materials. Equipment used only to preserve or protect raw materials is considered taxable storage equipment. The property may not be used for other purposes more than 5% of its total use.

Exempt items include the following:

- Machinery and specific processing equipment
- Repair parts
- Replacement machines
- Safety attachments
- Special foundations for qualifying machinery and equipment
- Parts of buildings that are part of the production process, e.g. kilns, malt aging silos, graving docks used as conveyers, work platforms or measuring instruments
- Equipment used for storing work in process less than three days
- Forklifts/conveyers used at least 95% of time for moving material along production line
- Quality control equipment used for testing the product manufactured
- Power wiring
- Motors, compressors and computers that exclusively power or operate exempt machines
- Process piping
- Packaging equipment, including in-house printing of labels, instructions, manuals
- Hand tools used with exempt machines
- Computers used in manufacturing process

Taxable items include the following:

- Boilers, generators, transformers
- Quality control equipment of raw materials received
- Shipping and receiving equipment
- Raw material storage equipment, e.g. racks, tanks, silos, refrigeration
- Finished product storage equipment, including refrigeration
- Storage equipment for work in process stored for more than three days
- Forklifts and shelving used in warehouses
- Equipment to maintain and repair production machines, buildings and grounds
- Communication equipment
- Research and development equipment used for new products or improving existing products
- Pilot plants involved with prototype development where sample products are not sold to customers
- Creative work by authors, artists, ad agencies, photographers, etc.
- In addition to the M&E exemption, there are separate exemptions for waste treatment facilities and computers.

Manufacturing Activities

- Metal mining
- Mining and quarrying of nonmetallic minerals, except fuels
- Food and kindred products
- Tobacco manufacturers
- Textile mill products
- Apparel and other finished products made from fabrics and similar materials
- Lumber and wood products
- Furniture and fixtures
- Paper and allied products
- Printing, publishing, and allied industries
- Chemicals and allied products
- Petroleum refining and related industries
- Rubber and miscellaneous plastic products
- Leather and leather products
- Stone, clay, glass and concrete products
- Primary metal industries
- Fabricated metal products, machinery and transportation equipment
- Machinery
- Electrical and electronic machinery, equipment and supplies
- Transportation equipment
- Measuring, analyzing and controlling instruments; photographic, medical and optical goods; watches and clocks
- Photofinishing laboratories
- Scrap processors
- Processors of waste paper, fibers or plastics
- Hazardous waste treatment facilities

Appendix F

PFI Pellet Stove Fact Sheet

PELLET STOVES

Once you experience a pellet stove, it's easy to understand why people rave about these efficient and unique home heaters that generate an automated, economical and earth-friendly wood heat...and all without firewood! For just pennies an hour, a pellet stove can deliver a deep, penetrating warmth that provides independence from high heating bills while emitting almost no wood smoke. And, with tremendous flexibility in installation and sizing, pellet stoves are a sophisticated choice for convenient heat that helps protect the environment and doesn't break the bank.

Help Take Control of Heating Costs

Pellet stoves are the perfect choice for people that often experience high home heating bills due to fluctuating energy costs. In fact, pellet stoves are often installed in homes as secondary heat sources to help maintain control over heating expenses. The reason is the fuel. Pellet stoves burn economical pellets made from recycled sawdust. The economy of pellets is due to the low cost of the materials and the efficiency of the manufacturing processes, as well as the ability for people to lock in an entire year of fuel costs before the beginning of the heating season.



Efficient Heat and Minimal Emissions

Pellet stoves are efficient home heaters thanks to state-of-the-art technology that helps control the fuel-to-air ratio within the stove and ensures almost complete combustion of the fuel. This technology helps to generate minimal wood smoke, making pellet stoves the lowest emission solid-fuel burning hearth products available today and a popular choice in areas where winter air quality is an issue.

Automated Wood Burning

A pellet stove is an automated wood burner. Pellet stoves operate with an easy-to-use

convenience while providing a rich, radiant and convection heat. To use a pellet stove, simply load a supply of pellets into the hopper and start the stove. Once the stove is operating, an automated feed system delivers the wood pellets into a burn chamber within the stove where combustion air is forced through the fire creating a mini furnace. In many pellet stoves, the ignition system is also automatic, increasing the convenience factor.

Easily Installed and Maintained

The power-venting feature of a pellet stove allows for installation almost anywhere in a home. The key to installation is placing the stove near an electrical outlet. All pellet stoves require electricity to operate, although battery packs are available for many stoves just in case the power goes out. Once installed, pellet stoves are easy to maintain. Routine tasks include filling the hopper with pellets, emptying the ash pan weekly, periodic cleaning of the burn pot, hopper, ash traps and glass, and annual professional service of the entire unit before the start of each cold season.

Selecting a Pellet Stove

Much like any other appliance, it is important to spend the time to choose the right pellet stove. Before you make your final decision, visit a specialty retailer in your area for experienced advice. A specialty retailer is a trained pellet stove expert. He or she can arrange for installation by a certified professional installer and provide a resource for where to purchase pellets in your area. Specialty retailers are also the best source of information about how to correctly operate a pellet stove and what is necessary for proper maintenance.

For a list of specialty retailers, visit www.pelletheat.org.

PELLET STOVE CHECKLIST

Information to consider when selecting a pellet stove

TYPE: Pellet stoves are classified by the amount of heat they generate – high versus low output.

SIZE: The physical size of a pellet stove is less important than the heat-generating capacity of the stove and the size of the fuel hopper. A small stove can heat a large space but might not hold more than a day's worth of pellets.

LOCATION: Pellet stoves require less installation space than other types of stoves and can be located as little as three inches from a wall, depending on the model. A pellet stove must also be installed a specific distance away from combustible surfaces and materials, such as drapes and doors, and be placed on non-combustible surface such as a hearth pad.

VENTING: Since pellet stoves are power vented they can be installed almost anywhere in home, including through the ceiling, through a wall, or into an existing masonry chimney as long as the installation includes at least three feet of vertical chimney. Pellet stove chimneys are unique and are usually three or four inches in diameter. The chimney is also lined with stainless steel.

FEATURES: There are three different types of ignition systems available in pellet stoves: standard (requiring the use of starter gel and a match); self-starting (where the user pushes a button to start the stove or uses a remote control); and fully automatic (where the stove is controlled by a thermostat and cycles on and off depending on the heat level selected). Other optional features include self-cleaning glass, self-cleaning burn pots, and deep pedestal ash pans. Some stove models even have battery back-up systems for when the power goes out (since pellet stoves require electricity to operate).

STYLE: Full bay view doors and windows trimmed in gold or black are examples of the styling options available for pellet stoves. Porcelain or cast iron finishes are also available options with many models of pellet stoves.

INSTALLATION: To ensure the safe and reliable installation of a pellet stove, the Hearth, Patio & Barbecue Association recommends that people use a specialty retailer and a certified professional installer to perform installation tasks. These professionals will obtain the necessary building permits, make sure that the necessary three feet of vertical chimney is used in the installation and ensure the stove is installed on a hearth pad.

MAINTENANCE: Pellet stoves are simple to maintain, but routine tasks must be performed regularly to ensure proper function. These tasks include emptying

the ash drawer, cleaning the burn pot, hopper, ash traps and glass, and scheduling professional service inspections each year before the start of the cold season. In addition, the HPBA recommends that chimneys and vents be inspected annually (and cleaned as necessary) by a chimney sweep certified by the Chimney Safety Institute of America.

FUEL REQUIREMENTS: Two grades of wood pellet fuel are available for pellet stoves: premium and standard. The difference between the two is their percentage of inorganic ash content. There is significantly less stove maintenance with the use of premium pellet fuel. There are also pellet stoves that can burn pellets with corn, a growing trend in home heating.

AVERAGE COST: The price of the appliance itself is only part of the total cost of owning a pellet stove. Other considerations are the cost of the chimney and installation, annual fuel costs and annual maintenance.

COST CHECKLIST:

- | | |
|--|-------|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Pellet Stove | _____ |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Chimney | _____ |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Installation/Delivery | _____ |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Hearth Pad | _____ |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Annual Fuel Costs | _____ |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Annual Maintenance | _____ |

Pellet Stove Benefits

- Helps control home heating bills.
- Lock in annual fuel costs before the cold weather begins.
- Protects the environment.
- Creates an automated wood fire.
- Simple to operate and maintain.
- Installation flexibility in most places in the home.

This information brought to you by this specialty retailer:

Appendix G

Forest Products Services Specialists Job Description

Forest Products Services Specialists

Job Announcement Code(s): 13-04466

County(ies):

[*Statewide](#)

Classification Title: / JAC:

FORESTER-ADV 13-04466

Job Working Title:

Forest Products Services Statewide Specialist

FORESTRY SPECIALIST 13-04466

Forest Products Services District Specialist

Type of Employment:

Full Time (40 hrs/week)

Salary:

Starting pay is between \$22.247 and \$33.000 per hour plus excellent benefits. Well qualified candidates will likely earn between \$27.00 and \$30.00 per hour. A six month probationary period is required. This position is in pay schedule/range 15-03.

The Department of Natural Resources is dedicated to the preservation, protection, effective management, and maintenance of Wisconsin's natural resources. The Division of Forestry is seeking four new specialists to grow the Forest Products Services (FPS) Team. This recruitment is for one Statewide Specialist and three District Specialists. Applicants that are interested in one or both of the positions can apply with this exam. If invited to future interviews, candidates will be asked to state which position(s) they are interested in applying for and their office location preference.

The FPS Team provides expert technical assistance, consultation, and technology transfer to a variety of stakeholders including businesses as well as internal and external customers to support and grow Wisconsin's forest products industry.

The District Specialists will be located in field offices around the state. Locations will be determined based on candidate preference, matching a candidates specialized knowledge/experience with the industry needs of a district, and available office space.

The Statewide Specialist can be located in a field office based on candidate preference but the preferred location is in Madison, WI.

Job Duties:

District Specialists (three positions):

The District Specialists develop detailed knowledge of the forest resource and forest products industry within assigned counties. They provide excellent customer service and face-to-face interactions with members of Wisconsin's forest products industry to foster job growth, job retention, and industry expansion. The District Specialists travel frequently to serve multiple counties comprising a geographic region as well as providing statewide support outside their district when needed. They conduct or coordinate manufacturing process efficiency studies or other business process improvement systems and assist forest products companies to improve their competitiveness and market positioning. They compile, interpret and provide roundwood and forest by-product supply information and identify, establish, and develop regional supply chain networks. The District Specialists provide information about wood products, prices, availability and product uses to regional partners and identify, develop, and evaluate regional marketing strategies. They also work to align existing businesses with potential partner groups and opportunities and assist communities and businesses with wood utilization and marketing plans to mitigate the impacts of invasive species. The District Specialists provide technical assistance to the forest industry including the introduction of new technology and manufacturing practices.

Statewide Specialist (one position):

The Statewide Specialist sets the pace for the division through innovation, adaptation, best practices, and transfer of knowledge. This position is a key internal and external consultant for staff, leadership, inter-divisional teams, and partner groups. This position maintains cutting-edge knowledge and expertise by staying abreast of current research and maintaining an effective professional network. The Statewide Specialist coordinates and conducts feasibility studies and reviews business plans and plant designs for new forest product business start-ups and plant expansions. They lead the Timber Product Output Survey and develop, produce, and distribute lists of Wisconsin's primary, secondary, and other forest product industries. The Statewide Specialist is the lead and point of contact for statewide forest products industry supply chains and distribution strategies. They identify prospective businesses by using business directories, following leads from existing clients, participating in organizations, and attending trade shows and conferences. The Statewide Specialist monitors, investigates, and provides expert guidance for new market developments (including export markets). They provide assistance with international trade missions for business development. They assist partners with wood utilization and marketing strategies to mitigate the impacts of invasive species. The Statewide Specialist also collaborates on the development of policy related to emerging issues such as labor availability, transportation, life cycle analysis, ecological services (e.g. carbon markets), renewable energy, woody biomass, and invasive species impacts on wood markets.

Job Knowledge, Skills and Abilities:

- ~ Solid understanding of the principles and practices of sustainable forest management.
- ~ Knowledge of forest product raw material resources required of traditional supply chain logistics, production processes, quality control, costs, and other techniques for maximizing the effective manufacture and distribution of goods, including manufacturing process improvement and its application.
- ~ Principles and methods for showing, promoting, and selling products or services. This includes marketing strategy and tactics, sales techniques, and sales control systems.
- ~ Business and management principles. Economic and accounting principles and practices with an emphasis on cost accounting, and the analysis and reporting of financial data.
- ~ Knowledge of ecological services, carbon markets, woody biomass and renewable energy systems and their relationship to forest industry.
- ~ Basic safety practices in the forest products industry.
- ~ General knowledge of wood drying practices.
- ~ Fundamental knowledge of log and lumber grades and wood measurement.
- ~ Data acquisition tools and survey methods.
- ~ Analytic tools including fundamental statistics, relevant software, and database management.

Appendix H

Heating the Midwest – A Midwest Vision for 2025

Heating the Midwest with Renewable Biomass

A Midwest Vision *for 2025*



Photo Credit: Dennis O'Hara

Key Findings and Outcomes

- Achieve 15% of all thermal energy from renewables by 2025
- Reduce 1.01 billion gallons of propane and 278 million gallons of heating oil
- Reinvest \$2.2 billion into the Midwest economy
- Create 13,170 jobs from the expansion of the thermal biomass industry and up to 210,000 direct, indirect and induced jobs from annual energy savings and the effects of no longer exporting heating fuel money from the region
- Supply 17.2 million green tons of sustainable woody and agricultural biomass for thermal energy and combined heat and power by 2025
- 12,630,950 homes and businesses are not connected to low-cost natural gas
- Improve air quality, reduce greenhouse gases, and enhance forest management
- Vitalize communities through rural economic opportunities, new industry and innovation

*Achieve 10% of all
thermal energy from
biomass by 2025*

The Vision

We propose that 15% of all thermal energy in the Midwest come from renewable energy sources with 10% derived from sustainably produced biomass by 2025. The remainder of this energy would come from solar thermal and geothermal sources. This shift in our sources for thermal energy will produce extraordinary economic, social and environmental benefits for the Midwest, which currently relies on fossil fuel for 97% of its thermal energy.

Strategies and Policies to Achieve the Vision

- Increase awareness and recognition of the benefits derived from biomass thermal energy
- Develop clean energy policy that includes clean and efficient biomass thermal energy
- Grow demand for biomass-based thermal fuels and heating systems/CHP in the Midwest
- Support research, technology innovation and demonstration throughout the biomass thermal supply chain
- Expand funding opportunities and programs to support the development and installation of biomass thermal/CHP projects

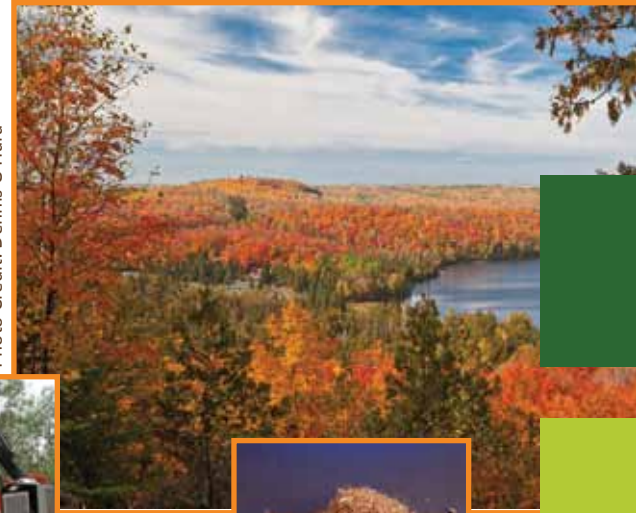
Core Objectives of Clean Energy Policy

- Efficiency and Affordability
- Sustainability
- Clean Emissions and Climate Change Mitigation
- Job Creation

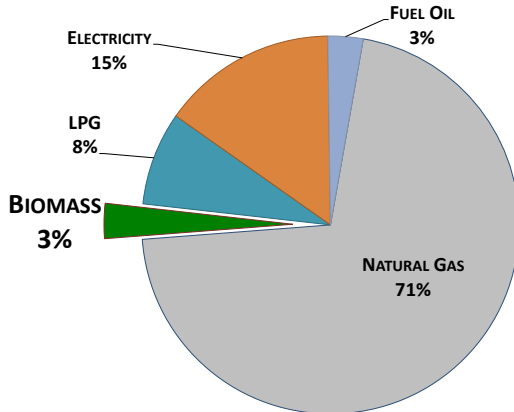
Effective Policy Frameworks

- Financing, Taxes, Grants, Loans
- Carbon Policy
- Sustainability Measures
- Emission and Regulation Enhancements

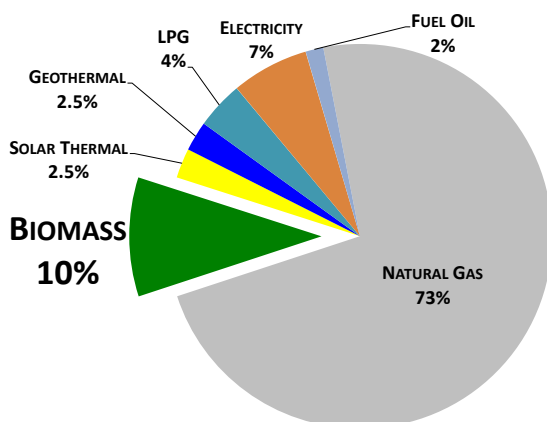
Photo Credit: Dennis O'Hara



2012 Midwest Thermal Energy Sources



2025 Midwest Thermal Energy Vision



How Can You Help Achieve the Vision?

- Get Involved!
- Contact Heating the Midwest (HeatingtheMidwest.org) or BTEC (BiomassThermal.org) to offer feedback, criticism and ideas to improve this Vision
- Share the Vision document with anyone who may be interested. Invite their feedback
- Raise these issues with your governor, state and federal officials, and state legislators
- Join and support one or more of the organizations that have collaborated on this Vision

Funding for this initiative was provided by the sponsors and attendees at the 1st Annual Heating the Midwest with Renewable Biomass conference, held April 25 - 27, 2012 in Eau Claire, WI. We gratefully acknowledge this support.

This vision was developed by Heating the Midwest with Renewable Biomass supported by resource and economic analyses by FutureMetrics, LLC.



Collaborative participation was provided by:



Appendix I

2013 EPA List of Certified Wood Stoves



List of EPA Certified Wood Stoves December 2013



EPA Wood Heater Program

Enclosed is the list of wood stoves certified by the United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA). The EPA Certified Wood Stoves list contains information about wood stoves or wood heating appliances that have been certified by the EPA along with its manufacturer name, model name, emission rate (g/hr), heat output (btu/hr), efficiency (actual measured and estimated), and type of appliance. It also indicates whether the appliance is still being manufactured. An EPA certified wood stove or wood heating appliance has been independently tested by an accredited laboratory to determine whether it meets the particulate emissions limit of 7.5* grams per hour for non-catalytic wood stoves and 4.1* grams per hour for catalytic wood stoves. All wood heating appliances that are offered or advertised for sale in the United States are subject to the New Source Performance Standard (NSPS) for New Residential Wood Heaters under the Clean Air Act and are required to meet these emission limits.

An EPA certified wood heater can be identified by a temporary paper label attached to the front of the wood stove and a permanent metal label affixed to the back or side of the wood stove (see examples below). If you have questions regarding a particular model line or manufacturer, please contact Rafael Sanchez at 202-564-7028 or via e-mail at Sanchez.rafael@epa.gov.

Manufactured by
COMPANY NAME HERE

Design No. XXXXXXXX

U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

Meets EPA particulate matter (Smoke) control requirements for
NON-CATALYTIC wood heaters.

SMOKE

0 (grams per hour) 8.5

EFFICIENCY

50% 60% 70% 80% 90% 100%

* Not tested for efficiency. Value indicated is for similar non-catalytic wood heaters. Wood heaters with higher efficiencies cost less to operate.

HEAT OUTPUT
10,600 to 26,100 Btu/Hr

Use this to choose the right size appliances for your needs.
ASK DEALER FOR HELP.

This wood heater will achieve low smoke output and high efficiency only if properly operated and maintained. See owner's manual.

E-1058-1 Rev. 8



* *Temporary Wood Stove Label Permanent Wood Stove Label*

Wood stoves offered for sale in the state of Washington must meet a particulate emissions limit of 4.5 grams per hour for non catalytic wood stoves and 2.5 grams per hour for catalytic wood stoves.

List of EPA Certified Wood Stoves December 2013

| Out of Production | Manufacturer Name | Model Name | Emission Rate G/Hr | Heat Output btu/hr | Actual Measured Efficiency | EPA Estimated | Type |
|-------------------|---------------------------------------|---|--------------------|--------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|---------------|
| | | | | | (CSA B415.1) | (Default) Efficiency | |
| x | A. J. Wells and Sons LTD | Cove 2 SR | 4.4 | 9256 - 32,557 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Alladin Hearth Products | Sunburst II Model 2208 | 4.4 | 11500- 36300 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| x | American Road Equipment Company | Erik SW II Catalytic Environmentalist SSW-1000 | 1.2 | 9800-46900 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | Amesti LTDA | N380 | 5.16 | 10671 - 27842 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Amesti LTDA | Rondo 450 | 4 | 11,842-24,288 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Appalachian Stove & Fabricators, Inc. | Model 32-BW | 2.5 | 10400-24500 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | Appalachian Stove & Fabricators, Inc. | Model 360-CR | 2.8 | 10600-29100 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | Appalachian Stove & Fabricators, Inc. | Model 36 BW | 3.3 | 10600-30200 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | Appalachian Stove & Fabricators, Inc. | Trailmaster Model 4N1-XL II | 3.4 | 10100-26900 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | Appalachian Stove & Fabricators, Inc. | Model 30-CD | 3.7 | 8500-21400 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | Appalachian Stove & Fabricators, Inc. | 36-BW-1988 | 3.9 | 9500-19300 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | Appalachian Stove & Fabricators, Inc. | 32-BW-XL-88, Gemini-XLB 1989 | 4 | 8400-19800 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | Appalachian Stove & Fabricators, Inc. | Model 52 WXL 1988 | 4.2 | 10500-15400 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | Appalachian Stove & Fabricators, Inc. | Heritage Classic A, T16, Cast heat & Catskill | 4.4 | 10,300-31,200 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Appalachian Stove & Fabricators, Inc. | 28 CD | 4.5 | 9500-16300 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | Appalachian Stove & Fabricators, Inc. | Trailmaster 4N1-XL | 4.7 | 9600-19600 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | Appalachian Stove & Fabricators, Inc. | Heritage Classic; Model Numbers T16 & VT16 | 6.81 | 11057-31327 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Archgard Industries, Ltd. | Optima PS1 | 0.87 | 10,196-29,581 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Archgard Industries, Ltd. | Chalet 1600 and Chalet 1600 Insert | 2.88 | 10,611-29,181 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Archgard Industries, Ltd. | Chalet 1800 | 3.62 | 10,700-35,500 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Austroflamm Industries Inc. | Integra C1121, II | 2.7 | 9300-31100 | | 78 | Pellet |
| | Austroflamm Industries Inc. | Esprit Wood 119.1 | 6.3 | 11400-43600 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Austroflamm Industries Inc. | Irony M | 6.6 | 11800-46800 | | 78 | Pellet |
| x | Avalon by Travis Industries, Inc. | Spokane 1250 | 4.4 | 11600-38500 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Avalon by Travis Industries, Inc | Perfect-Fit insert | 4.1 | 11,300-33,400 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Avalon by Travis Industries, Inc. | Avalon Spokane 1750 | 1.94 | 9300-42200 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Avalon by Travis Industries, Inc. | Rainier, Rainier insert | 2 | 11200-40000 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Avalon by Travis Industries, Inc. | Arbor | 2.4 | 10,700-33,900 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Avalon by Travis Industries, Inc. | Olympic, Olympic insert | 2.6 | 12000-45100 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Avalon by Travis Industries, Inc. | Pendleton, Pendleton insert | 3 | 8700-44400 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Barbeques Galore/Pricotech | Rosewood | 2.7 | 11600-36200 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Blaze King Industries, Inc. | Chinook /Sirocco/Ashford 30 | 0.97 | 11,200- 27,280 | 75 | 72 | Catalytic |
| | Blaze King Industries, Inc. | Blaze King KEJ 1107 | 1.76 | 9100-39800 | 82 | 72 | Catalytic |
| | Blaze King Industries, Inc. | Blaze King, King Catalytic KEJ-1101 | 1.9 | 9000-35300 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | Blaze King Industries, Inc. | Princess Insert Model PI 1010A | 2 | 7,200-29,500 | 80 | 72 | Catalytic |
| | Blaze King Industries, Inc. | Chinook / Sirocco/Ashford 20 | 1.3 | 11,400 - 22,700 | 77 | 72 | Catalytic |
| | Blaze King Industries, Inc. | Heat Pro C210 | 2.1 | 10700-43300 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | Blaze King Industries, Inc. | Blaze King, King Catalytic Insert KEI-1300 | 2.2 | 10100-34500 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | Blaze King Industries, Inc. | Princess PEJ 1006 | 2.4 | 12000-35600 | 81 | 72 | Catalytic |
| | Blaze King Industries, Inc. | Blaze King, Auto Light PAL-4000 | 2.5 | 12200-33700 | | 78 | Pellet |
| | Blaze King Industries, Inc. | Blaze King, Royal Heir RHT-2200, 2250 | 2.5 | 7700-31100 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | Blaze King Industries, Inc. | Blaze King Princess Insert Model PI 1010 | 2.8 | 9,300-31,200 | 80 | 72 | Catalytic |
| | Blaze King Industries, Inc. | Heat Pro C110 | 2.8 | 9600-32400 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | Blaze King Industries, Inc. | Blaze King, Royal Heir RHT-2100 | 3 | 6800-57100 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | Blaze King Industries, Inc. | Blaze King PEJ 1003 | 2.4 | 10300-41600 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | Blaze King Industries, Inc. | Briarwood II/90 | 3.5 | 10600-36000 | 71.4 | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Blaze King Industries, Inc. | Blaze King, Princess Catalytic PEJ-1002 | 3.7 | 8400-35400 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | Blaze King Industries, Inc. | Blaze King KEJ-1102 | 3.9 | 7900-42600 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | Blaze King Industries, Inc. | Eagle/Pioneer E90, PZ-90, Briarwood XE-90, XEI-90 | 5.2 | 13500-38000 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Blaze King of Montana | Blaze King Royal Guardian, RGT-3001 | 5.8 | 9400-39800 | 71.1 | 63 | Non Catalytic |

Actual Measured Efficiency - Per CSA B415.1
Default - Category rating assigned by EPA (The estimated efficiency is a follows: 72% (catalyst-equipped), 63% (non-catalyst equipped), and 78% (wood pellets)). § 60.536(i)(3).

List of EPA Certified Wood Stoves December 2013

| Out of Production | Manufacturer Name | Model Name | Emission Rate G/Hr | Heat Output btu/hr | Actual Measured Efficiency (CSA B415.1) | EPA Estimated (Default) Efficiency | Type |
|-------------------|--|---|--------------------|--------------------|---|------------------------------------|---------------|
| | | | | | | | |
| | Boru Stove Company | Carraig Mor BCMUS | 3.9 | 12,878 - 28,846 | 73.2 | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Bosca Chile S.A. (Ingeniera De Combustion) | Spirit 500, Classic 500 | 1.2 | 8,700-21,700 | | 78 | Pellet |
| | Bosca Chile S.A. (Ingeniera De Combustion) | Soul Pellet Stove Insert, Soul 700 free standing, Soul 700 Insert | 2.2 | 6,100-30,000 | | 78 | Pellet |
| | Bosca Chile S.A. (Ingeniera De Combustion) | Spirit 550, Limit 450 and Classic 450, Spirit 500 | 3.6 | 11,359-26,100 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Bosca Chile S.A. (Ingeniera De Combustion) | Gold 400 | 4.4 | 11,800-26,800 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Bosca Chile S.A. (Ingeniera De Combustion) | Miner 33 | 4.3 | 11,756 - 35,388 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Ceramiche Savio di Elio & C. s.n.c. | Catellante di Castellante and Real Castillo di Ague Model CS1 | 5.1 | 11200-40800 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Ceramiche Savio di Elio & C. s.n.c. | Real Castelllo di Moncaueri/Castllo Della Venaria | 5.6 | 10100-24200 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | CFM Corporation | DutchWest Large 2479 | 1.31 | 11,300-26,500 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | CFM Corporation | DutchWest Small Model | 1.41 | 7,800-25,100 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | CFM Corporation | DutchWest Medium 2478 | 1.5 | 10,600-25,300 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | CFM Corporation | Model EWF 36A | 2.4 | 11,300-75,500 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | CFM Corporation | Vermont Castings Defiant 1610 | 2.9 | 10,000-30,000 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | CFM Corporation | EWF 30 | 3.5 | 11,100-40,500 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | CFM Corporation | Aspen 1920 & Plymouth HWS10 | 4.3 | 9100-18000 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | CFM Corporation | CW2500X00, CW2500X02, JW2500X00,CJW2500X02, DW2500 and JW2500X10 | 4.7 | 9500-57800 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | CFM Corporation | FW247001 to FE247004 and JW1000PF1 | 5 | 11500-18900 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | CFM Corporation | Campbell/Jacuzzi CJW2000L02, JW2000L10, DW2000XXX and JW2000P10 | 4.4 | 12000-55100 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | CFM Corporation | Campbell/Jacuzzi FW300005-FW300009 & FW300019-FW300027, | 4.4 | 12000-55100 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | CFM Corporation | Jacuzzi Leisure Products, Inc JW1500P10, FW1500, DW1500, JW1500L10 | 4.4 | 10300-29200 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | CFM Corporation | Jacuzzi Leisure Products, Inc S27X/S28X & FW27 Series, CJW1500L02 | 4.4 | 10300-29200 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | CFM Corporation | (Vermont Castings, Inc.) Defiant Encore | 0.6 | 6200-32900 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | CFM Corporation | (Vermont Castings, Inc.) Encore 1450 N/C | 0.7 | 10,600-24050 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | CFM Corporation | (Vermont Castings, Inc.) Defiant 1910 & 1945 | 0.8 | 10600-44400 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | CFM Corporation | (Vermont Castings, Inc.) 2370 | 1 | 5700-18300 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | CFM Corporation | (Vermont Castings, Inc.) Century/Dutchmaster FW and CDW | 1 | 11,800-32,300 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | CFM Corporation | (Vermont Castings, Inc.) Dutchwest Small Convection Heater #2460 | 1.1 | 6600-27300 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | CFM Corporation | (Vermont Castings, Inc.) Dutchwest Extra Large Convection Heater 2462 | 1.3 | 8300-28000 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | CFM Corporation | (Vermont Castings, Inc.) FA455 | 1.3 | 10400-26500 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | CFM Corporation | (Vermont Castings, Inc.) Dutchwest Large Convection Heater (Model 2461) | 1.41 | 10700-29500 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | CFM Corporation | (Vermont Castings, Inc.) C.D. Lg. Fed. Convection Heater FA264CCL, FA264CCR | 1.6 | 6600-26700 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | CFM Corporation | (Vermont Castings, Inc.) Defiant Encore 2550 (Formerly 2190) | 1.6 | 8700-41700 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | CFM Corporation | (Vermont Castings, Inc.) Defiant Encore 2140 | 1.8 | 9000-41300 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | CFM Corporation | (Vermont Castings, Inc.) Intrepid II Model 1990 | 2.1 | 8300-26700 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | CFM Corporation | (Vermont Castings, Inc.) Model 2170 | 2.1 | 9400-22800 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | CFM Corporation | (Vermont Castings, Inc.) WinterWarm Fireplace Insert Model 1280 | 2.1 | 10300-30000 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | CFM Corporation | (Vermont Castings, Inc.) WinterWarm Small Insert Model 2080 | 2.1 | 8700-31100 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | CFM Corporation | (Vermont Castings, Inc.) FA264 | 2.2 | 9500-31700 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | CFM Corporation | (Vermont Castings, Inc.) Intrepid II Model 2070 | 2.4 | 9200-19300 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | CFM Corporation | (Vermont Castings, Inc.) C.D. Extra-Lg. Federal Convection Heater FA288CCL | 2.6 | 8400-38700 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | CFM Corporation | (Vermont Castings, Inc.) EWF36 | 2.7 | 11,800-68,600 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | CFM Corporation | (Vermont Castings, Inc.) C.D. Small Federal Convection Heater FA224CCL | 2.8 | 7000-30600 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | CFM Corporation | (Vermont Castings, Inc.) C.D. Rocky Mountain Heater FA211CL | 2.9 | 6800-27800 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | CFM Corporation | (Vermont Castings, Inc.) Montpelier | 2.9 | 10,094-27,550 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | CFM Corporation | (Vermont Castings, Inc.) 2370 | 3 | 10.094-27,550 | | 72 | Catalytic |

Actual Measured Efficiency - Per CSA B415.1
Default - Category rating assigned by EPA (The estimated efficiency is as follows: 72% (catalyst-equipped), 63% (non-catalyst equipped), and 78% (wood pellets)). § 60.536(i)(3).

List of EPA Certified Wood Stoves December 2013

| Out of Production | Manufacturer Name | Model Name | Emission Rate G/Hr | Heat Output btu/hr | Actual Measured Efficiency (CSA B415.1) | EPA Estimated (Default) Efficiency | Type |
|-------------------|--|--|--------------------|--------------------|---|------------------------------------|---------------|
| | | | | | | | |
| | CFM Corporation (Vermont Castings, Inc.) | FA224 | 3.1 | 9100-34800 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | CFM Corporation (Vermont Castings, Inc.) | FA288 | 3.1 | 7800-29300 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | CFM Corporation (Vermont Castings, Inc.) | Intrepid II 1308 | 3.1 | 10200-22500 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | CFM Corporation (Vermont Castings, Inc.) | Intrepid Model 1640 | 3.3 | 8200-19500 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | CFM Corporation (Vermont Castings, Inc.) | Madison Model 1655 | 3.3 | 11,300-39,700 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | CFM Corporation (Vermont Castings, Inc.) | Resolute Acclaim (Model Number 2490) & TLWS1 | 3.4 | 9500-33900 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | CFM Corporation (Vermont Castings, Inc.) | C.D. Federal "A Plus" FA224ACL | 3.5 | 7200-30000 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | CFM Corporation (Vermont Castings, Inc.) | C.D. Sequoia FA455 | 3.6 | 8700-60300 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | CFM Corporation (Vermont Castings, Inc.) | C.D. Adirondack Wood Heater FA267CL | 3.7 | 8400-40000 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | CFM Corporation (Vermont Castings, Inc.) | WinterWarm Small Insert (model 2370) | 4 | 9250-21500 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | CFM Corporation (Vermont Castings, Inc.) | C.D. Large Federal Box Heater FA209CL | 4.3 | 9000-25600 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | CFM Corporation (Vermont Castings, Inc.) | C.D. Small Federal Box Heater FA207CL | 4.3 | 6200-28000 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | CFM Corporation (Vermont Castings, Inc.) | Seville 1635 and 1600 Insert | 4.5 | 9,900-30,800 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | CFM Corporation (Vermont Castings, Inc.) | Resolute Acclaim 0041 | 5.1 | 8700-30900 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | CFM Corporation (Vermont Castings, Inc.) | Madison 1650 | 5.5 | 11400-31000 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | CFM Corporation (Vermont Castings, Inc.) | Seville Insert | 5.5 | 10200-27400 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | CFM Corporation (Vermont Castings, Inc.) | Aspen Model 1920 | 6.3 | 10100-26400 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | CFM Corporation (Vermont Castings, Inc.) | Seville 1630 | 6.3 | 12000-27300 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Consuming Fire, Inc. | Perfect Hearth | 3.4 | 11,700-38,100 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| x | Country Flame Technologies, Inc. | R/90 | 1.5 | 10600-46800 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| x | Country Flame Technologies, Inc. | E-1/90 | 1.7 | 9600-37800 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| x | Country Flame Technologies, Inc. | B/A | 2 | 10400-55500 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| x | Country Flame Technologies, Inc. | O-2 | 2.5 | 8000-30000 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| x | Country Flame Technologies, Inc. | OV-3000 | 2.9 | 11800-34000 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| x | Country Flame Technologies, Inc. | BBF | 3 | 10500-51400 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| x | Country Flame Technologies, Inc. | BBF-6, BBF-I | 3 | 9500-48600 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| x | Country Flame Technologies, Inc. | O-2/90 | 3 | 10800-34100 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| x | Country Flame Technologies, Inc. | E-2 | 3.3 | 13000-34400 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| x | Country Flame Technologies, Inc. | R-6 | 3.3 | 13800-50700 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| x | Country Flame Technologies, Inc. | OV-2600 | 3.5 | 11500-33600 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| x | Country Flame Technologies, Inc. | SBF/A | 3.6 | 8700-33600 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| x | Country Flame Technologies, Inc. | E1-6, E1-I | 3.7 | 12400-55300 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| x | Country Flame Technologies, Inc. | OV-26BF-I | 3.7 | 11400-41300 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| x | Country Flame Technologies, Inc. | OV-2100 | 4.1 | 11700-32700 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| x | Country Flame Technologies, Inc. | OV-21 | 4.2 | 11700-42200 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| x | Country Flame Technologies, Inc. | Inglenook INGW-02 | 4.4 | 11,600-38,000 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| x | Country Flame Technologies, Inc. | B-6, B-I | 4.6 | 9600-48200 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| x | Country Flame Technologies, Inc. | NC-6D | 4.7 | 11700-54900 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| x | Country Flame Technologies, Inc. | S-6, S-I | 6.5 | 13100-48900 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| x | Country Flame Technologies, Inc. | Patriot | 6.9 | 11300-34000 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| x | Country Flame Technologies, Inc. | Combo Air OC | 7 | 9300-46400 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Country Stoves, Inc. | Winslow PS40 and PI40 | 1.14 | 7,476-21,343 | | 78 | Pellet |
| | Country Stoves, Inc. | Striker S160 and C160 | 1.6 | 12500-41200 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Country Stoves, Inc. | Canyon S310 | 3.2 | 11400-34900 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Country Stoves, Inc. | Canyon ST310, C310, E310 | 3.5 | 11600-38800 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Country Stoves, Inc. | Alpine | 3.53 | 11,455-42,445 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Country Stoves, Inc. | Converter C-30, C-35 | 4 | 8000-49200 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | Country Stoves, Inc. | Legacy S260, C260, and E260 | 4.11 | 11800-48000 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Country Stoves, Inc. | Performer S210, SS210, ST210, C210 & E210 | 4.2 | 9500-36100 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Country Stoves, Inc. | T-TOP S 240 | 4.9 | 11300-42700 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |

Actual Measured Efficiency - Per CSA B415.1
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List of EPA Certified Wood Stoves December 2013

| Out of Production | Manufacturer Name | Model Name | Emission Rate G/Hr | Heat Output btu/hr | Actual Measured Efficiency (CSA B415.1) | EPA Estimated (Default) Efficiency | Type |
|-------------------|---|---|--------------------|--------------------|---|------------------------------------|---------------|
| | | | | | | | |
| | Country Stoves, Inc. | C-240 and E-240 | 5.1 | 11500-36700 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Country Stoves, Inc. | STRIKER S130, C-50L, C130, CA-50, CA-50L, CA-55 | 5.6 | 9300-43600 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Country Stoves, Inc. | T-Top C-40, C-45, C-46 | 5.7 | 10700-40900 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Country Stoves, Inc. | Performer S180, C180, E180 | 6.6 | 11400-38700 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Country Stoves, Inc. | Starlite C-20, C-21 | 9.6 | 7700-43500 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Country Stoves, Inc. | Starlite C-20, C-21 | 9.6 | 7700-43500 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| x | CRD Precision Fabricators Inc. (Chippewa) | Energy King Legacy 2150 | 2.9 | 11800-34000 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| x | CRD Precision Fabricators Inc. (Chippewa) | Energy King Legacy 2100 | 3.2 | 11000-31100 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| x | CRD Precision Fabricators Inc. (Chippewa) | Energy King Legacy 1650 | 3.7 | 11400-41300 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| x | CRD Precision Fabricators Inc. (Chippewa) | Energy King Legacy 950 | 4.2 | 11700-42200 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| x | CRD Precision Fabricators Inc. (Chippewa) | Energy King Legacy 900 | 6.5 | 10200-30800 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| x | CRD Precision Fabricators Inc. (Chippewa) | Energy King Legacy 1600 | 7 | 11700-23100 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| x | Dansons Incorporated | Model HR-2 | 0.9 | 10500-33400 | | 78 | Pellet |
| x | Dansons, Incorporated | Eclipse | 1 | 7800-33100 | | 78 | Pellet |
| x | Dell Point Technologies | DC 2000, Europa | 0.6 | 10400-24100 | | 78 | Pellet |
| x | Derco, Inc./Grizzly Stoves | Super Achiever FPI-2-LEX | 2.4 | 9800-34200 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| x | Derco, Inc./Grizzly Stoves | Little Blazer FP-20 | 4.7 | 7200-28400 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| x | Derco, Inc./Grizzly Stoves | Little Blazer FP-20 | 4.7 | 7200-28400 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| x | Deville | Deville 7794 - Comfort | 6.9 | 11,300-35,100 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| x | Dovre, Inc. | Horizon 500 CC | 2.9 | 10300-33800 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| x | Dovre, Inc. | Horizon 500 CC | 3.6 | 8300-28000 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| x | Dovre, Inc. | Heirloom 300 HC | 4.5 | 11600-45100 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| x | Dovre, Incorporated | Heirloom 390 | 2.8 | 9100-31800 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | England's Stove Works, Inc. | 25-EP, 55-TRPEP, 55SHPEP | 1.43 | 10,700-25,100 | | 78 | Pellet |
| | England's Stove Works, Inc. | 10-CPM, 49-TRCPM, 49-SHCPM | 1.6 | 10,455-24,566 | | 78 | Pellet |
| | England's Stove Works, Inc. | 30-NC, 50-TNC30L, 50-TNC30G | 1.63 | 11,950-28,337 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | England's Stove Works, Inc. | Model 18M-H | 2 | 7800-26900 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | England's Stove Works, Inc. | 17-VL | 4.3 | 11,875 - 19238 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | England's Stove Works, Inc. | Summers Heat Model 50-SHW20 Englander Model 24JC | 2.1 | 7200-28600 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | England's Stove Works, Inc. | Model 18 PC | 2.2 | 8700-26400 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | England's Stove Works, Inc. | 13-NCMH, 50-SNC13, | 2.35 | 11,579-32,017 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | England's Stove Works, Inc. | Englander Freestanding Radiant 24FC | 2.4 | 7200-35600 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | England's Stove Works, Inc. | Summers Heat Model 50-SHW25 Englander Model 24ICD | 2.4 | 5400-17400 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | England's Stove Works, Inc. | Englander Front Loading Fireplace 28IC | 2.5 | 8200-24400 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | England's Stove Works, Inc. | 50-TNC Timber Ridge 13-NCI/50-TNC131 (Insert) | 2.6 | 10,000-29,200 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | England's Stove Works, Inc. | Englander 13-NC Summers Heat,50-snc Golden Eagle | 2.6 | 10,000-29,200 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | | Englander 25-PDV, Summers Heat 55SHP22, and Timber Ridge | | | | | |
| | England's Stove Works, Inc. | 55TRP22 Pellet | 2.6 | 10,700-24,500 | | 78 | Pellet |
| | England's Stove Works, Inc. | Model 24IC | 2.6 | 10200-27100 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | England's Stove Works, Inc. | 24 ACD | 2.7 | 9000-20100 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | England's Stove Works, Inc. | Englander Front Loading Space Saver 28CC | 2.7 | 7900-25500 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | | Pellet Fuel Burning Room Heater Model 25-PDCV/55-SHP10/55-TRP10 | | | | | |
| | England's Stove Works, Inc. | SHP10/55-TRP10 | 3.1 | 8200-22400 | | 78 | Pellet |
| | England's Stove Works, Inc. | Englander Econo Radiant 18PC | 3.6 | 8500-31000 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | | | | | | | |
| | England's Stove Works, Inc. | Summers Heat Model 50-SHW22 Englander Model 24-AC/FC | 3.8 | 9100-25400 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | England's Stove Works, Inc. | 17-VL | 4.3 | 12,791- 43,520 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | England's Stove Works, Inc. | Englander Fireplace Insert 28JC | 4.4 | 8400-29100 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | England's Stove Works, Inc. | 22 PIC | 5.1 | 9000-30200 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| x | Eureka Heating PTY Limited | Emerald | 4.4 | 11000-35500 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |

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Default - Category rating assigned by EPA (The estimated efficiency is a follows: 72% (catalyst-equipped), 63% (non-catalyst equipped), and 78% (wood pellets)). § 60.536(i)(3).

List of EPA Certified Wood Stoves December 2013

| Out of Production | Manufacturer Name | Model Name | Emission Rate G/Hr | Heat Output btu/hr | Actual Measured Efficiency (CSA B415.1) | EPA Estimated (Default) Efficiency | Type |
|-------------------|---|---|--------------------|--------------------|---|------------------------------------|---------------|
| | | | | | | | |
| x | Evergreen Marketing, Inc. | Mohawk 60A | 3.8 | 4700-14300 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| x | Evergreen Metal Products Inc. | Schrader Pelletmiser 905-P | 1 | 11000-32700 | | 78 | Pellet |
| x | F. Huemer Ges. M.B.H. | Austroflam Wega II | 1.3 | 8500-42000 | | 78 | Pellet |
| | Fireplace Products International Limited | F1100S, I1100S I1200S , HI200, CS1200, CI1200, CI1250 Small Wood Stove & Insert | 3 | 10600-34700 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | | F2400M, I2400M, S2400, HI300, CC75, CS2400 Medium Wood Stove & Insert | 3.44 | 12000- 36800 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Fireplace Products International Limited | H2100M Hearth Heater | 3.5 | 10800-46900 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Fireplace Products International Limited | FP90, EX90, R90 Wood Fireplace | 3.78 | 11,700-42,300 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Fireplace Products International Limited | F1100S, I1100S, F1100S-1 Small Wood Stove & Insert | 3.8 | 09400-38700 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Fireplace Products International Limited | F2100M, I2100M Medium Wood Stove & insert | 3.8 | 11700-38700 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Fireplace Products International Limited | F2100MI | 3.9 | 11,300-38,800 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Fireplace Products International Limited | H200 Cast Wood Stove | 3.9 | 10,900 - 19,400 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Fireplace Products International Limited | R6,RA6,RA8 Wood Stoves | 3.9 | 11500-59000 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Fireplace Products International Limited | F3100L, I3100L, S3100L, Large Wood Stove & Insert | 4.19 | 11900-42900 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Fireplace Products International Limited | H300 Cast Wood Stove | 4.2 | 10,600-28,500 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Fireplace Products International Limited | R3, RA3, R9 Wood Stove | 4.2 | 11200-35500 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Fireplace Products International Limited | I2000M14 Wood Insert | 4.5 | 11200-42700 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Fireplace Products International Limited | R14-2 | 5 | 11500-37500 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Fireplace Products International Limited | Z2500L Wood Fireplace | 5.2 | 10600-39700 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Fireplace Products International Limited | R-16 Wood Insert | 6.6 | 11100-32900 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Fireplace Products International Limited | F2000M Medium Wood Stove | 7.1 | 11800-34200 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Fireplace Products International Limited | R7, RA7, R5 Small Wood Stove | 8.3 | 5900-33500 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Fireplace Products International Limited | F5100 | 1.46 | 11,738 - 41,982 | 79.08 | 72 | Catalytic |
| | Fireplace Products International Limited | GF55, GFI55 Regency Greenfire Pellet Stove & Insert | 1.96 | 6,500-40,000 | | 78 | Pellet |
| | Fireplace Products International Limited | GC60, GCI60 Hampton Cast Pellet Stove & Insert | 2 | 9,363 - 45,478 | | 78 | Pellet |
| | Fireplace Xtrodinair (FPX) by Travis Industries, 36 Elite | | 2.3 | 11900-47100 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | Fireplace Xtrodinair (FPX) by Travis Industries, 44 Elite | | 2.5 | 11000-45300 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | Fireplace Xtrodinair (FPX) by Travis Industries, 33 Elite | | 4.1 | 11,300-33,400 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Foundries du Lion S.A. | Efel Symphony 390.74 | 1.8 | 10700-33000 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | Foundries du Lion S.A. | Harmony IIIB | 2.7 | 11,200-57,300 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Foundries du Lion S.A. | Model S-33,S-83,H33,R33,X33 | 3.3 | 8,600-37,300 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Foundries du Lion S.A. | Efel Harmony 386.75 | 3.8 | 7100-51000 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | Foundries du Lion S.A. | Harmony I | 4.4 | 11800-55000 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Foundries du Lion S.A. | Efel Symphony 387.74 | 5.1 | 10600-49700 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | Foyers Supreme Incorporated | Supreme Plus | 7 | 9,600-16,300 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Foyers Supreme Incorporated | Volcano Plus | 4.3 | 11,310-25,189 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Foyers Supreme Incorporated | Galaxy | 3.5 | 12,833 - 27,093 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Foyers Supreme Incorporated | Superme 2 Face Plus, Opus | 5 | 10,213-30,163 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| x | Frantech, Inc. | Seefire 2100 S | 3.2 | 11000-31100 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| x | Frantech, Inc. | Seefire 900 S | 6.5 | 10200-30800 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| x | Frantech, Inc. | Seefire 1600 S | 7 | 11700-23100 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | GHP Group | Pleasant Hearth HWS-224172MH-B; Pleasant Hearth HWS-224172MH-BCA | 5.1 | 11,638 - 22,444 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | GHP Group | Pleasant Hearth LWS-127201-B; Pleasant Hearth LWS-127201-BCA | 4.3 | 9,238 - 16,744 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | GHP Group | Pleasant Hearth LWS-130291-B; Pleasant Hearth LWS-130291-BCA | 3.6 | 12,084 - 37580 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| x | Gibraltar Stoves, Inc. | LCC, MCC, SCC, CFS, CFI & DDI | 2.75 | 8400-28700 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| x | GLG Australia | Pearl Bay | 3.8 | 11,300-35,300 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |

Actual Measured Efficiency - Per CSA B415.1
Default - Category rating assigned by EPA (The estimated efficiency is a follows: 72% (catalyst-equipped), 63% (non-catalyst equipped), and 78% (wood pellets)). § 60.536(i)(3).

List of EPA Certified Wood Stoves December 2013

| Out of Production | Manufacturer Name | Model Name | Emission Rate G/Hr | Heat Output btu/hr | Actual Measured Efficiency (CSA B415.1) | EPA Estimated (Default) Efficiency | Type |
|-------------------|--|---------------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|---|------------------------------------|---------------|
| | | | | | | | |
| x | Glo King/Pierce Engineered Products Inc. | GK 100 HT | 3.2 | 10600-61400 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Glo King/Pierce Engineered Products Inc. | GK-500HT | 6.4 | 10000-22400 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Glo King/Pierce Engineered Products Inc. | 400HT | 7 | 10000-40200 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Glo King/Pierce Engineered Products Inc. | GK-300HT | 7 | 11000-31000 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Glow Boy | Model HR-2 | 0.9 | 10500-33400 | | 78 | Pellet |
| | Godin Imports, Inc. | Nouvelle Epoque 3137 | 3.9 | 10500-20700 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | Gruppo Piazzetta S.P.A. | P960, P961, P962 | 1.98 | 10,000 - 38,500 | | 78 | Pellet |
| | Gruppo Piazzetta S.P.A. | P955, P956, and P957 | 2.28 | 9,000 - 29,700 | | 78 | Pellet |
| | Gruppo Piazzetta S.P.A. | Model 905 | 6.8 | 11600-30300 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Gruppo Piazzetta S.P.A. | Sabrina, Sveva, Samanta, Siria | 2.305 | 9,912 - 37,169 | | 78 | Pellet |
| | Gruppo Piazzetta S.P.A. | Monia, Marcella, Marcella, Mia, Maira | 2.15 | 9,912 - 37,169 | | 78 | Pellet |
| | Gruppo Piazzetta S.P.A. | 904 | 7.5 | 6700-28300 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | H.M.F. Forlong and Maisey Ltd. | Merlin "3", M 3000 | 6.1 | 12300-37000 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Hajduk | Prima MR-51 | 3.8 | 11,636-35,246 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Harman Stove Company | TL 2.0 | 2.6 | 9,619 - 31,825 | | 63 | |
| | Harman Stove Company | TL 2.6 | 3.7 | 11,281 - 32,657 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Harman Stove Company | TL 300 | 1.1 | 11,238-34921 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Harman Stove Company | Invincible RS | 1.53 | 6200-32800 | | 78 | Pellet |
| | Harman Stove Company | Oakwood | 2.3 | 10,900-30,500 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Harman Stove Company | Treemont TAC-340C | 2.8 | 7400-33800 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | Harman Stove Company | CW30 | 3.6 | 10000-34000 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Harman Stove Company | Treemont TAC-260C,TAC-260CF | 3.9 | 8400-40700 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | Harman Stove Company | Model Exception TL200 | 4.4 | 11000-42400 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Harman Stove Company | Treemont TAC-520C | 5.2 | 12000-37300 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | Hase Kaminofenbau | Lima 8150 | 3.57 | 11,805-31,653 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Hase Kaminofenbau | Bari, Lima | 3.57 | 11,805-31,653 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Hawke Manufacturing Company, Inc. | HMI 28II | 2.6 | 6100-39600 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | Hearth and Home Technologies | 5100I ACC | 4.2 | 10,491 - 27,854 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Hearth and Home Technologies | 4100I ACC | 4.3 | 11696 - 25,925 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Hearth and Home Technologies | Quadra-Fire 3100 ACC | 1.1 | 11900-43200 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Hearth and Home Technologies | Quadra Fire 4300 ACT | 1.2 | 11900-58500 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Hearth and Home Technologies | Quadra-Fire 3100 ACT & 3100I ACT | 1.3 | 11400-46900 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Hearth and Home Technologies | Quadra-Fire 5100 I ACT B | 2 | 11,900-50,600 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Hearth and Home Technologies | 2100 ACC | 2.1 | 12000-28000 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Hearth and Home Technologies | Quadra-Fire 3100F, 3100 I | 2.1 | 11900-43200 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Hearth and Home Technologies | Quadra-Fire 4300 | 2.1 | 11900-39900 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Hearth and Home Technologies | Quadra-Fire 1900 | 2.2 | 11500-32200 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Hearth and Home Technologies | Quadra-Fire Cape Cod | 2.2 | 11500-43000 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Hearth and Home Technologies | Quadra-Fire 5100-I Fireplace Insert | 2.7 | 11800-49900 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Hearth and Home Technologies | Yosemite | 2.7 | 10900-28600 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Hearth and Home Technologies | Quadra-Fire Isle Royale | 2.9 | 10400-46800 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Hearth and Home Technologies | Arrow 55 | 3 | 9900-37500 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | Hearth and Home Technologies | Quadra-Fire 7100 | 3.1 | 13,800-67,300 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Hearth and Home Technologies | Heat N Glo Number FT-300 | 3.3 | 10,000-41,000 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Hearth and Home Technologies | Northstar/Constitution | 3.3 | 11,300-51,200 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Hearth and Home Technologies | Quadra-Fire Cumberland Gap | 3.4 | 11,200-44,300 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Hearth and Home Technologies | Quadra-Fire 2100, 2100 I | 3.6 | 9300-39300 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Hearth and Home Technologies | Arrow S12 (Stove) & I12 (Insert) | 3.7 | 9900-32100 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Hearth and Home Technologies | Heat-N-Glo FT-210 | 3.9 | 9,800-36,600 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Hearth and Home Technologies | Arrow 14, 20 | 4 | 14000-36100 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |

Actual Measured Efficiency - Per CSA B415.1
Default - Category rating assigned by EPA (The estimated efficiency is a follows: 72% (catalyst-equipped), 63% (non-catalyst equipped), and 78% (wood pellets)). § 60.536(i)(3).

List of EPA Certified Wood Stoves December 2013

| Out of Production | Manufacturer Name | Model Name | Emission Rate G/Hr | Heat Output btu/hr | Actual Measured Efficiency (CSA B415.1) | EPA Estimated (Default) Efficiency | Type | |
|-------------------|------------------------------|--|--------------------|--------------------|---|------------------------------------|---------------|---------------|
| | | | | | | | | |
| | Hearth and Home Technologies | Quadra-Fire 4100 | 4 | 11700-50500 | | 63 | Non Catalytic | |
| | Hearth and Home Technologies | S-22 & S-22I | 4 | 12000-36900 | | 63 | Non Catalytic | |
| | Hearth and Home Technologies | 5700 ACT/ Step Top | 4.2 | 11800-45900 | | 63 | Non Catalytic | |
| | Hearth and Home Technologies | Model 2700I | 4.2 | 11200-35900 | | 63 | Non Catalytic | |
| | Hearth and Home Technologies | Arrow S32 & I32 | 4.24 | 10800-47500 | | 63 | Non Catalytic | |
| | Hearth and Home Technologies | Arrow Fireplace Insert 25 | 4.7 | 11300-55000 | | 72 | Catalytic | |
| | Hearth and Home Technologies | Heatilator 11, 12 | 5.1 | 12400-36100 | | 63 | Non Catalytic | |
| | Hearth and Home Technologies | Quadra-Fire 1800 | 5.1 | 10600-31300 | | 63 | Non Catalytic | |
| | Hearth and Home Technologies | S10 and I10 | 5.9 | 11200-40600 | | 63 | Non Catalytic | |
| | | Heatilator 1190/Arrow 1490(S20) Heatilator 1290/Arrow 2090(I20) | 6.1 | 10500-44500 | | 63 | Non Catalytic | |
| | Hearth and Home Technologies | Quadra-Fire 2000, 2000-I | 6.1 | 7400-43700 | | 63 | Non Catalytic | |
| | Hearth and Home Technologies | Quadra-Fire 3000F, 3000 I | 6.5 | 9000-44700 | | 63 | Non Catalytic | |
| | Hearth and Home Technologies | Arrow 18 | 7.2 | 14500-34400 | | 63 | Non Catalytic | |
| | Hearth and Home Technologies | 4300ACC | 1.1 | 11,842-38,305 | | 63 | Non Catalytic | |
| | Hearth and Home Technologies | Heatilator ECO ADV WS22 | 2.7 | 11,733 - 26,957 | | 63 | Non Catalytic | |
| | Hearth and Home Technologies | Quadra Fire 5700 ACC | 2.3 | 11,17 - 40,359 | | 63 | Non Catalytic | |
| | Hearth and Home Technologies | Voyageur | 4.12 | 11,163 - 23,513 | | 63 | Non Catalytic | |
| | Hearth and Home Technologies | Quadra Fire 2100 Millinnium & 2100 ACT | 2 | 10900- 37200 | | 63 | Non Catalytic | |
| | Hearth and Home Technologies | Summit Insert | 3.15 | 10,732 - 25,578 | | 63 | Non Catalytic | |
| | Hearth and Home Technologies | Model 400 | 2.9 | 8700-2200 | | 63 | Non Catalytic | |
| | Hearth and Home Technologies | Quadra-Fire Model 4100I and Bodega Bay | 3.1 | 9,000-41,800 | | 63 | Non Catalytic | |
| | Hearth and Home Technologies | Model 2590 | 3.8 | 9900-34300 | | 72 | Catalytic | |
| | Hearth and Home Technologies | Aurora Model 700 | 4.3 | 11800-30900 | | 63 | Non Catalytic | |
| | Hearth and Home Technologies | Quadra-Fire 1800 I | 4.9 | 10000-33200 | | 63 | Non Catalytic | |
| | Hearth and Home Technologies | PH35PS | 0.28 | 9,555 - 25,081 | | 78 | Pellet | |
| | Hearth and Home Technologies | PH50PS | 0.74 | 9,256 - 32,396 | | 78 | Pellet | |
| | Hearth and Home Technologies | Heatilator ECO ADV WS18 | 2.6 | 10,925 -22,563 | | 63 | Non Catalytic | |
| | | Hearthstone Quality Home Heating Products Inc Homestead 8570 | 1.9 | 10500-33600 | | 63 | Non Catalytic | |
| | | Hearthstone Quality Home Heating Products Inc Shelburne 1 Model 8371 | 2.1 | 11,800-32,400 | | 63 | Non Catalytic | |
| | x | Hearthstone Quality Home Heating Products Inc Shelburne Model 8370 | 2.1 | 11,800-32,400 | | 63 | Non Catalytic | |
| | | Hearthstone Quality Home Heating Products Inc Heritage 8090, Manchester 8330 | 1.3 | 15,320 - 31,200 | | 78 | Pellet | |
| | | Hearthstone Quality Home Heating Products Inc Heritage | 2.3 | 10700-29400 | | 63 | Non Catalytic | |
| | | Hearthstone Quality Home Heating Products Inc Phoenix 8612 | 2.4 | 10500-41500 | | 63 | Non Catalytic | |
| | | Hearthstone Quality Home Heating Products Inc Tula | 2.55 | 11,455 - 29,301 | | 63 | Non Catalytic | |
| | | Hearthstone Quality Home Heating Products Inc Heritage I, Model 8021 | 2.7 | 11,700-32,800 | | 63 | Non Catalytic | |
| | | Hearthstone Quality Home Heating Products Inc Tribute Model 8040 | 3 | 10,600-28,300 | | 63 | Non Catalytic | |
| | x | Hearthstone Quality Home Heating Products Inc Craftsbury 8390 | 3.08 | 10,973-25,563 | | 63 | Non Catalytic | |
| | | Hearthstone Quality Home Heating Products Inc Craftsbury 1 8391 | 3.08 | 10,973-25,563 | | 63 | Non Catalytic | |
| | | Hearthstone Quality Home Heating Products Inc Clydesdale Model 8490, 8491 | 3.1 | 11,900-33,100 | | 63 | Non Catalytic | |
| | | Hearthstone Quality Home Heating Products Inc Equinox 8000 | 3.1 | 12,000-37,900 | | 63 | Non Catalytic | |
| | | Hearthstone Quality Home Heating Products Inc Bennington | 3.6 | 11900-32600 | | 63 | Non Catalytic | |
| | ` | Hearthstone Quality Home Heating Products Inc Starlet | 3.6 | 9200-25400 | | 63 | Non Catalytic | |
| | | Hearthstone Quality Home Heating Products Inc Mansfield 2 8012 | 2.9 | 11,370 -28, 940 | | 63 | Non Catalytic | |
| | x | Hearthstone Quality Home Heating Products Inc Mansfield | 2.9 | 11,370 -28, 940 | | 63 | Non Catalytic | |
| | | Hearthstone Quality Home Heating Products Inc Morgan model 8470 | 4.3 | 10500-29300 | | 63 | Non Catalytic | |
| | | Hearthstone Quality Home Heating Products Inc Castleton | 2.71 | 11,395 - 24,569 | | 63 | Non Catalytic | |
| | | Hearthstone Quality Home Heating Products Inc Manchester 8360 | 3.01 | 11,335 - 47,509 | | 63 | Non Catalytic | |
| | x | Heat Tech Industries | No. 26 GM | 4 | 11300-35800 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | x | Heatilator, Inc. | Heatilator LE | 4.46 | 11500-44400 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |

Actual Measured Efficiency - Per CSA B415.1
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List of EPA Certified Wood Stoves December 2013

| Out of Production | Manufacturer Name | Model Name | Emission Rate G/Hr | Heat Output btu/hr | Actual Measured Efficiency (CSA B415.1) | EPA Estimated (Default) Efficiency | Type |
|-------------------|--|--|--------------------|--------------------|---|------------------------------------|---------------|
| | | | | | | | |
| x | Heatilator, Inc. | 1890(S30) | 5.7 | 11200-42700 | | 78 | Pellet |
| x | Heating Energy Systems, Inc. | Trailblazer Genesis 1600/1800 | 3 | 11400-36400 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| x | Heating Energy Systems, Inc. | Trailblazer Genesis 2000-C | 3.1 | 10600-37500 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| x | Heating Energy Systems, Inc. | Trailblazer Classic 1300/1306 | 3.2 | 11300-32400 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| x | Heating Energy Systems, Inc. | Trailblazer 1700/1706 | 4.6 | 11000-32400 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| x | Heating Energy Systems, Inc. | Trailblazer Classic 1500/1700 | 4.9 | 9500-36600 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| x | Heating Energy Systems, Inc. | Trailblazer Genesis 1600, Classic 1500 | 8.2 | 12100-28100 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| x | Heat-N-Glo Fireplace Products, Inc. | CBS-41 | 3.9 | 10000-30300 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| x | HeatWorx LLC | Independence | 3.6 | 11,370 - 34,260 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Henan Hi-Flame | Horse Flame 737 | 4.9 | 11,200 - 37,500 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Henan Hi-Flame | Hi-Flame | 4.9 | 10,500 - 30,501 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| x | Heritage Stoves Inc. | Bostonian 2500 C (Insert) | 3.8 | 10600-22300 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| x | Heritage Stoves Inc. | American 2000C | 5.5 | 13600-33800 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| x | Heritage Stoves Inc. | Bostonian 2500C | 6.8 | 9600-37300 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | Hestia Heating Products | Model HHP 1 | 2.89 | 7,900-30,200 | | 78 | Pellet |
| | Hestia Heating Products | Model HHP 2 | 4.1 | 12,084-25,496 | | 78 | Pellet |
| | High Energy Manufacturing, Limited | J1000 Pellet Stove | 2.1 | 13,000 - 21,800 | | 78 | Pellet |
| | High Sierra Stoves, Ltd. | Evolution 8000TE | 2.2 | 7900-40500 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | High Sierra Stoves, Ltd. | Ambassador 4700TE | 2.5 | 10100-37600 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | High Sierra Stoves, Ltd. | Sweet Home Catalytic Fir AK-18 | 3.1 | 8800-29500 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | High Sierra Stoves, Ltd. | Cricket MHCR 5200 | 3.5 | 6800-27600 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | High Sierra Stoves, Ltd. | Evolution 7000TE,7000C | 4 | 11200-43000 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | High Sierra Stoves, Ltd. | Sweet Home Solitaire PFA 2000 | 4 | 9700-28200 | | 78 | Pellet |
| | High Sierra Stoves, Ltd. | Diplomat 4300 TE | 5.1 | 10400-53400 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | High Sierra Stoves, Ltd. | Sierra Classic 1500B | 6.9 | 8600-34700 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | High Sierra Stoves, Ltd. | Sweet Home NFX-HT | 7.8 | 14500-33200 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| x | High Valley Construction & Maintenance Corp. | Model 1600 | 2.7 | 11800-40400 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| x | High Valley Construction & Maintenance Corp. | High Valley Bay 2500 | 3.1 | 7700-40900 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| x | High Valley Construction & Maintenance Corp. | High Valley Model 1500 | 3.4 | 9400-34200 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| x | High Valley Construction & Maintenance Corp. | High Valley 2000, Craft Stove 2000 | 3.3 | 10800-43100 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | Hijos de Bartolome Fajardo S.L. | Ronda | 6.6 | 10,978 - 29,301 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Hijos de Bartolome Fajardo S.L. | Antartida | 5.5 | 11938 - 34,245 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Hi-Teck Stoves | Hi Teck H 2000C | 3.6 | 12600-41400 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | Hitzer, Inc. | Glo King 500SD | 6.4 | 10000-22400 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Hitzer, Inc. | Glo King 300HT | 7 | 11000-31000 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Hitzer, Inc. | Glo King 400HT | 7 | 10000-40200 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| x | Horizon Research Inc. | Model HR-2 | 0.9 | 10500-33400 | | 78 | Pellet |
| x | Horizon Research Inc. | Eclipse | 1 | 7800-33100 | | 78 | Pellet |
| x | Horizon Research Inc. | Eclipse | 1 | 7800-33100 | | 78 | Pellet |
| | Horse Flame Metal USA, Inc. | 517 HF | 3.6 | 8,585-24,358 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Horse Flame Metal USA, Inc. | 717 HF | 6.6 | 11,400-28,857 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Horse Flame Metal USA, Inc. | HF577DU | 6.8 | 10,754-43,138 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Horse Flame Metal USA, Inc. | 917HF, HF917UA | 7.2 | 11842-30330 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Hudson River Stove Works | HR1-M, Hudson River Medium | 7 | 11,900-19,700 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Hussong Manufacturing Company, Inc.(Kozy Heat) | Olivia, Model Number OVL-PC | 2.5 | 8,100-21,400 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Hussong Manufacturing Company, Inc. | Kozy Heat Z 42 | 3.3 | 11500-35100 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| x | Hutch Manufacturing Company | DWI-42C-2 (EPA) | 1.5 | 10700-52800 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| x | Hutch Manufacturing Company | DWI-42C | 1.6 | 9800-54600 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| x | Hutch Manufacturing Company | HRD-27C Catalytic Freestanding | 2.5 | 10300-56200 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| x | Hutch Manufacturing Company | HRS-18C Small Freestanding | 2.9 | 10300-38400 | | 72 | Catalytic |

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Default - Category rating assigned by EPA (The estimated efficiency is as follows: 72% (catalyst-equipped), 63% (non-catalyst equipped), and 78% (wood pellets)). § 60.536(i)(3).

List of EPA Certified Wood Stoves December 2013

| Out of Production | Manufacturer Name | Model Name | Emission Rate G/Hr | Heat Output btu/hr | Actual Measured Efficiency (CSA B415.1) | EPA Estimated (Default) Efficiency | Type |
|-------------------|--|--|--------------------|--------------------|---|------------------------------------|---------------|
| | | | | | | | |
| x | Hutch Manufacturing Company | HRD-18C | 4.5 | 9300-39100 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | HWAM Heat Design A/S | Monet | 3.4 | 10,996-26,221 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | HWAM Heat Design A/S | 3055 | 4.09 | 10,996-26,221 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | J. A. Roby | Mystere | 6 | 12,900-24,200 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | J. A. Roby | Vulcain | 6.09 | 9,501.-29180 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | J. A. Roby | Atmosphere | 6.9 | 9,043 - 28,675 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | J. A. Roby | Evolution | 6.9 | 9,043 - 28,675 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | J. A. Roby | Ultimate | 7.1 | 9,501.-29180 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| x | Jacuzzi Leisure Products, Inc. | Gordon Elite S18XE | 3 | 11300-31200 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| x | Jacuzzi Leisure Products, Inc. | Fraser Elite I, S407E, S408E, S409E | 3.4 | 10000-37900 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| x | Jacuzzi Leisure Products, Inc. | Cabot Elite S17XE | 4.5 | 11300-34400 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| x | Jacuzzi Leisure Products, Inc. | Campbell Elite S14XE | 5.1 | 11000-31100 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| x | Jacuzzi Leisure Products, Inc. | JW1000L10, JW1000P10, DW1000, FW2400, S24 | 5.3 | 10600-26100 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| x | Jacuzzi Leisure Products, Inc. | Model Campbell II Elite S-24X & FW24 Series, CJW1000L02, | 5.3 | 10600-26100 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Jacuzzi Leisure Products, Inc. | Douglas Elite S131E, S132E; Mini Elite S111E,S112E | 7.1 | 10400-22200 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Jayline Heating Ltd. | Amzed Jayline Ukal U-12 | 2.9 | 9900-28200 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Jayline Heating Ltd. | AMZED JAYLINE 1B AND FS | 5.4 | 9500-40400 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Jotul North America (Jotul U.S.A., Inc.) | F602 CB | 3.4 | 11,998 - 47,713 | 70.7 | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Jotul North America (Jotul U.S.A., Inc.) | Firelight 12 | 2.4 | 10500-32100 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | Jotul North America (Jotul U.S.A., Inc.) | F370 | 2.58 | 10,978-29,048 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Jotul North America (Jotul U.S.A., Inc.) | F100 Nordic QT | 3 | 7,700- 27,400 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Jotul North America (Jotul U.S.A., Inc.) | Jotul Oslo F-500 | 3 | 10900-35000 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Jotul North America (Jotul U.S.A., Inc.) | Alpha 350132 | 3.1 | 10100-33000 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | Jotul North America (Jotul U.S.A., Inc.) | Model Series 8 | 3.1 | 12600-33000 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | Jotul North America (Jotul U.S.A., Inc.) | F500 | 3.2 | 12000-34700 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Jotul North America (Jotul U.S.A., Inc.) | F118 CB | 3.5 | 12,000-23,500 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Jotul North America (Jotul U.S.A., Inc.) | Model 3 TDIC-2 | 3.6 | 10900-30600 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | Jotul North America (Jotul U.S.A., Inc.) | Castine F400 | 3.8 | 11300-27800 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Jotul North America (Jotul U.S.A., Inc.) | F3CBII | 3.8 | 11400-43500 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Jotul North America (Jotul U.S.A., Inc.) | Model 8 TDIC | 3.8 | 10900-35100 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | Jotul North America (Jotul U.S.A., Inc.) | American Fireplace Stove 3TDC | 4 | 8800-31700 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | Jotul North America (Jotul U.S.A., Inc.) | Model C350 | 4 | 11,500-34,200 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Jotul North America (Jotul U.S.A., Inc.) | Jotul F600 | 4.1 | 11,600-32,500 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Jotul North America (Jotul U.S.A., Inc.) | Firelight 12CB | 4.4 | 13500-45900 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Jotul North America (Jotul U.S.A., Inc.) | C450, Tamarack | 4.42 | 11,900-36,100 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Jotul North America (Jotul U.S.A., Inc.) | C550 CB | 4.47 | 11,696-35933 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Jotul North America (Jotul U.S.A., Inc.) | Jotul Petite | 4.52 | 10500-39900 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Jotul North America (Jotul U.S.A., Inc.) | Jotul Model 602 CB Classic | 5.2 | 9700-42100 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Jotul North America (Jotul U.S.A., Inc.) | Model 3 CB | 5.8 | 11900-58300 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Jotul North America (Jotul U.S.A., Inc.) | C550 | 7.14 | 12,034-36,669 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Jotul North America (Jotul U.S.A., Inc.) | F55 | 3.5 | 11,576 - 30,399 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Jotul North America (Jotul U.S.A., Inc.) | F45 | 2.31 | 11,576 -26,528 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Jotul North America (Jotul U.S.A., Inc.) | 50TL | 2.84 | 11,696 - 32,919 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | JR Home Heating Products | WPS 30 | 4.5 | 12,791 - 43,520 | | 78 | Pellet |
| x | Jydepejsan A/S | Avanti | 3.9 | 11300- 28100 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Jydepejsan A/S | H530 | 6.8 | 11,100-28,800 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Kalvin International and Company (HK) | KWS1-M | 7 | 11,900-19,700 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Kent Heating Limited | Rose Bay KTXRB | 3.6 | 10300 - 37500 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |

Actual Measured Efficiency - Per CSA B415.1
Default - Category rating assigned by EPA (The estimated efficiency is a follows: 72% (catalyst-equipped), 63% (non-catalyst equipped), and 78% (wood pellets)). § 60.536(i)(3).

List of EPA Certified Wood Stoves December 2013

| Out of Production | Manufacturer Name | Model Name | Emission Rate G/Hr | Heat Output btu/hr | Actual Measured Efficiency | EPA Estimated | Type |
|----------------------|---------------------------|--|-----------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------|---------------|
| | | | | | (CSA B415.1) | (Default) Efficiency | |
| x | Kent Heating Limited | Catalytic Tile Fire | 2 | 5900-24500 | 73.5 | 72 | Catalytic |
| x | Kent Heating Limited | Ultima 2000S | 4.5 | 11000-23000 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| x | Kent Heating Limited | Log Fire LPE | 5.9 | 8900-28200 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| x | Kent Heating Limited | Tile Fire L.E.M. TLE-1 | 5.9 | 8500-38600 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| x | Kent Heating Limited | Tile Fire 2000, Ultima 2000 | 6.3 | 12500-21700 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| x | Kent Heating Limited | Sherwood L.E.M. XLE-1 | 6.5 | 9600-33400 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| x | Kent Heating Limited | Log Fire 2000 | 7 | 11200-23700 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| x | Kent Heating Limited | Sherwood 2000 | 8.1 | 13000-26600 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Krog Iversen & Co. A/S | DSA 4 | 1.1 | 10,500-27,900 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Krog Iversen & Co. A/S | Basic 1 & 3 | 2.17 | 10032-17906 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Krog Iversen & Co. A/S | Basic 4 | 2.2 | 10000-22100 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Krog Iversen & Co. A/S | Andersen 8 | 2.9 | 11900-30100 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Krog Iversen & Co. A/S | Scan 24 | 2.9 | 11300-22500 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Krog Iversen & Co. A/S | Scan 47.2 | 3.1 | 10400 - 30900 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Krog Iversen & Co. A/S | Scan 4.5 | 3.3 | 9,500-31,000 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Krog Iversen & Co. A/S | Andersen 8.2 | 3.5 | 7,600-28,800 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Krog Iversen & Co. A/S | Scan 60 | 3.97 | 8,700-27,430 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Krog Iversen & Co. A/S | Scan 5.2 | 4.2 | 11800-26500 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Krog Iversen & Co. A/S | Scan 10-A | 4.4 | 11,600-37,700 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Krog Iversen & Co. A/S | Model Scan 61 | 4.5 | 10,600-29,300 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Krog Iversen & Co. A/S | Scan 20 | 5.1 | 9900-19000 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Kuma Stove And Iron Works | Aspen | 4.1 | 11,689 - 24206 | 73.5 | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Kuma Stove And Iron Works | Model Kuma 100/300/400 | 2.2 | 10100-52100 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | Kuma Stove And Iron Works | Kuma K-300/K-400, K-100B | 2.8 | 12100-65200 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | Kuma Stove and Iron Works | Kuma Wood Classic Model HT-2 | 3.2 | 11300-48000 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Kuma Stove and Iron Works | Ashwood | 3.3 | 11300-48000 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Kuma Stove And Iron Works | Tamarack | 3.3 | 11300 -48000 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Kuma Stove And Iron Works | KTAM | 4.42 | 11708 -24418 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Kuma Stove And Iron Works | Kuma Scott HT-1 | 3.5 | 11700-29800 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Lennox Hearth Products | Whitfield Fireplace/Hearth Stove | 1 | 11000-35700 | | 78 | Pellet |
| | Lennox Hearth Products | Whitfield WP-1, III T, II-T, II-TC, Advantage Series | 1 | 9100-37800 | | 78 | Pellet |
| | Lennox Hearth Products | WP-2 III T, II-TC, Advantage Series | 1 | 9100-37800 | 73.5 | 78 | Pellet |
| | Lennox Hearth Products | BELLA | 1.01 | 11,202-25,925 | | 78 | Pellet |
| | Lennox Hearth Products | WINSLOW PS40 and PI40 | 1.14 | 7,476-21,343 | | 78 | Pellet |
| | Lennox Hearth Products | Whitfield Advantage WP-2 | 1.3 | 10900-35100 | | 78 | Pellet |
| | Lennox Hearth Products | STRIKER S160 and C160 | 1.6 | 12500-41200 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Lennox Hearth Products | Bayview II, 2000C,BV4000C, BV4000C-2 | 1.9 | 6600-40900 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | Lennox Hearth Products | Traditions T300HT & T3000HT The Earth Stove 1600HT, 1900HT-M | 2.6 | 10700-37400 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Lennox Hearth Products | Bayview BV450C/BV400C-2 | 3 | 11000-48100 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | Lennox Hearth Products | Bayview II BV4000 | 3.1 | 9200-42300 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | Lennox Hearth Products | Model T200C | 3.2 | 8500-34900 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | Lennox Hearth Products | CANYON ST310, C310 | 3.5 | 11600-38800 | 73.5 | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Lennox Hearth Products | 1003-C | 3.7 | 11700-36800 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | Lennox Hearth Products | Traditions T-100 | 3.8 | 8300-43800 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | Lennox Hearth Products | MONTAGE | 4.03 | 6,270-29,784 | | 78 | Pellet |
| | Lennox Hearth Products | Traditions T150C, T100SC | 4.1 | 6500-35300 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | Lennox Hearth Products | LEGACY S260, C260, and E260 | 4.11 | 11800-48000 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Lennox Hearth Products | PERFORMER SS210, ST210 and C210 | 4.2 | 9500-36100 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Lennox Hearth Products | 2800HT | 4.5 | 11500-46700 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |

Actual Measured Efficiency - Per CSA B415.1
Default - Category rating assigned by EPA (The estimated efficiency is a follows: 72% (catalyst-equipped), 63% (non-catalyst equipped), and 78% (wood pellets)). § 60.536(i)(3).

List of EPA Certified Wood Stoves December 2013

| Out of Production | Manufacturer Name | Model Name | Emission Rate G/Hr | Heat Output btu/hr | Actual Measured Efficiency (CSA B415.1) | EPA Estimated (Default) Efficiency | Type |
|-------------------|--|---|--------------------|--------------------|---|------------------------------------|---------------|
| | | | | | | | |
| | Lennox Hearth Products | Brass Flame KS-805 | 5.3 | 9300-49800 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Lennox Hearth Products | Bayview BV400, BV450 | 5.5 | 11000-53700 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | Lennox Hearth Products | Brass Flame KS-1005, KS-2000I | 6 | 11800-44000 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Lennox Hearth Products | Brass Flame KS-805 | 6 | 9300-49800 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Lennox Hearth Products | KS-1005, SV-14; KS-2000, FI-15 | 6 | 9500-41100 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Lennox Hearth Products | Grandview 300 | 3.1 | 10,249-29,181 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Lennox Hearth Products | Grand View 230, Montake 230 | 3.6 | 11,214 - 28,216 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Lennox Hearth Products | Earth Stove c-1002, and Ranger 1500HT, 1400HT | 6.6 | 11700-37000 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Lennox Hearth Products | 1000HT, 1100HT, 2000HT, 2200HT | 8.3 | 6600-32200 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Lennox Hearth Products | ES2100 | 3.05 | 10,491 -30,387 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| x | Lexington Forge | SSI 30 | 3.47 | 11,000-30,600 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| x | Lexington Forge | SSW 30FTPB, SSW30FTAL, SSW30FTAPB | 3.5 | 11,000-30,600 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| x | Lexington Forge | SSW30STAL, SSW30STAPB Savannah | 3.5 | 11,000-30,600 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| x | Lexington Forge | Savannah SSW 20 and Windsor WCS20 | 3.76 | 11,000-45000 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| x | Lexington Forge | SSW40 | 4.3 | 11,963-35767 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| x | Long Agribusiness | Silent Flame Model 2058A | 2.3 | 9600-30600 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| x | Long Agribusiness | Silent Flame Model 2062 | 2.4 | 9900-32600 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| x | Long Agribusiness | 2062 Catalytic freestanding/insert | 3.3 | 10600-20700 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| x | Long Agribusiness | Silent Flame 2058 | 5.3 | 9000-27100 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | LOPI by Travis Industries, Inc | Declaration, Walden insert | 4.1 | 11,300-33,400 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | LOPI by Travis Industries, Inc. | Republic 1750, Endeavor and Revere Insert | 1.94 | 9300-42200 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | LOPI by Travis Industries, Inc. | Leyden | 2.4 | 10,700-33,900 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | LOPI by Travis Industries, Inc. | Liberty, Freedom Bay insert | 2.6 | 12000-45100 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | LOPI by Travis Industries, Inc. | Freedom | 3.6 | 11800-47500 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | LOPI by Travis Industries, Inc. | ANSWER, ANSER insert, Republic1250 and Avalon Spokane | 4.4 | 11600-38500 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| x | Luap Associates, Inc. | Eagle 2001 | 2.6 | 8400-55200 | | 78 | Pellet |
| | Lucky Distributing | Integra | 3.6 | 10,024-31,268 | | 78 | Pellet |
| | Lucky Distributing | Esprit, Viva and Taurus | 4.4 | 11,817-32,263 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | M. Texeira International, Incorporated | Bef 520 H | 6.4 | 11,721-25,859 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| x | Martin Industries, Inc. | C-92 | 2.4 | 7200-29500 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| x | Martin Industries, Inc. | Ashley APC2,APC2C; King KC2,KC2B; Atlanta AC2,AC2B | 3 | 9700-27900 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| x | Martin Industries, Inc. | C-92 | 3 | 13900-35700 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| x | Martin Industries, Inc. | Ashley | 3.8 | 5700-35300 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| x | Martin Industries, Inc. | Ashley APS5,APS5B; King KC5,KC5B; Atlanta AC5,AC5B | 3.8 | 9400-35400 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| x | Martin Industries, Inc. | Ashley CAHF,CAHFB; King MCF,MCFB; Atlanta ACF,ACFB | 4.8 | 9900-30000 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| x | Martin Industries, Inc. | C-92 | 5.3 | 5200-33200 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | Max Blank GmbH | Florenz K0 2, Volterra, Padua, Atlanta BF | 3.1 | 11,842-34,680 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Max Blank GmbH | Atlanta K02, Siena, Monza, Davos, Ravenna, Heidelberg | 4.5 | 11,479-36,009 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Max Blank GmbH | Solero, Toulouse, Zitro, Rio, Memphis, Niagara, Fisco | 4.5 | 11,479-36,009 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Max Blank GmbH | Mega K 03 | 5.14 | 10,500-33,000 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Max Blank GmbH | Bordeaux | 5.6 | 10,129-34,342 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | MCZ S.p.a. | Cubic, Cosmo | 1.3 | 7,428 - 27,053 | | 78 | |
| | | Trendline, Soft Line, Fine Line, Zeus, Athene, Troja, Hera, | | | | | |
| | MCZ S.p.a. | Avanti | 1.3 | 7,428 - 27,053 | | 78 | |
| | MCZ S.p.a. | Musa Air, Suite Air, Club Air, Sagar Air | 1.3 | 7,428 - 27,053 | | 78 | Pellet |
| | MCZ S.p.a. | Star Air, Ego, Air, Toba Air, Sagar Air | 1.4 | 8,233-24,533 | | 78 | Pellet |
| | MCZ S.p.a. | Nima Comfort Air, Club Comfort | 1.8 | 9,704 - 31,758 | | 78 | |
| | MCZ S.p.a. | Musa Comfort Air, Suite Comfrot Air | 1.8 | 9,704 - 31,758 | | 78 | Pellet |
| | Metal M.D.R. Inc. | Model HE-1400, XE-1400, & XTD-1.5 | 4.3 | 10,800-34,000 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |

Actual Measured Efficiency - Per CSA B415.1
Default - Category rating assigned by EPA (The estimated efficiency is a follows: 72% (catalyst-equipped), 63% (non-catalyst equipped), and 78% (wood pellets)). § 60.536(i)(3).

List of EPA Certified Wood Stoves December 2013

| Out of Production | Manufacturer Name | Model Name | Emission Rate G/Hr | Heat Output btu/hr | Actual Measured Efficiency | EPA Estimated | Type |
|----------------------|---|--|-----------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------|---------------|
| | | | | | (CSA B415.1) | (Default) Efficiency | |
| | Metal M.D.R. Inc. | XVR-III, XLT-III | 7.5 | 11,900-35,000 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Monessan Hearth Systems | Century/Dutchmaster FW and CDW | 1 | 11,800-32,300 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Monessan Hearth Systems | Merrimack, Essex | 3.6 | 10,554 - 31,780 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Monessan Hearth Systems | CJW2500X02, DW2500 and JW2500X10 | 4.7 | 9500-57800 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Monessan Hearth Systems | CW2500X00, CW2500X02, JW2500X00, | 4.7 | 9500-57800 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Monessan Hearth Systems | Defiant 1975 | 2.3 | 9,600 - 26,600 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Monessan Hearth Systems | FW247001 to FE247004 and JW1000PF1 | 5 | 11500-18900 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Monessan Hearth Systems | JW1000L10 and JW1000P10, DW1000, FW2400, S24 | 5.3 | 10600-26100 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Monessan Hearth Systems | Model Campbell II Elite S-24X & FW24 Series, CJW1000L02, | 5.3 | 10600-26100 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Morso Jernstoberi A/S | 2B Classic | 3.9 | 10900 -23600 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Morso Jernstoberi A/S | 3112 and 3142 | 3.1 | 9,300-28,500 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Morso Jernstoberi A/S | Model 4600 | 3.2 | 11,100-25,600 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Morso Jernstoberi A/S | Squirrel 1410 ,1420,1440 | 3.3 | 9600-22000 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Morso Jernstoberi A/S | Owl 3410/3440 & 3450 | 3.5 | 8400-23600 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Morso Jernstoberi A/S | 7600 Series | 3.6 | 10,000 - 21,300 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Morso Jernstoberi A/S | Model 4650 (Soapstone) | 3.7 | 10,900-25,700 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Morso Jernstoberi A/S | Model 2040 | 3.8 | 11,100-40,100 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Morso Jernstoberi A/S | Model 7110 | 3.8 | 10,700-27,900 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Morso Jernstoberi A/S | 6100 | 4.1 | 11,117-22,000 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Morso Jernstoberi A/S | Model 2B | 4.1 | 9,300-30,700 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Morso Jernstoberi A/S | Model 5660, | 4.3 | 8,998- 50,078 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Morso Jernstoberi A/S | Panther Model 2110B | 4.3 | 8,600-42,100 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Morso Jernstoberi A/S | Morso 1710 | 4.4 | 12,000-39,800 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Morso Jernstoberi A/S | 8140, 8142, 8147, 8151 and 8150 | 4.5 | 10,864-25,370 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Morso Jernstoberi A/S | Panther 2110 | 4.7 | 10300-60500 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Morso Jernstoberi A/S | Morso 7900 (7940, 7943, 7948, 7970, 7990) | 4 | 11,600-26,705 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Morso Jernstoberi A/S | 8180 | 5.1 | 9,300-28,500 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Morso Jernstoberi A/S | 3600 Series | 5.2 | 11,400-49,500 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| x | National Steelcrafters of Oregon | Breckwell W3000FS/W3000I | 2.3 | 11600-33700 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| x | National Steelcrafters of Oregon | Craft Stove CB-4830 | 3.1 | 11600-41100 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| x | National Steelcrafters of Oregon | Craft Stove CB-4830, CB-300 | 3.1 | 11600-41100 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| x | National Steelcrafters of Oregon | Craft CB-4830 Insert | 3.4 | 9100-22400 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| x | National Steelcrafters of Oregon | Craft Stove CB-4426 | 3.9 | 12100-35600 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| x | National Steelcrafters of Oregon | Craft Stove CB-4426, CB-26, CAT 44-1 | 3.9 | 12100-35600 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| x | National Steelcrafters of Oregon | Chateau NC24 | 5.4 | 14500-51000 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| x | Navigator Stove Works, Inc. | NSW-1 Sardine | 3.5 | 11,400-19,400 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Navigator Stove Works, Inc. | Navigator NSW2 | 3.6 | 10500-28200 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | New Buck Corporation (Buck Stove Corp.) | Buck Bay Model 91 | 1.2 | 8,800-51,200 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | New Buck Corporation (Buck Stove Corp.) | New Buck/Carolina Model 17 | 1.2 | 8100-27900 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | New Buck Corporation (Buck Stove Corp.) | 94NC | 3.81 | 11,390 - 42,200 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | New Buck Corporation (Buck Stove Corp.) | Buck Master | 2.1 | 10,800-49,800 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | New Buck Corporation (Buck Stove Corp.) | 50PCV, 50PBay, 50CV, 50CBay, 50CD, 50BCV, 50BBay | 2.5 | 10100-38000 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | New Buck Corporation (Buck Stove Corp.) | 41BCV, BBay, CD, CS, CV, CBAY, PCV, PCBAY | 2.6 | 6900-27800 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | New Buck Corporation (Buck Stove Corp.) | MODEL XL-80 | 2.7 | 9200-40500 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | New Buck Corporation (Buck Stove Corp.) | Model 261 | 2.92 | 10271-32263 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | New Buck Corporation (Buck Stove Corp.) | Model 18 | 3.1 | 10000-22400 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | New Buck Corporation (Buck Stove Corp.) | Model 20, catalytic | 3.2 | 10800-37500 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | New Buck Corporation (Buck Stove Corp.) | Bay Model 91 | 3.5 | 10400-50400 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | New Buck Corporation (Buck Stove Corp.) | Buck/Tharrington 74/T-74 | 3.6 | 11,600-41,400 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |

Actual Measured Efficiency - Per CSA B415.1
Default - Category rating assigned by EPA (The estimated efficiency is a follows: 72% (catalyst-equipped), 63% (non-catalyst equipped), and 78% (wood pellets)). § 60.536(i)(3).

List of EPA Certified Wood Stoves December 2013

| Out of Production | Manufacturer Name | Model Name | Emission Rate G/Hr | Heat Output btu/hr | Actual Measured Efficiency (CSA B415.1) | EPA Estimated (Default) Efficiency | Type |
|-------------------|---|--|--------------------|--------------------|---|------------------------------------|---------------|
| | | | | | | | |
| | New Buck Corporation (Buck Stove Corp.) | Model 71 Freestanding/Insert Catalytic | 3.6 | 13100-40200 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | New Buck Corporation (Buck Stove Corp.) | Regular Buck 27000-C | 3.8 | 14700-25100 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | New Buck Corporation (Buck Stove Corp.) | Little Buck 26000-C | 4 | 6800-38700 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | New Buck Corporation (Buck Stove Corp.) | Model 81/85 | 4.3 | 11900-45400 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | New Buck Corporation (Buck Stove Corp.) | Model 21 | 4.4 | 12,000-444,000 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | New Buck Corporation (Buck Stove Corp.) | Big Buck 28000-C | 4.7 | 8500-39100 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | New Buck Corporation (Buck Stove Corp.) | Regular Buck 27000-CR | 4.8 | 14700-30800 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | New Buck Corporation (Buck Stove Corp.) | Model 70 | 5 | 9800-31300 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | New Buck Corporation (Buck Stove Corp.) | Model 26 | 5.4 | 11900-42600 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | New Buck Corporation (Buck Stove Corp.) | Townsend III | 6.2 | 11400-41200 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | New Buck Corporation (Buck Stove Corp.) | Buck Carolina/Tharington 51/T-51 | 6.7 | 11800-40900 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Newmac Manufacturing Incorporated | Classic II Model NCM 120 | 3.04 | 10,700-27,000 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Newmac Manufacturing Incorporated | Classic 1 EPA NC 100 E | 4 | 10,632-26,986 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Newmac Manufacturing Incorporated | WFA 70 | 2.72 | 11852 - 15922 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Newmac Manufacturing Incorporated | Status EPA Model NS220 E | 4.97 | 11,600-27,400 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| x | NHC Inc. | Model 3-C | 2 | 7900-15000 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| x | NHC Inc. | Harvest A-HII catalytic | 2.5 | 10500-36400 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| x | NHC Inc. | Mansfield I | 2.9 | 13600-45300 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| x | NHC Inc. | Mansfield | 3.2 | 10200-27900 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| x | NHC Inc. | Phoenix (Version 2) | 3.4 | 10400-35200 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| x | NHC Inc. | Harvest HII | 3.8 | 8800-28900 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| x | NHC Inc. | Phoenix | 4.94 | 10300-43000 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Nordpeis A/S | Saturn A | 6 | 10,100-25,000 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | NU-TEC/Upland Distributors, Inc. | Brenden BR-60 | 1.43 | 11000-29400 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | NU-TEC/Upland Distributors, Inc. | Upland Amity AM-40 | 2.6 | 10600-23600 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | NU-TEC/Upland Distributors, Inc. | Townsend Woodstove TN-25 | 2.7 | 10200-27500 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | NYSERDA | XEOOS | 2.4 | 11,519 - 27,432 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| x | OK Doke, Ltd. | Sweethearth Presidential 800/800XL | 3.6 | 9900-20000 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| x | Olsberg Hermann Everken, Gmbh | Bristol OH-L | 2.1 | 11,800-32,200 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| x | Olsberg Hermann Everken, Gmbh | Bristol OH-M | 2.7 | 11,000-33,200 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| x | Oregon Woodstoves, Inc. | Model OS/1 | 1.4 | 7800-40000 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| x | Oregon Woodstoves, Inc. | #1, Design 01 | 2.7 | 9600-49700 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| x | Orley's Manufacturing Company, Inc. | Cougar G-225 | 2.7 | 9100-36200 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| x | Orley's Manufacturing Company, Inc. | Leopard U245,U246,UO245,UO246; Panther F245,F246 | 3.5 | 9100-39000 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| x | Orrville Products, Inc. | COUNTRY COMFORT CC160 | 2.9 | 11900-47800 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| x | Orrville Products, Inc. | CC250 | 3.5 | 13200-29800 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| x | Orrville Products, Inc. | Country Comfort CC325 | 3.5 | 18600-60600 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| x | Orrville Products, Inc. | CC 350 | 3.8 | 13700-68900 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| x | Orrville Products, Inc. | CC-185I and 165I | 3.8 | 11500-48600 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| x | Orrville Products, Inc. | CC180 | 3.9 | 10700-57600 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| x | Orrville Products, Inc. | Country Comfort CC350 | 4.3 | 11200-29100 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| x | Orrville Products, Inc. | CC175 and CC155 | 4.4 | 10900-39200 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| x | Orrville Products, Inc. | Country Comfort CC160 | 5.25 | 11600-36500 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| x | Orrville Products, Inc. | CC185 and CC165 | 5.3 | 11300-46100 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| x | Orrville Products, Inc. | Country Comfort CC150, CC1000, CC150H | 7.5 | 7200-23900 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| x | Orrville Products, Inc. | Country Comfort CC100 | 8.5 | 8700-33400 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| x | Orrville Products, Inc. | Country Comfort CC125 | 9.5 | 12300-27600 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Osburn Manufacturing, Inc. | Imperial 2000 | 4.6 | 9000-33000 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Osburn Manufacturing, Inc. | 2200 | 5.7 | 10400-41500 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Osburn Manufacturing, Inc. | 1050 | 6.9 | 10600-42900 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |

Actual Measured Efficiency - Per CSA B415.1
Default - Category rating assigned by EPA (The estimated efficiency is a follows: 72% (catalyst-equipped), 63% (non-catalyst equipped), and 78% (wood pellets)). § 60.536(i)(3).

List of EPA Certified Wood Stoves December 2013

| Out of Production | Manufacturer Name | Model Name | Emission Rate G/Hr | Heat Output btu/hr | Actual Measured Efficiency (CSA B415.1) | EPA Estimated (Default) Efficiency | Type |
|-------------------|--|---|--------------------|--------------------|---|------------------------------------|---------------|
| | | | | | | | |
| | Osburn Manufacturing, Inc. | Imperial MKII, MKII Insert, Goldenaire | 7 | 10700-51600 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Pacific Energy Fireplace Products Limited | Neo 1.6 | 3.9 | 9161-34810 | 75 | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | | Vista Series C, Vista Classic, Vista Artisan, Vista Insert, and | | | | | |
| | Pacific Energy Fireplace Products Limited | Alderlea T4 | 2.92 | 12400-26300 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Pacific Energy Fireplace Products Limited | Alderlea T5, Super 27 Design D, Spectrum, Step D1 | 3.4 | 11000-34600 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | | Standard, Pacific Ins, Spectrum Classic and Fusion, ALT5INS, | | | | | |
| | Pacific Energy Fireplace Products Limited | Super Insert | 3.4 | 11000-34600 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | | Summit Series A, Summit Insert, Summit Classic and Alderlea | | | | | |
| | Pacific Energy Fireplace Products Limited | T6 | 3.6 | 10300-37500 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Pacific Energy Fireplace Products Limited | S-27, Spectrum, Standard, Pacific | 6.4 | 10600-36400 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Pacific Energy Fireplace Products Limited | True North TN19 | 4.1 | 10,652 - 32923 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Pacific Energy Fireplace Products Limited | FP30 | 2.68 | 11829-38556 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Panda Wood Stoves | UMF-400 | 5 | 7600-38300 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | Pellefier Inc. | Venturi PVI-87 | 0.5 | 9000-31800 | | 78 | Pellet |
| x | Polar Fireplaces | Woodchief 300 E | 4.8 | 11600-43700 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| x | Polar Fireplaces | Woodchief 400 E | 5.1 | 11500-59000 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| x | Precision Gas Technologies | WS-250 | 4 | 11700-50500 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | PSG Distribution Inc. | Caddy (duct furnace) | 6.6 | 12000-52900 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Quality Craft | QCPS - 28000 | 2.37 | 13,119 - 14,759 | | 78 | Pellet |
| | Rais A/S | Gabo Pina Vola | 2.1 | 12,000-26,700 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Rais A/S | Malta, Bando and Bora | 4.3 | 11400-32900 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | RAIS A/S | Rondo, Mino II Steel and Mino II SST | 4.3 | 11,431-22,561 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | RAIS A/S | OPUS | 5.7 | 11,479-21,630 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Rais A/S | Rais 60-A Insert | 7.2 | 11600-51300 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Ravelli /EcoTeck | Laura / Veronica | 3.87 | 8,500 - 44,000 | | 78 | Pellet |
| | Ravelli /EcoTeck | Sofia / Silvia | 1.65 | 8,500 - 50,000 | | 78 | Pellet |
| | Ravelli /EcoTeck | Monica / Francesca | 1.45 | 8,500 - 35,000 | | 78 | Pellet |
| | Ravelli /EcoTeck | Ilaria / Serena | 4.4 | 8,500 - 44,000 | | 78 | Pellet |
| x | Renfyre Stove Co./ Maco Enterprises, Inc. | Fireview 2300 | 7 | 11700-27500 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| x | Renfyre Stove Co./Maco Enterprises Inc. | 5000 Combination Range Design #50001 | 5.5 | 13600-21600 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| x | Renfyre Stove Co./Maco Enterprises, Inc | 2800 | 3.4 | 11900-23700 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| x | Renfyre Stove Co./Maco Enterprises, Inc | Fireview Insert 2700 | 3.8 | 9400-27500 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| x | Reverso Manufacturing, Ltd. | Challenger MMX | 2.6 | 11200-33800 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| x | Riteway-Dominion Manufacturing Company, Inc | Dominion 005 | 4.5 | 7000-29100 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| x | RJM Manufacturing, Inc | Achiever FPI-1-LEX | 2 | 7900-26700 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| x | RJM Manufacturing, Inc. | FPI-2-LEX/90 | 1.6 | 10300-36500 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| x | RJM Manufacturing, Inc. | Energy King Bay 2000C | 2.5 | 11400-34600 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| x | RJM Manufacturing, Inc. | Energy King 2500C | 3 | 16100-39800 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| x | RJM Manufacturing, Inc. | Model Silhouette 2850C | 3.2 | 8100-34700 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | RSF / Industrial Chimney Company, Incorporated | Opel 2000C, OPEL AP | 3.7 | 10600-49700 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | RSF / Industrial Chimney Company, Incorporated | TOPAZ/CHAMELEON (Without Fan), TOPAZ, Chameleon | 4 | 11100-25700 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | RSF / Industrial Chimney Company, Incorporated | HT (Onyx), ONYX AP | 4.5 | 11800-35600 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | RSF / Industrial Chimney Company, Incorporated | TOPAZ/CHAEMELON (With Fan) | 5.5 | 9500-25800 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | RSF / Industrial Chimney Company, Incorporated | Ardent HF 40 | 9.9 | 6400-30600 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Russo Products, Inc. | W-25C | 2.4 | 8400-31300 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | Russo Products, Inc. | GV-30S | 2.5 | 9500-38700 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | Russo Products, Inc. | Russo Glassview GV-21 | 2.9 | 10200-29600 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | Russo Products, Inc. | GV-30C | 3.1 | 10300-39400 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | Russo Products, Inc. | W-18C | 6.2 | 7900-40900 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | Salvo Machinery, Inc. | Model Citation | 2.4 | 9600-33500 | | 72 | Catalytic |

Actual Measured Efficiency - Per CSA B415.1
Default - Category rating assigned by EPA (The estimated efficiency is as follows: 72% (catalyst-equipped), 63% (non-catalyst equipped), and 78% (wood pellets)). § 60.536(i)(3).

List of EPA Certified Wood Stoves December 2013

| Out of Production | Manufacturer Name | Model Name | Emission Rate G/Hr | Heat Output btu/hr | Actual Measured Efficiency (CSA B415.1) | EPA Estimated (Default) Efficiency | Type |
|-------------------|--------------------------------------|---|--------------------|--------------------|---|------------------------------------|---------------|
| | | | | | | | |
| x | Salvo Machinery, Inc. | Citation Classic W45NC/WI45NC | 7.1 | 11800-32200 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| x | Sarratt Agencies Limited | Merlin 3 FS-15, IS-15 | 6.1 | 9800-21100 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| x | Saxon Wood Heaters Pty, Ltd. | Rosewood | 2.7 | 11600-36200 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Security Chimneys International Ltd. | BIS Ultima, Brentwood, BIS Tradition CE, and Montecito | 3.692 | 10,442-27,746 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Security Chimneys International Ltd. | BIS Panorama, Villa Vista | 4.1 | 10900-35,600 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | Security Chimneys International Ltd. | BIS Nova, Ladera | 4.8 | 8,700-25,700 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Security Chimneys International Ltd. | BIS Ultra | 5.1 | 11033-46700 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Security Chimneys International Ltd. | BIS II | 5.3 | 11300-41500 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Security Chimneys International Ltd. | BIS Design No. 1.2 | 5.5 | 14200-55800 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Security Chimneys International Ltd. | BIS Tradition and Montecito Estate | 7.3 | 11,500-39-300 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| x | Selkirk Canada Corporation | Model: HE36 | 0.97 | 6,668-15,290 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| x | Selkirk Canada Corporation | Model HE40 | 5.7 | 11,383-45,459 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Seraph Industries | Genesis 106 | 2.1 | 11,100 - 45,100 | 83.2 | 78 | Pellet |
| | Seraph Industries | Genesis 108 | 2.1 | 11,100 - 45,100 | 83.2 | 78 | Pellet |
| | Sherwood Industries, Ltd. | CH-77, CH-84 | 3.1 | 8000-33800 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | | Envirofire EF2, EF2i, FS and FPI, Hudson River Davenport FS/FPI | 1.25 | 6,500-34,000 | | 78 | Pellet |
| | Sherwood Industries, Ltd. | Boston 1700 | 4.5 | 8000- 65000 | | 63 | |
| | Sherwood Industries, Ltd. | Boston 1200 | 3.3 | 6500- 74000 | | 63 | |
| | Sherwood Industries, Ltd. | Mini | 1.6 | 22,585-30,113 | | 78 | Pellet |
| | Sherwood Industries, Ltd. | Empress FS | 1.86 | 27,827-35,675 | | 78 | Pellet |
| | Sherwood Industries, Ltd. | EMPRESS FPI, Milan FPI | 1.88 | 25,709-30,058 | | 78 | Pellet |
| | | | | | | | |
| | Sherwood Industries, Ltd. | Envirofire - EF3 FS, FPI, EF3Bi FS, Vista Flame VF100 FS | 1.96 | 6,500-40,000 | | 78 | Pellet |
| | Sherwood Industries, Ltd. | Envirofire - Meridian FS & FPI | 1.96 | 6,500-40,000 | | 78 | Pellet |
| | Sherwood Industries, Ltd. | Greenfire GF55, GF155 | 1.96 | 6,500-40,000 | | 78 | Pellet |
| | Sherwood Industries, Ltd. | EF 3, Meridian and VF 100 | 2 | 6,500-40,000 | | 78 | Pellet |
| | Sherwood Industries, Ltd. | M55, M55C, V55 | 2 | 9,263-45,478 | | 78 | Pellet |
| | Sherwood Industries, Ltd. | Meridian | 2.24 | 32,566-42,963 | | 78 | Pellet |
| | Sherwood Industries, Ltd. | Vista Flame 2100 FS, Envirofire 2100 FS | 2.9 | 11800-34000 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Sherwood Industries, Ltd. | osburn | 3.18 | 52,453-60,992 | | 78 | Pellet |
| | Sherwood Industries, Ltd. | Vista Flame Envirofire 2000 | 3.2 | 11000-31100 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Sherwood Industries, Ltd. | Enviro 1200, 1200I, Vista Flame 1200, 1200I, 1200 Venice | 3.3 | 11,500-34,200 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | | | | | | | |
| | Sherwood Industries, Ltd. | Vista Flame 1600 FS, 1600 FPI, Envirofire 1600 FS, 1600 FPI | 3.5 | 11500-33600 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Sherwood Industries, Ltd. | Enviro Fire 1000FS and Vista Flame 1000FS, 1000 | 4.1 | 11700-32700 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | | Enviro Model 1700I, 1700 & Vista Flame 1700I, 1700, 1700 | | | | | |
| | Sherwood Industries, Ltd. | Venice | 4.5 | 9,400-31,800 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Sherwood Industries, Ltd. | Mini | 1.6 | 8,378 - 23,488 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Sherwood Industries, Ltd. | Vista Flame Envirofire 1000 | 6.5 | 10200-30800 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Sherwood Industries, Ltd. | Vista Flame Envirofire 1500 | 7 | 11700-23100 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| x | Sierra Products, Inc. | Sierra Evolution 8000 TEC | 2.5 | 9700-35900 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| x | Sierra Products, Inc. | Evolution Model 7000C | 2.8 | 7700-29400 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| x | Sierra Products, Inc. | Sierra Ambassador 4700 TEC | 3.2 | 10800-42600 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| x | Sierra Products, Inc. | EF-2100 | 5.7 | 11,000-42,900 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| x | Sierra Products, Inc. | Sweet Home AFX-HT, AFI-HT | 6.4 | 11300-28200 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| x | Sierra Products, Inc. | Cricket 5300 | 6.6 | 11000-36400 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| x | Sierra Products, Inc. | Sierra Classic 1500T | 7.5 | 6900-34600 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Stove Builder International Inc. | BIO-45MF, Eco-45, FP-45, Hybrid-45MF | 1.2 | 8,569-29,784 | | 78 | Pellet |
| x | Stove Builder International Inc. | Emerald 2000 | 1.7 | 7500-24500 | | 78 | Pellet |

Actual Measured Efficiency - Per CSA B415.1
Default - Category rating assigned by EPA (The estimated efficiency is a follows: 72% (catalyst-equipped), 63% (non-catalyst equipped), and 78% (wood pellets)). § 60.536(i)(3).

List of EPA Certified Wood Stoves December 2013

| Out of Production | Manufacturer Name | Model Name | Emission Rate G/Hr | Heat Output btu/hr | Actual Measured Efficiency (CSA B415.1) | EPA Estimated (Default) Efficiency | Type |
|-------------------|-----------------------------------|---|--------------------|--------------------|---|------------------------------------|---------------|
| | Stove Builder International Inc. | BIO-35MF, Eco-35, FP-35, Hybrid-35MF | 1.77 | 6,668-15,290 | | 78 | Pellet |
| | Stove Builder International Inc. | Osburn 1100, Osburn 1100-I | 2.9 | 11,000- 35,000 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Stove Builder International Inc. | Caddy, Alterna | 4.2 | 10,142 - 71,014 | | 78 | Pellet |
| | Stove Builder International Inc. | FW3000 | 3.5 | 11,800-32,400 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | | HT 1600-Standard/HT 1600 Deluxe, HT-1600 Siberian, Ashley 1600 | 3.5 | 11200-26400 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Stove Builder International Inc. | Osburn 2400 B | 3.5 | 11900-40900 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Stove Builder International Inc. | Osburn 2400-I, Osburn 2400 FS | 3.5 | 11,900-40,900 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Stove Builder International Inc. | Euromax, Eco-65 | 2.58 | 6,873-34,727 | | 78 | Pellet |
| | Stove Builder International Inc. | HT-2000 Standard/HT-2000 Deluxe/HT-2000 | 3.9 | 11600-60300 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Stove Builder International Inc. | HT2000, Solution 3.4, Ashley 2000 | 3.9 | 11,600-38,700 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| x | Stove Builder International Inc. | 1600 | 4.4 | 11800-42400 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Stove Builder International Inc. | Monaco 2008 | 4.4 | 11479-30,450 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Stove Builder International Inc. | Monaco, Stratford, Solution 2.5, Lafayette | 4.4 | 11,479-30,450 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Stove Builder International Inc. | Osburn 1600, Osburn 1600-I, Ashley 4600, Forrester 4700 | 4.4 | 11,800-42,400 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| x | Stove Builder International Inc. | 1600 B-I/Ashley 4600/Forester 4700 | 4.8 | 11900-35500 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Stove Builder International Inc. | S244, Pyropak, Osburn 900 | 5.3 | 10,600-26,100 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | | Gemini 1500 (With Blower), Adirondack, Savannah, Eldorado, Jurassien, Celtic, Osburn 1500 | 6.2 | 11500-43900 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Stove Builder International Inc. | HE-1800,Escape 1800, Solution 2.3, Solution 2.3-I, XTD1.9, XTD1.9-I, Osburn 2000, Osburn 2000-I, Dundee 1.9 | 6.3 | 11,600-38,700 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Stove Builder International Inc. | HT-1200 and Ashley 1200 | 6.5 | 8300-36000 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Stove Builder International Inc. | HT1200, Ashley 1200 | 6.5 | 8,300-36,000 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | | Gemini 1500 (Without Blower), Adirondack, Savannah, Eldorado, Jurassien, Celtic, Osburn 1500 | 7.5 | 11100-37300 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Stove Builder International Inc. | XTD1.5, XTD1.5-I, Solution 1.8, Solution 1.8-I, Escape 1400-I, Blackcomb, Columbia | 4.3 | 10,800-34,000 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Stove Builder International Inc. | 1.6 Series | 4.02 | 0,852 - 23,272/33 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Stove Builder International Inc. | 1.3 Series | 3.99 | 9,887 - 21.825 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Stove Builder International, Inc. | Osburn 1800, Osburn 1800-I | 2.7 | 9700-36300 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Stove Builder International, Inc. | Osburn 2200, Osburn 2200-I | 2.7 | 11700-30400 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Stove Builder International, Inc. | Apollo, Apollo II | 3.6 | 10600-24700 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| x | Stove Builder International, Inc. | Le Chancelier, NXT-1 and Solution 2.9, Glencoe 2.1 | 4.4 | 11900-29400 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Stove Builder International, Inc. | LeBachelier | 4.9 | 11800-24500 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Stove Builder International, Inc. | New Generation NG 1800/Magnolia 2015 | 5.7 | 11,500-30,800 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Stove Builder International, Inc. | Osburn 1100 | 5.7 | 11000-35000 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Stove Builder International, Inc. | XVR-II, XT-1400 adn XLT-II, Eastwood 1500, Jasper, Clyde 1.6 | 5.9 | 11800-27300 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Stove Builder International, Inc. | XVR-I, XLT-1, Classic, Eastwood 1800 | 6.9 | 11,400-27,500 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Stove Builder International, Inc. | XVR-III, XLT-III, Eastwood, 1900, Millenia | 7.4 | 11,900-34,700 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Stove Builder International, Inc. | Sahara, Kyle 2.0 | 7.5 | 11,000-25,700 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | StoveBuilder International, Inc. | FP-8, Saguenay | 4 | 10,900 -36,900 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | StoveBuilder International, Inc. | FP-9i | 4.2 | 11,600-38,700 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | StoveBuilder International, Inc. | FW2700, Deco, Optima | 4.4 | 11,000-69,500 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | StoveBuilder International, Inc. | CW2500, Solution 2.0-I | 4.7 | 9,600-57,800 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | StoveBuilder International, Inc. | FW2470 | 5 | 12,000- 28,500 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | | Legend, Baltic, Austral, Myriad, Azimuth, Osburn 2300, Magnolia 2015 | 5.7 | 11,500-30,800 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | StoveBuilder International, Inc. | Model HE-1800, XE-1800 & XTD-1.9 | 5.9 | 11600-38700 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | StoveBuilder International, Inc. | Mini-Caddy | 6 | 10,900-36,900 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |

Actual Measured Efficiency - Per CSA B415.1
Default - Category rating assigned by EPA (The estimated efficiency is a follows: 72% (catalyst-equipped), 63% (non-catalyst equipped), and 78% (wood pellets)). § 60.536(i)(3).

List of EPA Certified Wood Stoves December 2013

| Out of Production | Manufacturer Name | Model Name | Emission Rate G/Hr | Heat Output btu/hr | Actual Measured Efficiency | EPA Estimated | Type |
|-------------------|--|--|--------------------|--------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|---------------|
| | | | | | (CSA B415.1) | (Default) Efficiency | |
| | StoveBuilder International, Inc. | Eurostar, Osburn 5000 | 2.18 | 10,301 - 30,456 | 76.51 | 78 | Pellet |
| | StoveBuilder International, Inc. | XTD1.1, XE-1000, Solution 1.6 | 6 | 9900-47300 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | StoveBuilder International, Inc. | 2.3 Series | 3.89 | 11,600 - 32,200 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | StoveBuilder International, Inc. | Caddy, Caddy-on, Tundra, Heatmax | 6.6 | 12,000-52,100 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Stove Builder International Inc. | Olympia | 4.6 | 9,659-26,407 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | Stove Builder International Inc. | Evolution | 3.5 | 8588 - 37,513 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Stove Builder International Inc. | Malibu 1700/2200 | 4.97 | 11,700-29.700 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Stove Builder International Inc. | Rustic 2100 and Tradition 2100 | 4.97 | 11,700-29,700 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Stove Builder International Inc. | Diamant, Diamante Insert | 7.5 | 11,100-26,100 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Stove Builder International Inc. | Rustic/Tradition 1600 | 3.5 | 8588 - 37,513 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Stove Builder International Inc. | EverestEtna/Equinox/Malibu 2000 | 5.6 | 12,588 - 37,513 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Stove Builder International Inc. | EverestEtna/Equinox/Malibu 2500 | 5.9 | 12,588 - 37,513 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Stuv S.A. | 30 Compact | 2.79 | 12,129 - 16,640 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | x Suburban Manufacturing Company | Woodchief W6-88C, Woodmaster W6-88WC | 3.4 | 9500-42500 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | TEC Enterprises | 2000 pellet stove | 4.7 | 11600-22500 | | 78 | Pellet |
| | Thelin Company Inc. | Little Gnome Pellet Stove | 3.28 | 3100-8400 | 76.51 | 78 | Pellet |
| | Thelin Company Inc. | Thelin T-4000 | 3.6 | 9,900-38400 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Thelin Company Inc. | Providence, Providence Signature | 1.2 | 12,839 - 35,680 | | 78 | Pellet |
| | x Thermic Distribution Europe | Efel Symphony 390.74 | 1.8 | 10700-33000 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | x Thermic Distribution Europe | Harmony IIIB | 2.7 | 11,200-57,300 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | x Thermic Distribution Europe | Model S-33,H33,R33,33 | 3.3 | 8,600-37,300 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | x Thermic Distribution Europe | Efel Harmony 386.75 | 3.8 | 7100-51000 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | x Thermic Distribution Europe | Harmony I | 4.4 | 11800-55000 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Thermic Distribution Europe | S43, H43, SP43, C43 | 4.17 | 12,500-39,275 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | x Thermic Distribution Europe | Efel Symphony 387.74 | 5.1 | 10600-49700 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | x Thermic, Inc. | Crossfire FS-1 | 0.5 | 6900-39900 | | 78 | Pellet |
| | x Tianjin Berkeley Furniture Corporation | TR 001 | 4.18 | 9200-28300 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Travis Industries, Inc. | Small Flush Wood Hybrid Fyre | 0.89 | 9,784-31,428 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | x Travis Industries, Inc | Avalon Cottage/Mission | 2.9 | 11600-36500 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | x Travis Industries, Inc | Lopi Sheffield | 3.9 | 10,300-34,400 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | x Travis Industries, Inc | Flush Wood A Fireplace Insert | 4.1 | 11,300-33,400 | 76.51 | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | x Travis Industries, Inc | Lopi Flawless Performance 380, 440 | 7 | 6900-48700 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Travis Industries, Inc. | Avalon Spokane 1750 380-NT & X-NT | 1.94 | 9300-42200 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | x Travis Industries, Inc. | Flush Wood | 2.45 | 12,084 - 29,605 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Travis Industries, Inc. | Lopi Endeavor, Lopi Revere , Lopi Republic 1750, | 1.94 | 9300-42200 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Travis Industries, Inc. | Avalon Rainier 90/Rainier 45 | 2 | 11200-40000 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Travis Industries, Inc. | Fireplace Xtrordinaire Elite 36 Z.C. & B.I. | 2.3 | 11900-47100 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | x Travis Industries, Inc. | Model 44-A BI and Z.C. | 2.3 | 10700-75700 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | Travis Industries, Inc. | Leyden and Avalon Arbor | 2.4 | 10,700-33,900 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Travis Industries, Inc. | Fireplace Xtrordinaire 44 Elite | 2.5 | 11000-45300 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | Travis Industries, Inc. | Avalon Olympic,Liberty, Freedom Bay | 2.6 | 12000-45100 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | x Travis Industries, Inc. | Lopi Flex FS, FL, LX | 2.9 | 10900-31000 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | Travis Industries, Inc. | Avalon Pendelton 90/Pendelton 45 | 3 | 8700-44400 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | x Travis Industries, Inc. | LOPI Answer/Patriot (Formerly Answer-NT) | 3.3 | 12000-41000 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | x Travis Industries, Inc. | Avalon 1000C2 | 3.5 | 7300-47100 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | x Travis Industries, Inc. | Model 36 F | 4 | 11900-55000 | 76.51 | 72 | Catalytic |
| | x Travis Industries, Inc. | Fireplace Xtrordinaire Model 36A | 4.1 | 10300-54700 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | x Travis Industries, Inc. | Flex-95 FL, LX, and FS | 4.1 | 10900-55300 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | x Travis Industries, Inc. | Lopi Elan E1, E2 | 4.3 | 11700-26300 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |

Actual Measured Efficiency - Per CSA B415.1
Default - Category rating assigned by EPA (The estimated efficiency is a follows: 72% (catalyst-equipped), 63% (non-catalyst equipped), and 78% (wood pellets)). § 60.536(i)(3).

List of EPA Certified Wood Stoves December 2013

| Out of Production | Manufacturer Name | Model Name | Emission Rate G/Hr | Heat Output btu/hr | Actual Measured Efficiency (CSA B415.1) | EPA Estimated (Default) Efficiency | Type |
|-------------------|-----------------------------|--|--------------------|--------------------|---|------------------------------------|---------------|
| | | | | | | | |
| | | ANSWER/LOPI PATRIOT/LOPI PARLOR, Republic1250 and | | | | | |
| | Travis Industries, Inc. | Avalon Spokane, Avalon Camano | 4.4 | 11600-38500 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| x | Travis Industries, Inc. | Avalon 901 | 5.2 | 7500-45500 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| x | Travis Industries, Inc. | LOPI 380-96 | 5.2 | 9400-52800 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| x | Travis Industries, Inc. | Avalon 996 | 5.5 | 9500-45600 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| x | Travis Industries, Inc. | Avalon 700 | 5.9 | 9200-39100 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| x | Travis Industries, Inc. | Lopi X Fireplace Insert | 6 | 13600-29100 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| x | Travis Industries, Inc. | Lopi The Answer | 6.7 | 10500-63100 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| x | Travis Industries, Inc. | Lopi Premiere Answer Series PA1, PA2, PA3, PA4,PA5 | 7 | 8000-31500 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| x | Travis Industries, Inc. | Lopi X/96 | 7.2 | 11600-53900 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| x | Travis Industries, Inc. | Avalon 1196, Lopi 520/96, Flush Bay-96 | 7.4 | 11300-43600 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| x | Travis Industries, Inc. | Lopi Elan-96 | 7.4 | 12000-51400 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Travis Industries, Inc. | LG Flushwood Insert Hybrid - Fyre | 0.58 | 8544-35278 | 80.3 | 72 | Catalytic |
| | Travis Industries, Inc. | Cape Cod | 0.45 | 10,749 - 39,413 | 80.1 | 72 | Catalytic |
| | Travis Industries, Inc. | Flushwood Plus | 4.4 | 12000 - 29600 | | 72 | Non Catalytic |
| x | Tri-Fab, Inc. | SunRise P-54 & SunRise PIL-8 | 5 | 10600-26500 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| x | Tri-Fab, Inc. | SunRise P-48-H, P-48-L | 5.5 | 11700-25800 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| x | Tri-Fab, Inc. | SunRise P56 | 6.2 | 10700-39700 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Tulikivi Oyj | Tulikivi Maxi XV 2 | 4.22 | 12,058-38,224 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Tulikivi Oyj | Tulikivi MINI XV 1 | 4.51 | 12,100-38,200 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | United States Stove Company | Ashley CAHF-2, Atlanta ACF-2, King MCF-2 | 1.6 | 12,800 - 38,900 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | United States Stove Company | Ashley AHS2, AHS2B; King KHS2 | 1.9 | 13700-34300 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | United States Stove Company | 2500 ST | 3.1 | 11,576 - 36,295 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | United States Stove Company | Country Hearth 2200I | 5.4 | 27,136 - 69,000 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | United States Stove Company | Ashley AFS24, King K3, cat., freestanding/insert | 2.6 | 10300-34600 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | United States Stove Company | Forester Model 5824 | 4.6 | 7,775 - 15,974 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | United States Stove Company | Clayton Mfg Clay 60B, 70 | 2.7 | 12100-54300 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | United States Stove Company | Ashley C-92 | 3 | 11000-36900 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | United States Stove Company | Wonder Wood (Glass Front) 2921, Sears 143.8417 | 3.3 | 12500-54600 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | United States Stove Company | Bay Insert 4500 | 3.7 | 9600-30700 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | United States Stove Company | Wonder Wood 6000, 2821, Sears 143.8404 | 3.7 | 9100-18700 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | United States Stove Company | ASHLEY NCA-1/KING KPS | 7.16 | 6500-23200 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | United States Stove Company | 6039, 6039 T, 6039 HF, 6039 TP, 6041 | 1.5 | 8,528-29,921 | | 78 | Pellet |
| | United States Stove Company | 5500M, 5500XL, 5500XLT | 1.6 | 9,126-27,677 | | 78 | Pellet |
| | United States Stove Company | Model 2500, SW3100 | 3.06 | 10,100-25,000 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | United States Stove Company | APS 1100B | 5.9 | 10,100-25,000 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | United States Stove Company | 2000, SW2100 | 3.69 | 11,817 - 31,713 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | United States Stove Company | 2400 | 1.13 | 7,315 - 14,033 | | 72 | Non Catalytic |
| | United States Stove Company | 3000 (AFS7500), SW4100 | 1.9 | 11,624 - 38,140 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | United States Stove Company | 3000 FT | 1.9 | 11,624 - 38,140 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | United States Stove Company | Breckwell W3000FS/W3000I | 2.3 | 11,600 - 33,700 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | United States Stove Company | Vogelzang, Ashley, King (5770, VG5770) | 3.17 | 10,898-24,335 | | 78 | Pellet |
| | United States Stove Company | Breckwell (SW740) | 2.47 | 11,057-36,681 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Vermont Castings | Encore 2040 | 1.6 | 9,975 – 33,963 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Vermont Castings | Defiant Encore | 0.6 | 6200-32900 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | Vermont Castings | Encore 1450 N/C | 0.7 | 10,600-24050 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Vermont Castings | Defiant 1910 & 1945 | 0.8 | 10600-44400 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | Vermont Castings | 2370 | 1 | 5700-18300 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | Vermont Castings | Century/Dutchmaster FW and CDW | 1 | 11,800-32,300 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Vermont Castings | Dutchwest Small Convection Heater #2460 | 1.1 | 6600-27300 | | 72 | Catalytic |

Actual Measured Efficiency - Per CSA B415.1
Default - Category rating assigned by EPA (The estimated efficiency is a follows: 72% (catalyst-equipped), 63% (non-catalyst equipped), and 78% (wood pellets)). § 60.536(i)(3).

List of EPA Certified Wood Stoves December 2013

| Out of Production | Manufacturer Name | Model Name | Emission Rate G/Hr | Heat Output btu/hr | Actual Measured Efficiency (CSA B415.1) | EPA Estimated (Default) Efficiency | Type |
|-------------------|-------------------|---|--------------------|--------------------|---|------------------------------------|---------------|
| | | | | | | | |
| | Vermont Castings | Dutchwest Extra Large Convection 2462 | 1.3 | 8300-28000 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | Vermont Castings | FA455 | 1.3 | 10400-26500 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | Vermont Castings | DutchWest Large 2479 | 1.31 | 11,300-26,500 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Vermont Castings | Dutchwest Large Convection Heater (Model 2461) | 1.41 | 10700-29500 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | Vermont Castings | DutchWest Small Model 2460 | 1.41 | 7,800-25,100 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Vermont Castings | DutchWest Medium 2478 | 1.5 | 10,600-25,300 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Vermont Castings | C.D. Lg. Fed. Convection Heater FA264CCL, FA264CCR | 1.6 | 6600-26700 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | Vermont Castings | Defiant Encore 2550 (Formerly 2190) | 1.6 | 8700-41700 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | Vermont Castings | Defiant Encore 2140 | 1.8 | 9000-41300 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | Vermont Castings | Intrepid II Model 1990 | 2.1 | 8300-26700 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | Vermont Castings | Model 2170 | 2.1 | 9400-22800 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | Vermont Castings | WinterWarm Fireplace Insert Model 1280 | 2.1 | 10300-30000 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | Vermont Castings | WinterWarm Small Insert Model 2080 | 2.1 | 8700-31100 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | Vermont Castings | FA264 | 2.2 | 9500-31700 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | Vermont Castings | Intrepid II Model 2070 | 2.4 | 9200-19300 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | Vermont Castings | Model EWF 36A | 2.4 | 11,300-75,500 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | Vermont Castings | C.D. Extra-Lg. Federal Convection Heater FA288CCL | 2.6 | 8400-38700 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | Vermont Castings | EWF36 | 2.7 | 11,800-68,600 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | Vermont Castings | C.D. Small Federal Convection Heater FA224CCL | 2.8 | 7000-30600 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | Vermont Castings | C.D. Rocky Mountain Heater FA211CL | 2.9 | 6800-27800 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | Vermont Castings | Montpelier | 2.9 | 10,094-27,550 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Vermont Castings | Montelier/Stratton | 2.9 | 10094-2727550 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Vermont Castings | Vermont Castings Defiant 1610 | 2.9 | 10,000-30,000 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Vermont Castings | 2370 | 3 | 10,094-27,550 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | Vermont Castings | FA224 | 3.1 | 9100-34800 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | Vermont Castings | FA288 | 3.1 | 7800-29300 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | Vermont Castings | Intrepid II 1308 | 3.1 | 10200-22500 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | Vermont Castings | Intrepid Model 1640 | 3.3 | 8200-19500 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Vermont Castings | Madison Model 1655 | 3.3 | 11,300-39,700 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Vermont Castings | Resolute Acclaim (Model Number 2490) & TLWS1 | 3.4 | 9500-33900 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Vermont Castings | C.D. Federal "A Plus" FA224ACL | 3.5 | 7200-30000 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | Vermont Castings | EWF 30 | 3.5 | 11,100-40,500 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Vermont Castings | C.D. Sequoia FA455 | 3.6 | 8700-60300 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | Vermont Castings | C.D. Adirondack Wood Heater FA267CL | 3.7 | 8400-40000 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | Vermont Castings | WinterWarm Small Insert (model 2370) | 4 | 9250-21500 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | Vermont Castings | Aspen 1920 & Plymouth HWS10 | 4.3 | 9100-18000 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Vermont Castings | C.D. Large Federal Box Heater FA209CL | 4.3 | 9000-25600 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | Vermont Castings | C.D. Small Federal Box Heater FA207CL | 4.3 | 6200-28000 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | Vermont Castings | Campbell/Jacuzzi FW300005-FW300008 & FW300019-FW300027 | 4.4 | 12000-55100 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Vermont Castings | CJW2000L02, JW2000L10, DW2000XXX and JW2000P10 | 4.4 | 12000-55100 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Vermont Castings | JW1500L10 and JW1500P10, FW1500, DW1500 | 4.4 | 10300-29200 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Vermont Castings | S27X/S28X & FW27 Series, CJW1500L02, S27X/S28X & FW27 Series, CJW1500L02, JW1500L10 and JW1500P10, FW1500, DW1500 | 4.4 | 10300-29200 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Vermont Castings | Seville 1635 and 1600 Insert | 4.5 | 9,900-30,800 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Vermont Castings | CW2500X00, CW2500X02, JW2500X00,CJW2500X02, DW2500 and JW2500X10 | 4.7 | 9500-57800 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Vermont Castings | FW247001 to FE247004 and JW1000PF1 | 5 | 11500-18900 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Vermont Castings | Resolute Acclaim 0041 | 5.1 | 8700-30900 | | 72 | Catalytic |

Actual Measured Efficiency - Per CSA B415.1
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List of EPA Certified Wood Stoves December 2013

| Out of Production | Manufacturer Name | Model Name | Emission Rate G/Hr | Heat Output btu/hr | Actual Measured Efficiency (CSA B415.1) | EPA Estimated (Default) Efficiency | Type |
|-------------------|--------------------------------------|---|--------------------|--------------------|---|------------------------------------|---------------|
| | | | | | | | |
| | Vermont Castings | Madison 1650 | 5.5 | 11400-31000 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Vermont Castings | Seville Insert | 5.5 | 10200-27400 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Vermont Castings | Aspen Model 1920 | 6.3 | 10100-26400 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Vermont Castings | Dutchwest 2477 | 1.4 | 7800-25100 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Vermont Castings | Defiant 1975 | 1.1 | 11400-34065 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | Vermont Castings | Savannah SSW30FTAL | 2.5 | 11600-30601 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Vermont Castings | Savannah SSW30FTAPB | 2.5 | 11600-30602 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Vermont Castings | Savannah SSW30STAPB | 2.5 | 11600-30604 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Vermont Castings | Savannah SSW30STAL | 2.5 | 11600-30-603 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Vermont Castings | Savannah SSW30FTPB | 2.5 | 11600-30600 | | 63 | Catalytic |
| | Vermont Castings | Savannah SSI30 | 3.47 | 11000-30600 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Vermont Castings | Savannah SSW40 | 4.3 | 11953-35767 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Vermont Castings | Dutchwest DW270007 | 4.4 | 10300-29201 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Vermont Castings | Dutchwest DW2500X02 | 4.7 | 9500-57801 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Vermont Castings | Dutchwest DW2000L02 | 2.7 | 11800-32301 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Vermont Castings | Dutchwest DW1500L02 | 4.4 | 10300-29201 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Vermont Castings | Dutchwest DW244 | 5.3 | 10600-26101 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Vermont Castings | Dutchwest DW 247001 | 5 | 11500-18901 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Vermont Castings | Dutchwest DW1000L02 | 5.3 | 10600-26101 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Vermont Castings | Dutchwest DW300007 | 2.7 | 11800-32300 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Vermont Castings | Merrimack | 3.6 | 10574-31780 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Vermont Castings | Savannah SSW20 | 3.8 | 11000-45000 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Vermont Castings | Windsor WR244 | 5.3 | 10600-26100 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Vermont Castings | Seville 1630, Stratton | 6.3 | 12000-27300 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| x | Vestal Manufacturing | Vestal Fireplace Insert V-200-I, V-200-P, V-200-L | 2 | 11700-26500 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| x | Vestal Manufacturing | Vestal Radiant Heater V-100 | 2.2 | 9400-27700 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | Vogelzang International Corporation | TR-009B Performer | 3.73 | 11,299-36,089 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Vogelzang International Corporation | TR-009 Performer | 3.89 | 11,299-36,089 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Vogelzang International Corporation | TR-004 Colonial | 4.02 | 11,299-36,089 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Vogelzang International Corporation | Durango TR001 and Model TR002 | 3.6 | 11,299-36,089 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Vogelzang International Corporation | Highlander, Shiloh Insert, Model TR003 | 3.8 | 9000-26300 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Vogelzang International Corporation | TR007 Norwood, TR011 Norwood | 3.2 | 11,913-34,108 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Vogelzang International Incorporated | Defender | 4.18 | 9200-28300 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Wamsler Herd und Ofen GmbH | HOK 10 | 4.6 | 9200-16900 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Waterford Stanley Limited | 104 MK II 31 | 2.9 | 8800-25900 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Waterford Stanley Limited | 100B 90 32 TV | 3.1 | 10800-32400 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Waterford Stanley Limited | 100B 90 32 RV | 3.9 | 10600-26500 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Waterford Stanley Limited | Trinity OA | 3.97 | 11500-43800 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Waterford Stanley Limited | Ashling | 4.1 | 12000-29800 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Waterford Stanley Limited | Erin OA | 4.1 | 10400-30300 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Waterford Stanley Limited | Erin/90 TV | 4.2 | 10500-40900 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Waterford Stanley Limited | Model 100B, 100B O.S.A., Leprechaun | 4.3 | 9000-26700 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Waterford Stanley Limited | Erin/90 TV | 5.7 | 10200-39900 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Waterford Stanley Limited | Trinity 35 | 7 | 11800-39300 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Waterford Stanley Limited | 100B Design 29, Fionn | 7.5 | 7200-27500 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Waterford Stanley Limited | Erin | 7.6 | 11800-41500 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| x | Webco Industries | Marquis 800, 800 XL | 3.6 | 9900-20000 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| x | Weitz & Co., Inc. | Briarwood XE 88 | 6.4 | 12800-34200 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| x | Weitz & Co., Inc. | Briarwood BB, BBI and BBZC | 4.8 | 10600-25300 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| x | Weitz & Co., Inc. | Eagle 88, Pioneer ZC | 6.4 | 12800-22800 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |

Actual Measured Efficiency - Per CSA B415.1
Default - Category rating assigned by EPA (The estimated efficiency is a follows: 72% (catalyst-equipped), 63% (non-catalyst equipped), and 78% (wood pellets)). § 60.536(i)(3).

List of EPA Certified Wood Stoves December 2013

| Out of Production | Manufacturer Name | Model Name | Emission Rate G/Hr | Heat Output btu/hr | Actual Measured Efficiency (CSA B415.1) | EPA Estimated (Default) Efficiency | Type |
|-------------------|-----------------------------------|---|--------------------|--------------------|---|------------------------------------|------------------|
| | | | | | | | |
| x | Weitz & Co., Inc. | Briarwood II 87 | 7.3 | 9900-45900 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| x | Welenco Manufacturing, Inc. | P-1000W | 0.7 | 9600-23900 | | 78 | Pellet |
| | Weso-Aurorahautte GmbH | Prestige 125, 225, 325, 425 | 7.3 | 8900-31200 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Weso-Aurorahautte GmbH | Renaissance 326 | 8 | 9200-32900 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Winrich International | Winrich Pellet Stove | 1.6 | 8500-27900 | | 78 | Pellet |
| x | Winston Stove Company | Model WP-18 | 0.6 | 10000-21300 | | 78 | Pellet |
| x | Winston Stove Company | Model WP-24 | 1.5 | 9700-29400 | | 78 | Pellet |
| | Wiseway Pellet Stoves | GW1949 | 1.9 | 7481-19475 | | 78 | Pellet |
| | Wittus Fire By Design | XEOOS Twinfire | 2.4 | 11,519- 27,432 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Wittus Fire By Design | Shaker Stove | 7.3 | 9,667-29,242 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Wolf Steel Ltd. | NPS45 | 2.4 | 8,827 - 29,023 | | 78 | Pellet |
| | Wolf Steel Ltd. | 1900 series (Napoleon 1900) | 2.9 | 11800-34000 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Wolf Steel Ltd. | Napoleon 2000 | 3.2 | 11000-31100 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Wolf Steel Ltd. | 1400 series (Napoleon 1400, 1400L, 1450,1401) | 3.5 | 11500-33600 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Wolf Steel Ltd. | 2200 series (Timberwolf 2200, 2201) | 3.6 | 12,084-31436 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Wolf Steel Ltd. | 2100 series (Timberwolf) | 3.9 | 11,238-37580 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Wolf Steel Ltd. | 1100 series (Napoleon 1100, 1100L, 1100C, 1150, 1101) | 4.1 | 11700-32700 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Wolf Steel Ltd. | NZ25 | 4.46 | 11200-32300 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Wolf Steel Ltd. | EPA1600C | 5.4 | 12,375-28,127 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Wolf Steel Ltd. | NZ-26 | 5.4 | 11500-27400 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Wolf Steel Ltd. | Napoleon 1000 | 6.5 | 10200-30800 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Wolf Steel Ltd. | Napoleon 1500 | 7 | 11700-23100 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Wolf Steel Ltd. | 1600C-1 | 7.18 | 9,200-33,400 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Wolf Steel Ltd. | TPSI35 | 2.1 | 11,200 - 36,000 | | 78 | Pellet |
| | Wolf Steel Ltd. | NZ3000 | 7.2 | 11129-31436 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Wolf Steel Ltd. | EPI22 | 2.6 | 11129-31436 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Wolf Steel Ltd. | EPI3 | 2.6 | 11,281 - 28,500 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| x | Wolf's Casual Living | BV | 3.8 | 10800-35400 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| x | Wolf's Stoves | BV2 Elite Bay | 2.6 | 11700-46100 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| x | Woodkiln Inc. | Woodkiln WK-23 | 3.8 | 10700-27200 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Woodstock Soapstone Company, Inc. | Catalytic Fireview Soapstone Stove #205 | 1.35 | 10900-42900 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | Woodstock Soapstone Company, Inc. | Paladian Model 202, Paladian Model 203 & Keystone Model 204 | 1.9 | 8500-35000 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | Woodstock Soapstone Company, Inc. | Catalytic Fireview Soapstone Stove #201, Classic #200 | 3.5 | 13200-40000 | | 72 | Catalytic |
| | Woodstock Soapstone Company, Inc. | Progress Hybrid Soapstone Stove #209 | 1.33 | 12,538 - 73,171 | 81 | 78 | Catalytic-Hybrid |
| x | Yunca Heating | Yunca WEGJ E/481 | 5 | 10700-30300 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |
| | Zephyr Stoves, Inc. | View 2.0 | 4.5 | 10,700-34,800 | | 63 | Non Catalytic |

Actual Measured Efficiency - Per CSA B415.1
Default - Category rating assigned by EPA (The estimated efficiency is a follows: 72% (catalyst-equipped), 63% (non-catalyst equipped), and 78% (wood pellets)). § 60.536(i)(3).

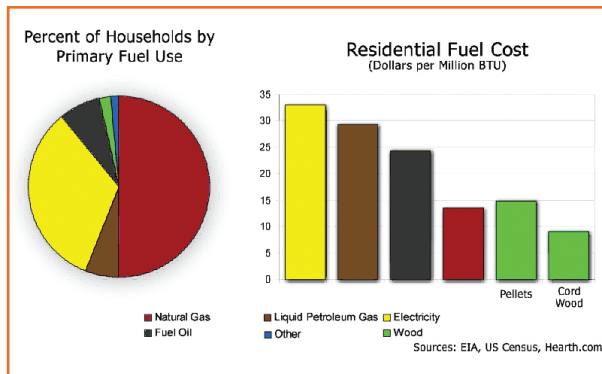
Appendix J

BTEC Residential Heating Fact Sheet

Residential Heating

There are numerous benefits to using biomass instead of fossil fuels like oil, coal, and gas for providing heat for homes, commercial users, and industrial processes.

Space heating represents about 40% of the total energy consumption of the average American home¹. In colder regions such as New England, this number can climb as high as 60% or more². Meaning that the heating choice the homeowners make can have a significant impact on the environment and their heating bills. One often overlooked option that has the capacity to address both of these issues, is heating with biomass.



heating oil. Heating oil is a non-renewable fuel which is derived significantly from foreign markets, not only does the price tend to increase in the long term, but

it can also fluctuate dramatically in the short term; a phenomenon which is becoming more pronounced today than ever before. Using a wood or pellet stove as a secondary source of heat can mitigate the costs associated with these fluctuations. Heating a home solely with biomass can rid a homeowner of these pricing fluctuations altogether.

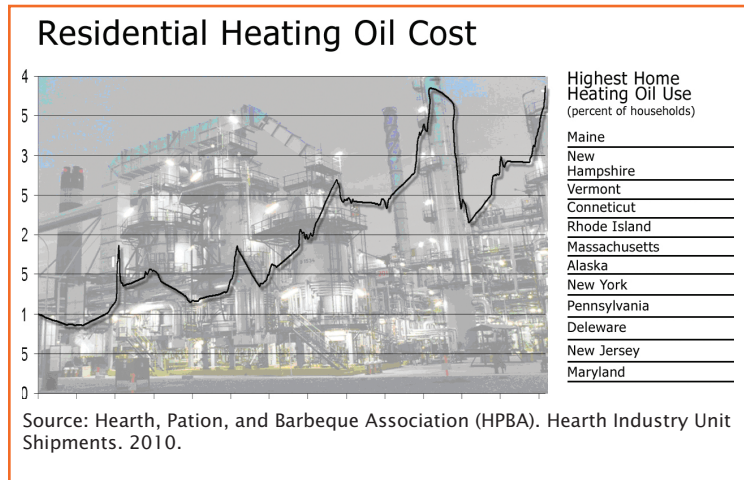
Heating Fuels

As with most energy consumptive sectors, the majority of residential heating is currently being met with non-renewable sources, such as natural gas and fuel oil. These fuels are typically combusted in a furnace or boiler, and are the primary source of heat for the whole house. Depending on the appliance, biomass can provide heat to an entire home in much the same way as a conventional furnace; or it can be used as a secondary heating source. Wood burning stoves can provide primary heating for small homes and are an excellent back-up heat source. Currently, there are about 12 million wood stoves being used in American homes for either primary or secondary heating purposes³.

Regardless of the size of a biomass appliance, the bottom line is that when in use, it can replace or supplement the consumption of fossil fuels.

Heating Oil

Homeowners use biomass to heat their homes for a variety of reasons, but often cost savings is of the greatest priority. From this standpoint biomass is particularly well suited to displace



Appliances^{3,4}

Many people associate wood heating with billowing chimneys and smoky emissions, when in fact visible smoke is merely symptomatic of an inefficient combustion process. Not only have technological advances led to cleaner burning conventional wood stoves, but they have also spawned a new generation of extremely efficient, automated biomass heating appliances.

Fireplaces

Conventional fireplaces represent the lowest efficiency wood burning technology, and are not generally considered a heating appliance at all. Often, it feels warmest directly in front of the fireplace, however the majority of the hot air is being sucked up the chimney. There are, however, a number of models in production which meet EPA's voluntary standard for fireplaces, and are 70% cleaner than older models. A much better option, that lends itself well to older fireplaces, is a fireplace insert; which is essentially a woodstove that fits into the existing space and greatly increases the efficiency of its use by offering more complete combustion and redirecting more heat into the living space.

Wood Stoves

Fireplaces and woodstoves typically burn cordwood, or small logs, an attribute that offers a high degree of fuel cost flexibility, since cordwood can often be purchased locally or self harvested. Modern woodstoves, freestanding units usually made from cast iron or steel, are much more efficient than fireplaces. This is due in part to EPA regulations that went into effect in the early 1990's aimed at significantly reducing emissions from new wood stoves. Stoves belonging to this new generation are intrinsically more efficient because in reducing their emissions, they combust more of the materials that would otherwise escape the flue as particulate pollution. Currently, the EPA maintains a list of over 900 models of certified wood stoves from manufacturers. These models are offered in a range of sizes, styles and applications, and can provide either primary or secondary heating within the home.



Example of a free-standing wood stove. Source: harmanstoves.com

¹ Energy Information Administration, (2009). Residential Energy Consumption Survey: Home Energy Uses and Costs.

² US Census, (2011). American Housing Survey for the United States: 2009.

³ The Alliance for Green Heat, (2009). Available at <http://www.forgreenheat.org/technology>

⁴ Environmental Protection Agency Burnwise Program, (2011). Available at <http://www.epa.gov/burnwise/appliances.html>

⁵ Environmental Protection Agency, (2011). List of EPA Certified Wood Stoves.

Pellet Stoves

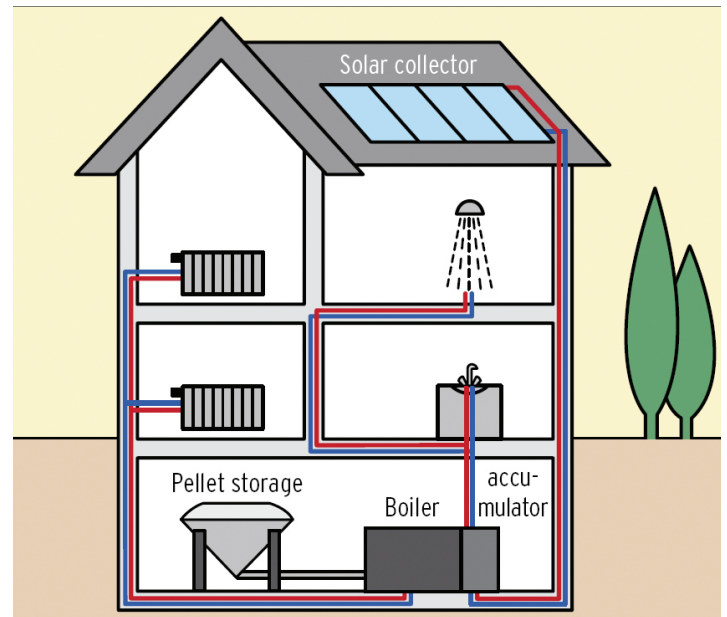
Pellet stoves represent the nexus of convenience, automation, and efficiency. As the name implies, these stoves typically burn wood pellets (uniformly sized condensed biomass) but they can also burn corn kernels. Some units can operate on either type of fuel. The high degree of automation, coupled with the uniform, low-moisture fuel allows for an unprecedented emission profile, high efficiency, and user friendliness. Demand from the user is typically limited to reloading the pellet hopper and intermittently removing ash from the collection bin. Wood and corn pellets can be ordered by the ton and delivered

take advantage of existing ductwork and radiators. Much like pellet stoves, they also can enjoy a high degree of automation which allows for extremely high conversion efficiencies and low emissions. However, many low efficiency and high emission boilers are also available, particularly traditional outdoor wood boilers, and should be avoided. Since pellets have a high energy density and uniformity, their utilization in a central heater is very similar to an oil furnace. The fuel being stored in a bin which is automatically fed into the combustor at the rate required to maintain the temperature dictated by the thermostat. The only additional user input that these systems could require is ash removal and refilling the fuel bin as necessary.

The Future of Biomass Heating

Many European countries represent the future potential of residential biomass heating in the United States. Upper Austria, for example, was highly dependent upon heating oil until the emergence of state policies, technological innovation, and forward-thinking forest owners initiated the growth of the its biomass heating market. Today, upper Austria enjoys a

strong pellet distribution network, which fuels tens of thousands of fully automated residential pellet heating systems⁶. Furthermore, biomass now accounts for 1/3 of the thermal energy use in that region. Meanwhile, pellet production capacity is rapidly expanding in the United States, but so is exportation to European markets. With greater domestic residential heating adoption, the United States can also realize the energy independence,



Schematic of a biomass central heating system. Source: Biomass heating in Upper Austria

environmental mitigation, and financial saving that biomass offers.

Conclusion

Using biomass for residential heating is a simple way to reduce fossil fuel consumption while securing a more energy independent home. The variety of choices concerning both appliances and fuel allows for nearly any homeowner to take advantage of the benefits that heating with biomass can provide.



The work upon which this publication is based was funded in whole or in part through a grant awarded by the Wood Education and Resource Center, Northeastern Area State and Private Forestry, U.S. Forest Service. This institution is an equal opportunity provider.

This fact sheet is available online at www.biomassthermal.org.

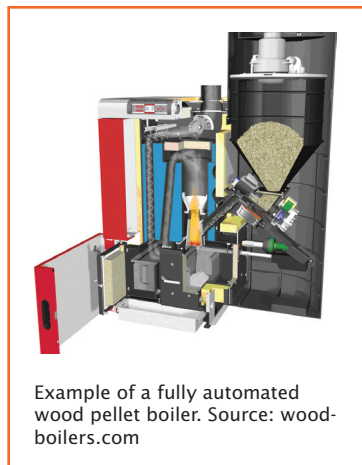
Zone Heating

Wood and pellet stoves are often categorized as zone heaters, meaning that heat is sourced directly from the appliance into the room and adjacent areas. Installing a stove in the highest used 'zone' of the house allows for the thermostat be turned down for the entire home without compromising comfort. This strategy can significantly shrink heating bills and fossil fuel usage alike.

directly to the home, or they can be purchased by the bag (typically 40 lbs) from a variety of vendors including: stove dealers, hardware, home and garden, and feed supply stores.

Wood Furnaces and Boilers

Wood furnaces and boilers are centralized heating systems and can provide both space and water heating. They are used to heat the entire home in much the same fashion as conventional oil and gas systems, and can even



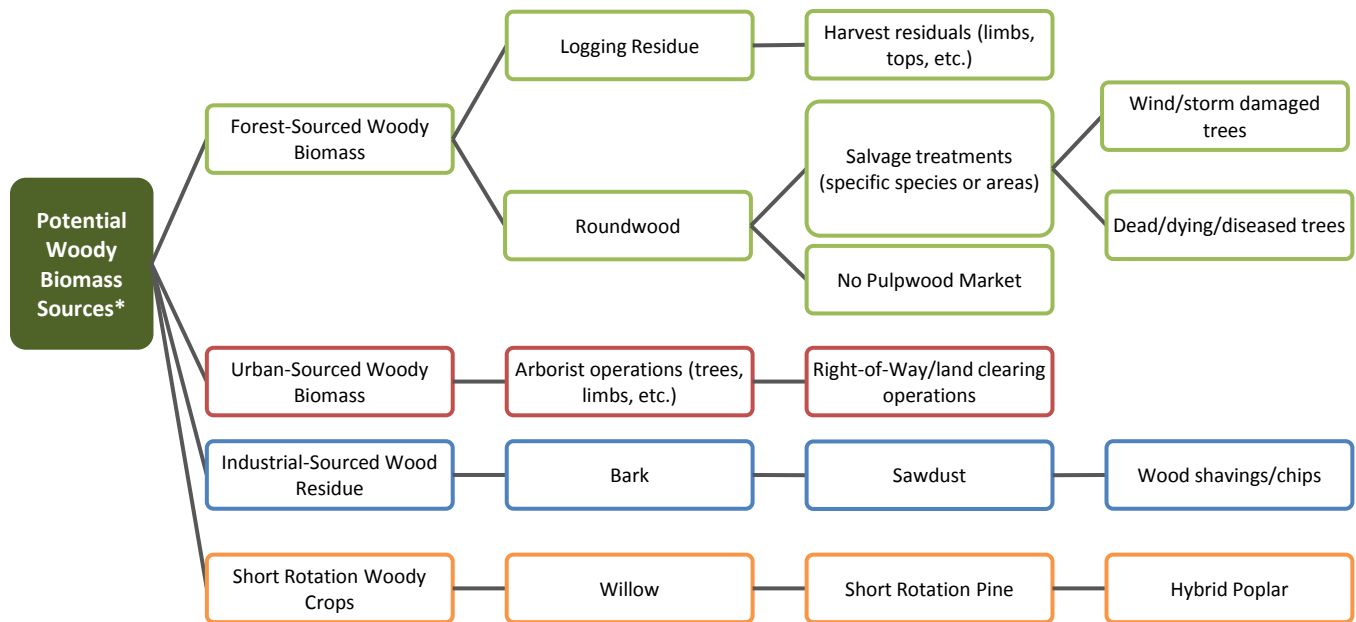
Example of a fully automated wood pellet boiler. Source: wood-boilers.com

⁶ Egger, C. et. al. (2010). Biomass Heating in Upper Austria. O.O. Energiesparverband.

Appendix K

Potential Woody Biomass Sources

POTENTIAL WOODY BIOMASS SOURCES



*Adapted from Kittler et al., 2010²

Appendix L

Preliminary List of Public and Private Facilities for Biomass Heating

List of facilities that should be considered for conversion to biomass heating.

| COUNTY FACILITIES | |
|---|------------------|
| Crawford County Courthouse | Prairie du Chien |
| Crawford County Admin Bldg | Prairie du Chien |
| Crawford County Highway Department | Seneca |
| Crawford County Sheriff's Office | Prairie du Chien |
| Monroe County Courthouse | Sparta |
| Monroe County Administrative Center | Sparta |
| Monroe County Community Services Center | Sparta |
| Monroe County Highway Office | Sparta |
| Monroe County Highway Office | Sparta |
| Monroe County Highway Office | Tomah |
| Monroe County Highway Office | Wilton |
| Monroe County Highway Office | Cashton |
| Monroe County Sheriff's Department | Sparta |
| Vernon Cnty-Erlandson Office Building | Viroqua |
| Vernon Memorial Hospital | Viroqua |
| Courthouse Annex | Viroqua |
| Vernon Cnty-Land & Water Conservation Bldg | Viroqua |
| Vernon County Sheriff's Office | Viroqua |
| Health & Human Services Community Services Building | Richland Center |
| Richland County Courthouse | Richland Center |
| Symons Recreation Complex | Richland Center |
| Richland County Highway Shop | Richland Center |
| Pine Valley Healthcare and Rehabilitation | Richland Center |
| Land Conservation Department | Richland Center |
| LIBRARIES | |
| Gays Mills Public Library | Gays Mills |
| Joseph W & Emma L Wachute Memorial Library | Prairie du Chien |
| Soliders Grove Public Library | Soldiers Grove |
| Cashton Memorial Library | Cashton |
| Kendall Public Library | Kendall |
| Norwalk Public Library | Norwalk |
| Sparta Free Library | Sparta |
| Tomah Public Library | Tomah |
| Wilton Public Library | Wilton |
| Knutson Memorial Library | Coon Valley |
| La Farge New Library | LaFarge |
| DeSoto Public Library | DeSoto |
| Hillsboro Public Library | Hillsboro |
| Lawton Memorial Library | La Farge |
| Ontario Public Library | Ontario |
| Readstown Public Library | Readstown |
| McIntosh Memorial Library | Viroqua |
| Bekkum Memorial Public Library | Westby |
| Viola Public Library | Viola |
| Brewer Public Library | Richland Center |
| Lone Rock Community Library | Lone Rock |

| SCHOOLS (Public & Private) | |
|---|------------------|
| BA Kennedy School | Prairie du Chien |
| Bluff View Elementary and Intermediate | Prairie du Chien |
| Mighty River Acad--Virtual Edu | Prairie du Chien |
| Bible Baptist Academy | Prairie du Chien |
| Prairie Catholic Schools | Prairie du Chien |
| Prairie du Chien High School | Prairie du Chien |
| Wyalusing Academy | Prairie du Chien |
| Seneca Elementary | Seneca |
| Seneca Jr High School | Seneca |
| Seneca High School | Seneca |
| North Crawford Elementary | Soldiers Grove |
| North Crawford High School | Soldiers Grove |
| Wauzeka Elementary | Wauzeka |
| Wauzeka Middle | Wauzeka |
| Wauzeka High School | Wauzeka |
| Warrens Walk-In Clinic | Warrens |
| Gundersen Lutheran Medical Ctr-Sparta | Sparta |
| Cashton Public Schools - High School | Cashton |
| Cashton Public Schools - Elementary | Cashton |
| Cataract Elementary School | Sparta |
| Sacred Heart School | Cashton |
| Norwalk-Ontario-Wilton Elementary School | Ontario |
| Norwalk-Ontario-Wilton High School | Ontario |
| Sparta Meadowview Schools | Sparta |
| Cartaract Elementary | Sparta |
| Lakeview Montessori School | Sparta |
| Lawrence Lawson Elementary School | Sparta |
| Maplewood Elementary School | Sparta |
| Southside Elementary School | Sparta |
| Sparta High School | Sparta |
| Administrative and Educational Center | Sparta |
| Timber PUPS Learning Center | Tomah |
| LaGrange Elementary | Tomah |
| Lemonweir Elementary | Tomah |
| Miller Elementary | Tomah |
| Oakdale Elementary | Tomah |
| Warrens Elementary | Warrens |
| Wyeville Elementary | Wyeville |
| SAILS Sparta Alt Indep Lrn Sch | Sparta |
| Sparta Mennonite School | Sparta |
| St. Mary Grade School | Tomah |
| St. Patrick's Grade School | Sparta |
| St. Paul Lutheran School | Tomah |
| Tomah Baptist Academy | Tomah |
| Tomah Middle School | Tomah |
| Tomah High School | Tomah |
| Robert Kupper Learning Center | Tomah |
| Coon Valley Elementary | Coon Valley |
| De Soto Middle School | De Soto |
| De Soto High School | De Soto |
| Prairie View Elementary School | De Soto |
| English Lutheran School | Viroqua |
| Hillsboro Elementary and Middle School | Hillsboro |
| Hillsboro High School | Hillsboro |
| La Farge Elementary School | La Farge |
| La Farge Middle School | La Farge |
| La Farge High School | La Farge |
| St. Charles Elementary School | Genoa |
| St. Matthews Lutheran School | Stoddard |
| Stoddard Elementary | Stoddard |
| Kickapoo ElementarySchool | Viola |
| Kickapoo High School | Viola |
| Pleasant Ridge Waldorf School | Viroqua |
| Viroqua Elementary School | Viroqua |
| Viroqua Middle School | Viroqua |
| Viroqua High School | Viroqua |
| Youth Initiative High School | Viroqua |
| Cornerstone Christian Academy | Viroqua |
| Westby Elementary School | Westby |
| Westby Middle School | Westby |
| Westby High School | Westby |
| Doudna Elementary | Richland Center |
| Ithaca Elementary, Middle and High School | Richland Center |
| Ithaca High School | Richland Center |
| Lincoln Elementary | Richland Center |
| Richland Middle School | Richland Center |
| Richland Center High School | Richland Center |

| MEDICAL FACILITIES & NURSING HOMES/RESIDENTIAL CARE FACILITIES | |
|---|------------------|
| Franciscan Skemp Health Care Prairie du Chien Clinic | Prairie du Chien |
| Gundersen Lutheran Prairie du Chien Clinic | Prairie du Chien |
| Prairie du Chien Memorial Hospital | Prairie du Chien |
| Prairie Health Care Center | Prairie du Chien |
| Scenic Bluffs CommunityHealth | Cashton |
| Franciscan Skemp Health Care - Lake Tomah Clinic | Tomah |
| Gundersen Lutheran-Tomah Clinic | Tomah |
| Scenic Bluffs Community Center-Norwalk | Norwalk |
| Mayo Clinic Health System - Franciscan Health Care in Sparta | Sparta |
| Tomah Memorial Hospital | Tomah |
| Rolling Hills Rehabilitation Center | Sparta |
| Tomah Nursing and Rehabilitation Center | Tomah |
| Morrow Memorial Home | Sparta |
| Sannes Skogdalen | Soldiers Grove |
| Gundersen Lutheran Hillsboro Clinic | Hillsboro |
| Gundersen Lutheran Viroqua Clinic | Viroqua |
| LaFarge Medical Clinic | La Farge |
| Hirsch Clinic | Viroqua |
| Bland Clinic | Westby |
| Viola Health Services | Viola |
| Gundersen St. Joseph's Hospital and Clinics Hillsboro | Hillsboro |
| Kickapoo Valley Medical Clinic | Soldiers Grove |
| St. Joseph's Nursing Home | Hillsboro |
| Bethel Home and Services, Inc. | Viroqua |
| Vernon Manor | Viroqua |
| Norseland Nursing Home | Westby |
| Bethany Parkside Elderly Group Home | La Farge |
| Davis Duehr Dean - Richland Center | Richland Center |
| The Richland Hospital, Inc. | Richland Center |
| Schmitt Woodland Hills, Inc. | Richland |
| Richland Medical Center LTD | Richland Center |

| HIGHER LEARNING CENTERS | |
|--|------------------|
| Upper Iowa University- PDC Campus | Prairie du Chien |
| Western Technical College - Tomah Campus | Tomah |
| Western Wis Technical College - Viroqua Campus | Viroqua |
| University of Wisconsin-Richland | Richland Center |

| STATE/FEDERAL FACILITIES | LOCATION |
|---|------------------|
| National Guard Armory - PDC | Prairie du Chien |
| Tomah VA Medical Center | Tomah |
| Fort McCoy Fire Department | Fort McCoy |
| Veterans Administration | Tomah |
| Fort McCoy | Fort McCoy |
| Prairie du Chien Correctional Institute | Prairie du Chien |
| National Guard Armory-Viroqua | Viroqua |
| Kickapoo Reserve Visitors Center | La Farge |

| INDUSTRY | |
|---------------------------------|----------|
| Organic Valley | Vernon |
| Gile Cheese-Carr Cheese Factory | Grant |
| Mt. Sterling Cheese Co-op | Crawford |
| K&K Cheese | Monroe |
| Old Country Cheese | Monroe |
| Morning Glory Farms | Vernon |
| Westby Co-op Creamery | Vernon |
| Three Bears Resort | Monroe |

Biomass Thermal Utilization (BTU) Act of 2013 (S. 1007, H.R. 2715)

Co-sponsors: Senators King (I-ME), Collins, (R-ME), Shaheen (D-NH), Franken (D-MN), Merkley (D-OR), and Sanders (I-VT), and Representatives Michaud (D-ME2), Welch (D-VT), Gibson (NY-19), Kuster (NH-2), Nolan (MN-8), and Owens (NY-21)

What is thermal biomass?

A thermal biomass system is a stove, furnace or boiler that runs on biomass fuels such as wood pellets and chips, solid wood or agricultural residues. The system produces thermal energy for heating residential, commercial and industrial buildings, as well as process heat for industrial applications.

Wood pellets, chips and solid wood are the most common fuels for biomass heating systems, although agricultural wastes will see growth in the future.

Wood pellets are generally made from wood waste, condensed under heat and pressure, with no additives. They have high energy density, low moisture content, and are as easy to transport and use as traditional fossil fuels. Wood chips offer a

slightly less refined form of biomass fuel, but also allow for easy transport and storage.

Advanced combustion technologies allow the use of biomass fuels with very high efficiencies and low emissions. Leading technologies have been developed in Europe, but are now entering the U.S. market. Domestic U.S. manufacturers are also developing advanced technologies.



A biomass thermal system can provide hot air, water, and process heat

What are the economic and environmental benefits of renewable thermal biomass?

These technologies utilize fuels and feedstocks that support forest- and agricultural-based economic development in rural regions. Many rural regions are dependent on imported fossil heating fuels such as oil and propane, and do not have access to natural gas. Locally produced biomass fuels can displace dependence on these expensive imported fuels, thereby keeping fuel dollars local and greatly reducing heating costs.

Wood pellet and chip manufacturing, as well as dedicated production of agricultural feedstocks for thermal applications can help revitalize economies in

regions that have been impacted by decline in forest industry or agriculture. Biomass thermal creates and helps retain JOBS.

Biomass fuels are low carbon and result in net reduction of greenhouse gas emissions when displacing high carbon intensity fuels such as heating oil. In addition, the use of wood fuels reduces sulfur emissions that contribute to acid rain.

The use of biomass fuels produced in America helps strengthen American energy independence and security.

Why is the BTU Act important?

The BTU Act adds high efficiency biomass thermal technologies to the list of renewable energy technologies that current benefit from investment tax credits under section 25D (residential) and Section 48 (commercial/industrial) of the tax code. This investment credit currently applies to solar thermal and geothermal technologies, but not to biomass thermal. The BTU Act corrects this oversight. The BTU Act only qualifies the most efficient and advanced technologies for the credit.

Investment credits are needed for advanced biomass thermal technologies because of their comparatively

high up front capital cost. This "capital hurdle" must be overcome to build the market and gain economies of scale that will bring system costs down. Similar policy has been very effective in reducing the cost of solar (PV and thermal) and geothermal technologies.



Biomass fuels can be conveniently delivered in bulk

Who supports the BTU Act?

Alliance for Green Heat
American Boiler Manufacturers Association
American Forest Foundation
Aroostook Partnership for Progress
Biomass Energy Resource Center
Biomass Thermal Energy Council
Central Oregon Intergovernmental Council
Development Council
Forest Guild
Hardwood Federation
Heating the Midwest with Renewable Biomass
International District Energy Association
Maine Pellet Fuels Association
Mt. Adams Resource Stewards

National Association of Forest Service Retirees
National Association of State Foresters
National Network of Forest Practitioners
New York Biomass Energy Alliance
North Country Resource Conservation and Development Council
Northeast Biomass Thermal Working Group
Northern Forest Center
Oregon Department of State Forestry
Pellet Fuels Institute
Pennsylvania Biomass Energy Association
Society of American Foresters
Sustainable Northwest
Vermont Energy Investment Corporation
Watershed Research & Training Center

Biomass Thermal Utilization (BTU) Act of 2013

Senator Angus King

Summary

The BTU Act of 2013 seeks to recognize and promote the many economic and environmental benefits that biomass thermal energy provides by opening the door to two sections of the Internal Revenue Code that already incentivize renewable energy. Currently, a host of renewable energy technologies qualify for investment tax credits for capital costs incurred in residential and commercial installations. Simply, this legislation seeks to achieve parity between thermal biomass and other renewable systems.

Section 1: The title underscores that heat from biomass is an underutilized energy source in this country. Converting biomass—in the form of agricultural crop waste, wood chips, pellets or sawmill residuals—into thermal energy is one of the most efficient uses of this resource. Biomass heating systems now entering the marketplace operate at efficiency levels of 80 percent or higher.

Section 2, Residential Tax Credit: This provision adds biomass fuel property to the list of existing technologies that qualify for the residential renewable energy investment tax credit in Section 25d of the Internal Revenue Code. To qualify, the biomass fuel property must operate at a thermal efficiency rate of at least 75 percent and be used to either heat space within the dwelling or heat water.

Included in this section is a broad definition of “biomass fuel.” The term applies both to agricultural and woody biomass, wood processing residues and wastes and grasses. Essentially, any plant derived fuel that is available on a recurring and renewable basis is eligible, including densified biomass fuel.

This provision would apply to expenses incurred in years following 2013. The existing 25d tax credit expires at the end of 2016.

Section 3, Industrial Investment Tax Credit: This provision adds open-loop biomass heating property to the list of existing technologies that qualify for the commercial renewable energy investment tax credit in Section 48 of the Internal Revenue Code. Qualifying biomass heating property must operate at thermal output efficiencies of at least 65 percent (higher heating value) and be used to generate heat, hot water, steam or industrial process heat.

The credit specified in this section is two tiered. For those technologies that operate at thermal output efficiencies between 65 percent and 80 percent, the investment tax credit is limited to 15 percent of installed capital cost. Technologies operating at thermal output efficiencies greater than 80 percent would be eligible for the full 30 percent investment tax credit under Section 48.

The existing section 48 investment tax credit expires at the end of 2016.

113TH CONGRESS
1ST SESSION

S. _____

To amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to include biomass heating appliances for tax credits available for energy-efficient building property and energy property.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

Mr. KING introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on _____

A BILL

To amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to include biomass heating appliances for tax credits available for energy-efficient building property and energy property.

1 *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-*
2 *tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

3 **SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.**

4 This Act may be cited as the “Biomass Thermal Uti-
5 lization Act of 2013” or the “BTU Act of 2013”.

1 **SEC. 2. RESIDENTIAL ENERGY-EFFICIENT PROPERTY**
2 **CREDIT FOR BIOMASS FUEL PROPERTY EX-**
3 **PENDITURES.**

4 (a) ALLOWANCE OF CREDIT.—Subsection (a) of sec-
5 tion 25D of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 is amend-
6 ed—

7 (1) by striking “and” at the end of paragraph
8 (4),

9 (2) by striking the period at the end of para-
10 graph (5) and inserting “, and”, and

11 (3) by adding at the end the following new
12 paragraph:

13 “(6) 30 percent of the qualified biomass fuel
14 property expenditures made by the taxpayer during
15 such year.”.

16 (b) QUALIFIED BIOMASS FUEL PROPERTY EXPENDI-
17 TURES.—Subsection (d) of section 25D of the Internal
18 Revenue Code of 1986 is amended by adding at the end
19 the following new paragraph:

20 “(6) QUALIFIED BIOMASS FUEL PROPERTY EX-
21 PENDITURE.—

22 “(A) IN GENERAL.—The term ‘qualified
23 biomass fuel property expenditure’ means an
24 expenditure for property—

25 “(i) which uses the burning of bio-
26 mass fuel to heat a dwelling unit located in

1 the United States and used as a residence
2 by the taxpayer, or to heat water for use
3 in such a dwelling unit, and

4 “(ii) which has a thermal efficiency
5 rating of at least 75 percent (measured by
6 the higher heating value of the fuel).

7 “(B) BIOMASS FUEL.—For purposes of
8 this section, the term ‘biomass fuel’ means any
9 plant-derived fuel available on a renewable or
10 recurring basis, including agricultural crops and
11 trees, wood and wood waste and residues,
12 plants (including aquatic plants), grasses, resi-
13 dues, and fibers. Such term includes densified
14 biomass fuels such as wood pellets.”.

15 (c) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by
16 this section shall apply to expenditures paid or incurred
17 in taxable years beginning after December 31, 2013.

18 **SEC. 3. INVESTMENT TAX CREDIT FOR BIOMASS HEATING**
19 **PROPERTY.**

20 (a) IN GENERAL.—Subparagraph (A) of section
21 48(a)(3) is amended by striking “or” at the end of clause
22 (vi), by inserting “or” at the end of clause (vii), and by
23 inserting after clause (vii) the following new clause:

24 “(viii) open-loop biomass (within the
25 meaning of section 45(c)(3)) heating prop-

erty, including boilers or furnaces which operate at thermal output efficiencies of not less than 65 percent (measured by the higher heating value of the fuel) and which provide thermal energy in the form of heat, hot water, or steam for space heating, air conditioning, domestic hot water, or industrial process heat, but only with respect to periods ending before January 1, 2017.”.

(b) 30 PERCENT AND 15 PERCENT CREDITS.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Subparagraph (A) of section 48(a)(2) is amended—

(A) by redesignating clause (ii) as clause (iii),

(B) by inserting after clause (i) the following new clause:

“(ii) except as provided in clause (i)(V), 15 percent in the case of energy property described in paragraph (3)(A)(viii), and”, and

(C) by inserting “or (ii)” after “clause (i)” in clause (iii), as so redesignated.

(2) INCREASED CREDIT FOR GREATER EFFICIENCY.—Clause (i) of section 48(a)(2)(A) is amended by striking “and” at the end of subclause

1 (III) and by inserting after subclause (IV) the fol-
2 lowing new subclause:

3 “(V) energy property described in
4 paragraph (3)(A)(viii) which operates
5 at a thermal output efficiency of not
6 less than 80 percent (measured by the
7 higher heating value of the fuel),”.

8 (c) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by
9 this section shall apply to periods after the date of the
10 enactment of this Act, in taxable years ending after such
11 date, under rules similar to the rules of section 48(m) of
12 the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (as in effect on the
13 day before the date of the enactment of the Revenue Rec-
14 onciliation Act of 1990).



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